

THIRUVALLUVAR UNIVERSITY

BACHELOR OF ARTS

B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

DEGREE COURSE

CBCS PATTERN

(With effect from 2017 – 2018)

The Course of Study and the Scheme of Examinations

S. No.	Part	Study Components		Ins. hrs/ week	Credit	Title of the Paper	Maximum Marks		TOTAL
		Course Title					CIA	Uni. Exam	
SEMESTER I									
1	I	Language	Paper-1	6	4	Tamil/other Languages	25	75	100
2	II	English	Paper-1	6	3	English	25	75	100
3	III	Core Theory	Paper -1	4	5	Political Theory	25	75	100
4	IV	Core Theory	Paper-2	5	5	History of India from 1707AD to 1885 AD	25	75	100
5	V	Allied	Paper-1	6	3	Constitution of India	25	75	100
6	VI	Environmental Studies	Paper- 1	2	2	Environmental studies	25	75	100
		Total			22		150	450	600
SEMESTER II									
7	I	Language	Paper-2	6	4	Tamil/other Languages	25	75	100
8	II	English	Paper-2	4	3	English	25	75	100
9	III	Core Theory	Paper-3	4	5	Organs of Government and Political Process	25	75	100
10	IV	Core Theory	Paper-4	5	5	Human Rights	25	75	100
11	V	Allied	Paper-2	6	3	Public Relations	25	75	100
12	VI	Value Education	Paper 1	2	2	Value Education	25	75	100
13	VII	Soft Skill	Paper 1	2	2		25	75	100
		Total			24		175	525	700
SEMESTER III									
13	I	Language	Paper-3	6	4	Tamil/other Languages	25	75	100

14	II	English	Paper-3	6	3	English	25	75	100
15	III	Core Theory	Paper-5	3	4	Modern Government- I (UK,USA & Switzerland)	25	75	100
16	IV	Core Theory	Paper-6	3	4	Western Political Thought-I (Plato, Machiavelli)	25	75	100
17	V	Allied-III	Paper-3	6	3	History 1885-2001	25	75	100
		Skill Based Subject	Paper-1	3	2	Development Administration	25	75	100
18	VI	NME-I	Paper 1	3	3	Indian National Movement	25	75	100
		Total			23		175	525	700
SEMESTER IV									
19	I	Language	Paper-4	6	4	Tamil/other Languages	25	75	100
20	II	English	Paper-4	6	3	English	25	75	100
21	III	Core Theory	Paper-7	6	5	Modern Government –I (France, China, Japan)	25	75	100
22	IV	Core Theory	Paper-8	6	5	Western Political Thought II	25	75	100
23	V	Allied-IV	Paper-4	4	3	Principles of Public Administration	25	75	100
	VI	Skill Based Subject	Paper-2	3	2	International Organization	25	75	100
24	VII	NME-II	Paper 2	2	2	Judicial System in India	25	75	100
		Total			24		175	525	700
SEMESTER V									
25	I	Core Theory	Paper-9	6	5	Government and Politics in Tamil Nadu	25	75	100
26	II	Core Theory	Paper-10	6	5	Contemporary Political Ideologies	25	75	100
27	III	Core Theory	Paper-11	6	5	Modern Political Theory	25	75	100
28	IV	Core Theory	Paper-12	6	5	Indian Political System	25	75	100
	V	Elective	Paper -1	3	2	Social Welfare Administration	25	75	100
29	VI	Skill Based Subject	Paper-3	3	3	NGO Management	25	75	100
		Total			25		150	450	600
SEMESTER VI									
30	I	Core Theory	Paper-13	6	4	Indian Political Thought	25	75	100
31	II	Core Theory	Paper-14	6	4	E. Governance	25	75	100

32	III	Core Theory	Paper-15	6	4	Citizen and Civic Engagement	25	75	100
33	IV	Elective -I	Paper-2	4	3	International Relations	25	75	100
34	V	Elective- II	Paper-3	4	3	Parliamentary System in India	25	75	100
35	VI	Skill Based Subject	Paper-4	4	3	Local Government	25	75	100
36	VII	Extension Activities	Paper -1	0	1	Extension Activities	100	0	100
		Total			22		250	450	700
			36		140				3600

THRUVALUVAR UNIVERSITY

B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

SYLLABUS

UNDER CBCS

(With effect from 2017 - 2018 onwards)

SEMESTER – I

Core Paper – 1

POLITICAL THEORY

UNIT – I

Introduction - Definition, Meaning and Scope of Political Science – State- Definition and Meaning- Elements of States- State and Nation- the Distinctive features of the State- State and its functions.

UNIT – II

Theories of Origin of State - Theory of Divine Origin - Theory of Force - The Patriarchal Theory - The Matriarchic Theory – The Evolutionary Theory – Social Contract Theory of Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau

UNIT –III

Basic Political Concepts - Sovereignty – Monistic and Pluralistic theories- Merits and Defects – Law – Nature of Law – Source of Law – Liberty – Meaning, Civil Liberty and Political Liberty- Safe Guards of Liberty – Equality – Meaning extent of Equality in Modern State – Equality and Liberty.

UNIT – IV

Forms of Government -Democracy – Definition, Meaning and Principles- Merits and Demerits of Democracy – Classification of Government; Unitary and Federal, Parliamentary and Presidential forms of Government – Legislative – Executive – Judiciary.

UNIT – V

Public Opinion, Political Parties and Pressure Group -Meaning, Nature, Type and Agents of Public Opinion – Political Parties, their Types and Functions – Election – Importance of Election – Franchise - Qualifications – Conditions for Good Electoral Process – Pressure Groups.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. R.C Johari, **Modern Political Theory**, Wisdom Press, New Delhi, 2011
2. S.K Rathod, **Principles of Political Science**, Arise Publishers, New Delhi, 2012
3. V.D. Mahajan, **Political Theory**, S.Chand & Co, New Delhi, 2012.

Core Paper – 2

HISTORY OF INDIA FROM 1707 AD TO 1885 AD

UNIT –I

Arrival of Europeans- Anglo- French Rivalry- Karnatic wars- Third Battle of Panipat.

UNIT – II

Expansion and Consolidation of Colonial Power: (A) Mercantilism, Foreign Trade and Early Forms of Extractions From Bengal. (B) Dynamics of Expansion, With Special Reference to Bengal, Mysore, Western India, Awadh, Punjab, and Sindh.

UNIT-III

Colonial state and Ideology: (a) Arms of the colonial state: army, policy, law. (b) Ideologies of the Raj and racial attitudes. (c) Education: indigenous and ‘modern’.

UNIT-IV

Robert Clive-Warren Hastings-Cornwallis-Wellesley-Warran Hastings and Bentick-Raja Ram Mohan Roy- Ranjit Singh.

UNIT – V

Popular Resistance: (a) Santhal uprising (1857); Indigo rebellion (1860); Pabna agrarian leagues (1873); Deccan riots (1875). Uprising of 1857 – Acts between 1773 to 1861-formation of Indian national congress in 1885.

MAPS:

1. Portuguese settlements in India
2. Early English Factories
3. British India Under Warren Hastings
4. British India under Wellesley
5. British India under Dalhousie
6. Places connected the event of 1857.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Roy Chaudhry, S.C. **History of Modern India**, Surjeet Publications, 2006 New Delhi.
2. Mahajan V.D. **India Since 1526**, S.Chand &Co. Pvt. Ltd, 1984, New Delhi.
3. Agarwal, R.C., **Constitutional Development and National Movement of India**, S. Chand &Co Pvt. Ltd, 1984, New Delhi.
4. S.Bandopadhyay, **From Plasey to Partition**, New Delhi: Orient Longman, 2004.

Allied

Paper - 1

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

UNIT – I

Constitution - Philosophy and Sources of Indian Constitution, Features, Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and Directive Principles of State Policy.

UNIT – II

Federalism and Decentralization -Federalism, Division of Powers, Quasi – Federal, Emergency Provisions

UNIT-III

Legislature -Legislature Composition, Parliamentary Democracy, Functions.

UNIT-IV

Executive- Types, Functions of Executive, Nominal and Real Executive, Council Of Ministers.

UNIT-V

Judiciary -Judiciary and Its Functions, Independent Judiciary, Judicial Review, Judicial Activism.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. G. Austin, **The Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation**, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1966.
2. D.D. Basu, **An Introduction to the Constitution of India**, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1994.
3. P.Brass, **Politics of Indian since Independence**, Orient Longman, Hyderabad, 1990.
4. R.Kothari, **Politics in India**, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1970.

SEMESTER – II

Core Paper – 3

ORGANS OF GOVERNMENT AND POLITICAL PROCESS

UNIT - I

Constitution: Types – Written – Unwritten – Rigid – Flexible – Amendment – Nature of State – Unitary – Federal.

UNIT - II

Organs of Government: Legislature – Powers and Functions – Types of Legislature – Unicameral – Bicameral. The Executive – Types – Parliamentary – Presidential – Nominal Head – Real Head – Collegiate Executive – Functions and Powers of Executive.

UNIT - III

Judicial System: The Supreme Court – High Courts – Composition – Jurisdiction and Functions – Judicial Review – Judicial Activism – Independence of Judiciary.

UNIT - IV

Elections System: Electorate – Universal Suffrage – Method of Elections – Direct and Indirect Elections – Constituency – Representation of Minorities – Essential of Good Electoral System.

UNIT - V

Political System: Types of Party – Bi-Party – Multi Party – Pressure and Interest Groups – Public Opinion – Role of Mass Media.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Amal Ray & Mohit Bhattacharya, **Political Theory: Ideas & Institutions**, The World Press Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata, 2004.
2. A. Appadurai, **The Substance of Politics**, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2000.
3. A.C. Kapoor, **Principles of Political Science**, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2008.

Core Paper – 4

HUMAN RIGHTS

UNIT - I

Introduction - Meaning, Nature and Scope of Human Rights, Need for the Study of Human Right, Human Rights Education.

UNIT - II

Classification - Classification of Human Rights, First Generation, Second Generation and Third generation of Rights, Theories of Human Rights.

UNIT - III

Instruments - Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR), International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR), International Covenant on Economics and Social Rights (ICESR), Committees.

UNIT - IV

Indian Constitution - Human Rights features in Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Direct Principles of State Policy, and Constitutional Remedies of Human Rights – Human Rights Act.

UNIT - V

Protection - Women's Rights, Child Rights, National Commission on Human Rights – State Human Rights Commission, Human Rights Commission, Human Rights Court – Media and Human Rights.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Dr. Maharaj Begum, **Human Rights in India – Issues and Perspectives**, APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2000.
2. Mehta, P.L., and Neena Verma, **Human Rights under Indian constitution**, Deep & Deep Publications, New Delhi, 1999.
3. Sally Engle Merry, **Human Rights and Gender Violence**, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2009.

Allied
Paper – 2
PUBLIC RELATIONS

UNIT - I

Origin – Meaning, Definitions and Scope of Public Relations- Evolution of Public Relations-Objectives of Public Relations – Goals of Public Relation – Process – Types of Public Relations- Limitation of Public Relations.

UNIT - II

Public and Public - Classification of Public – Internal Public – Importance of Employees – Employee Relation – External Public – Customers-Suppliers – Community – Pressure Grouping – Public Relations as a career option – Traits required for a Career in Public Relations- Career Opportunities – Career Path.

UNIT - III

Tools for Public Relations - Classification – Communication – Types of Communication – Role of Communication in Public Relations – Press Releases – Advertising – Publicity- Lobbying – Publicity – Internet.

UNIT - IV

Public Relation Agencies – PTI, UNI, BBC, CNN, - Public relations in India AIR, DD, National Film Division Corporation, Film Festival, of Press Information Bureau- Society of India – Press Council of India – Indian Institute of Mass Communication – Mass Media and Public Relations.

UNIT - V

PRO's – Importance, role, Functions of PRO'S – Public Relations Department – with Organization – Structure , function- Need for Public Relations by Government.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Srinivasan M.R. Balaji C.D, **Industrial Law and Public Relations**, Margham Publications, Chennai, 2007.
2. Ahuja B.N. and Chhabra S.S. **Advertising and Public relations**, Surjeet Publications, New Delhi, 2005.
3. J.N. Jethwaney and N.N. Sarkar, **Public Relations**, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 2003.

SEMESTER – III

Core Paper - 5

MODERN GOVERNMENTS

(UK, USA & Switzerland)

UNIT – I

Introduction to the State and the Government- State and its Nature-State and Government – Sovereignty – Division of powers – Unitary state – Federal State- Constitution and its classifications- Written and Unwritten – Flexible and Rigid – Parliamentary and Non-Parliamentary forms of Government.

UNIT – II

The British Constitution - UK - Salient features of the constitution – conventions- Powers and Position of the Monarch- Prime Minister – Council of Ministers- Parliament- Process of Law making- Judiciary – Rule of Law- Party System.

UNIT – III

Constitution of USA - USA - Salient features of the Constitution – Federal System- Separation of Powers – President and American Cabinet – Congress - Committee System – Law making Process - Supreme Court – Judicial Review- Party System.

UNIT – IV

The Swiss Constitution - Swiss- Salient features of the Constitution- Federal Council – Federal Assembly- Federal Tribunal- Direct Democracy- Party System.

UNIT – V

Political Parties – Pressure Groups – Electoral system and current trends in UK, USA and Switzerland.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Vishnoo Bhagwan and Vidya Bhushan, **World Constitution**, Sterling Publishers Pvt Limited 2011
2. Ghai K.K, **Major Governments** ,Kalyani Publishers,Ludhiana,2010
3. Todd landsman, **Issues and Methods in Comparative Politics: An Introduction**, Routledge, London, 2003

Core Paper - 6

WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT – I

(Plato – Machiavelli)

- UNIT - I** : Ancient Greek Political Thought- Plato.
- UNIT - II** : Ancient Greek Political Thought – Aristotle.
- UNIT - III** : Roman Political Thought – Polybius – Cicero.
- UNIT - IV** : Christian Political Thought – St. Thomas Aquinas- St. Augustine.
- UNIT - V** : Renaissance – Marsiglio & Padua – Machiavelli.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Willain Ebsentein , **Great Political Thinkers**, Oxford & IBH, New Delhi, 1980.
2. Sukbir Sigh, **History of European Political Philosophy**, Rastogi & Company Meerut, 1987.
3. D.R. Bhandari, **History of European Political Philosophy**, the Bangalore Printing and Publishing House, Bangalore, 1988.

Allied
Paper - 3
HISTORY OF INDIA FROM 1885 To 2001

UNIT-I

Impact of the rule of East India Company- Destruction of village economy and handicrafts- Impact on agriculture and Industries- Social Impact- Social and Religious reform movements.- British Paramountcy Indian States.

UNIT-II

Causes of Emergence of Nationalization - Birth of Indian National Congress-Objectives and Program- Surat Split- Moderate- Extremist- Revolutionary terrorist- Rowlat Act – Jallian Wal incident- Home Rule Movement.

UNIT-III

Rise of Revolutionary Nationalism- Impact of Bengal Partition, Growth of revolutionary ideas and organization in India and abroad, HSRA and other revolutionary activities- Home Rule Movement, Jallian Walincident and its impact, Rowlett movement-Advent of Gandhiji-Early activities Kheda, Champaran, Barodoli- Khilafat movement, Lucknow Pact , Rise of Communal Organizations.

UNIT-IV

Gandhi Role in Freedom Struggle- Dandi March- Non Cooperation movement- Civil Disobedience – Simon Commission- Round Table Conference- Poona Pact Quit Indian Movement- Mount Batten Plan.

UNIT- V

Making of India's Constitution – Nehru Era 1947 – 1964-Post Nehru Era: Sasthri 1964-66, Indira Gandhi 1967-1984, Advent of Janatha Party- Rajiv Gandhi 1984-90, Political Realignment and emergence of National Front- Reorganization of States- Regional Parties- Communal and Linguistic politics- Emergence of Dalit Movements Emergence of BJP as an alternative to Congress- New Economic Policies and Development.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

1. Roy Chaudhry, S.C. **History of Modern India**, Surjeet Publications, New Delhi, 2006.
2. Mahajan V.D. **India Since 1526**, S.Chand &Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 1984.
3. Agarwal, R.C., **Constitutional Development and National Movement of India**, S. Chand &Co Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 1984.
4. Anup chand Kapur, **Constitutional History of India**, Niraj Prakashan, New Delhi, 1970.

SKILL BASED SUBJECT

Paper - 1

DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION

UNIT-I

Old society and the new political set up as democratic government-Central Government-Organization of Ministries-State government setup-the nature of public administrative functions.

UNIT-II

Changing aspects of the concept of Development – Political – Social – Economic-Cultural multi dimensional concept.

UNIT-III

Administration-Definition and nature- Development Administration – The nature and features- the challenges of traditional approaches- Administration of development activities-Identification of problem areas- Remedies.

UNIT-IV

Nature of Bureaucracy – The problems of developing nations- Bureaucracy and Development-Administrations in the context of Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization.

UNIT-V

Special Training and education to improve development administration – Behavioural approach to improve the behaviour of the personnel – Inter-Disciplinary approach to identify the utility of different domains- Systems approach for Improvement.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

1. S.K. Chatterjee, Development Administration with special reference to India, Surjeet Publicationurs, Delhi, 1981.
2. T.N. Chaturvedi, Development Administrative, IIPA, New Delhi, 1984.
3. R.K. Sapru, Development Administration, Sterling Publishers Limited, New Delhi, 2002.
4. S.A.Palekar, Development Administration, PHI Publishers, Delhi, 2012.

Non-Major Elective - 1

INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT

UNIT – I

East India Company and British Rule in India – First war of Independent 1857- Emergence of Indian National Congress- 1885- Partition of Bengal.

UNIT – II

Moderate and extremist leaders – Muslims League – Row led Act and Jallianwala bagh Massacre.

UNIT – III

Gandhiji – Non- Cooperation and Civil disobedience movement – Dandi Salt March – Simon Commission – Round Table Conferences.

UNIT – IV

Role of Revolutionary Leaders in Freedom Movement, Women Leaders, Quit India Movement.

UNIT – V

Mount Batten Plan – Two-nation Theory – Partition of India – Independent India – Ambedkar – Constitutional Assembly – Emergence of Indian Republic.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. P. Lakshmikanth, **Indian Polity**, MacGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2015.
2. D.S. Rajgat, **History of India and Indian National Movement**,
<http://www.developindiagroup.co.in>
3. Arihant Experts, **Indian History & Indian National Movement**, Mumbai, 2014.

SEMESTER – IV

Core Paper - 7

MODERN GOVERNMENTS – II (FRANCE, CHINA AND JAPAN)

UNIT - I:

Fifth Republic of France – Constitution – Salient feature – Amendment - Executive – President– Election –Tenure – Powers and Functions- Prime Minister – Cabinet.

UNIT - II:

France (Continued) – Parliament – Senate –Tenure- Functions- Composition – National Assembly – Composition –Election – Functions – Judiciary – Administrative Law – Local Government

UNIT - III:

People’s Republic of China – Salient Features of Constitution – Rights and Duties – Executive President – Elections – Tenure – Functions.

UNIT- IV:

The Chinese Parliament – National People’s Congress – Composition – Election functions Standing Committee – Judicial System – People’s Procurate – Chinese Communist Party.

UNIT - V:

Japan – Salient Features of the Constitution – Rights and Duties- Executive – Emperor – Prime Minister- Cabinet – Diet – House of Representative – Houses of Councilors – Composition – Election- Functions and Judiciary.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. A.C. Kapur: **Select Constitutions**, S.Chand &Co, New Delhi, 1989.
2. V.D. Mahajan: **Select Modern Governments**, S.Chand & Co, New Delhi, 1995.
3. Vishnoo Bhagwan and Vidya Bhushan, **World Constitution**, Sterling Publishers Pvt Limited 2011

Core Paper - 8

WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT – II

(Bodin – Lenin)

- UNIT I** : Rise of the Modern Theory of Sovereignty Bodin and Grotious
- UNIT II** : Social Contract Theory – Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau.
- UNIT III** : The English Utilitarianism – Bentham and J.S.Mill.
- UNIT IV** : British Socialism and German Idealism – Green – Hegal.
- UNIT V** : The Legacy of Communism – Marx – Lenin.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Lawrance C. Walls , Gettle's **History of Political Thought**, Surjeet Publications, New Delhi, 1981.
2. D.R. Bhandari, **History of European Political Philosophy**, K.R. Jayaswal, Hindu Polity, the Bangalore Printing and Publishing House, Bangalore, 1988.
3. William Ebenstein, **Great Political Thinkers**, Oxford & IBH New Delhi, 1980.
4. Sukbir Singh, **History of European Political Philosophy**, Rastogi & Company Meerut, 1987.

Allied

Paper - 4

PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

UNIT - I

Meaning, Nature, Scope and importance of Public Administration: Public and Private Administration; New Public Administration.

UNIT - II

Organization- Meaning and Types: Formal and Informal; Types of Organization: Departments, Public Corporations, The Bureau Boards/Commissions – Field Establishments – Independent Regulatory Commission – Line-Staff- Auxiliary Agencies.

UNIT - III

Principles of Organizations: Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command, Delegation, Coordination, and Centralization Vs Decentralization – Delegated Legislation.

UNIT - IV

Personnel Administration: Position Classification – Recruitment – Direct and Indirect (promotion): Training: Machinery for Negotiations and Employee Organization. Administrative Corruption: Concept, Causes and Remedies; Grievance – Redressal Machinery: Lokpal and Lokayukta.

UNIT - V

Financial Administration: Budget – Principles, Budgetary Process: Preparation and Enactment; Parliamentary Control over Finance-Public Accounts Committee; Comptroller and Auditor General: Functions and Role.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. A. Avasthi & S.R. Maheshwari, **Public Administration**, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2006
2. M. Bhattacharya, **New Horizons of Public Administration**, Jawahar Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2010
3. R.K. Arora & R. Goyal, **Indian Public Administration**, Vishwa Prakashan, New Delhi, 2008.

Skill Based Subject

Paper - 2

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION

UNIT – 1

Classification of International Organization – Regionalisms Vs Universalism as a basis of classification – Nature and role of International Organization – Third world view of International Organization – Evolution of International Organization Development in the Twentieth Century.

UNIT – II

The League of Nation – Origin – Organization and Structure of the League of Nations Causes of the Failure and- Achievements of League of Nations-United Nations - UN Charter – Purposes and Principles Membership and Representation. The United Nation – General Assembly – Security Council — UN and other agencies.

UNIT-III

Regional Organizations – I NATO – ASEAN – BRICKS – SAARC Organization Structure – Function.

UNIT –IV

Regional Organizations – II , - OPEC – OAC – OIC – OAU – Organization Structure – Function.

UNIT – V

Non – Alignment – Characteristics of Non- Alignment bases and causes of Non-Alignment – Growth and role of Non Alignment — Relevance of Non Alignment – New International Economic Order – WTO.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

1. B.N.Mehrish, International Organization, Structures and Process – Visha Publication – Jalandar.
2. C.bhattacharyya, International Relations Since Twentieth Century, Viyoy Publishing House, Kolkata, 2001.
3. Palmer and Perkins, International Relations.
4. Rumki Basu, International Politics, Concepts, Theories and Issues, Sage Publication India Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi, 2012.

Non Major Elective

Paper - 2

JUDICIAL SYSTEM IN INDIA

UNIT - I

Introduction - Features of Indian Judiciary – Importance of Judiciary – Scope of Judiciary – Evolution of Judicial System in India – Indian Judicial system – and Legal system

UNIT - II

Levels of Court - Civil Court: Supreme Court: Structure, functions and powers and jurisdiction- High Court; its structure, functions powers and jurisdiction – District Court & Village Court: Structure, functions & powers.

UNIT - III

Criminal Courts - Kinds of Crime – Civil Criminal, Income Tax etc. - Court structure functions, and powers

UNIT - IV

Tribunals - Need for Tribunals – kinds of tribunals – Nature of tribunals – Difference between Courts forms of legal system : Arbitration, Public interest litigation.

UNIT - V

Administrative procedures involved in Supreme Court and High Court, Other forms of legal system: Arbitration, Public interest litigation.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. B.R.Agarwal, **Our Judiciary**, National Book Trust, New Delhi, 2006.
2. M.P. Jain, **Outlines of Indian Legal and Constitutional History**, Delhi Law House, New Delhi, 2015.
3. **Courts of India**, Supreme Court of India, New Delhi, 2016.

SEMESTER- V

Core Paper - 9

GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN TAMIL NADU

UNIT - I

Indian National Movement in Madras Presidency – Prominent Tamil Nationalist – V.O. Chidambaram Pillai – Subramania Bharathi – Freedom Struggle from 1921-1947 by the Indian National Congress.

UNIT - II

Emergence of Non-Brahmin Movement – Factors Responsible for the emergence of Justice Party – Its Achievements and Causes for the Decline – the Home Rule League – 1937 Election and Rajaji's Ministry – the Leadership of Rajaji – and Estimate.

UNIT - III

Self Respect Movement under E.V. Ramasamy Naicker – His fight for the cause of Non-Brahmins against Brahmin Community – the Dravida Khazagam – Formation of D.M.K. by C.N. Annadurai and its rising Popularity in the latter Decades.

UNIT - IV

1952 General Election – Circumstances that led to the formation of Congress Ministry under Rajaji – K.Kamaraj as Chief Minister – Industrial Policy Under M.Bhakthavatsalam – the Language issue.

UNIT- V

1967 General Election – DMK's victory – The Socio- Economic Policies of DMK Leadership of M.Karunanidhi. AIADMK Emergence of Leadership of M.G. Ramachandran – Post M.G.R. Era – Leadership of J.Jayalalitha – Emergence of other Political Parties in Tamil Nadu and its Alliance – Tamil Nadu under President Rule – an estimate.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Marguerite Ross Barnett – **The Politics of Cultural Nationalism in South India**, New Princeton University Press, New Jersey, 2000.
2. Baker, C.J. **The Politics of South India 1920-1937**, New Delhi, 1979.
3. Hardgrave, Subramanian, **Ethnicity and Populist Mobilization**, Oxford, New Delhi, 2006.

Core Paper - 10

CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES

UNIT-I

Definition of Political Ideology – its origin – types of ideologies- left, centre –right-their meanings.

UNIT-II

Leftist Ideology: Marxism, its basic tenets – Applied Marxism Leninism- Stalinism- Maoism.

UNIT-III

Socialism: Its basic tenets – democratic socialism and the welfare state – ideology of the centre- liberalism-its basic tenets- classical liberalism- neo liberalism.

UNIT-IV

Rightist ideology: Conservatism- Its basic tenets – Neo Conservatism. Fascism- Its basic.

UNIT-V

Ideologies of the Third World: Nationalism – Economic Nationalism – Democracy and Dictatorship.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Alan Cassels, **Ideology and International Relations**, Routledge, London, 1996.
2. Bernard Susser; Steve Hull, **Political Ideology in the Modern World**, Longman, London, 1994.
3. David Hawkes, **Ideology**, Routledge, London, 2002.

Core Paper - 11

MODERN POLITICAL THEORY

UNIT -I

Nature of Political Theory – Significance of Political Theory – State of Political Theory Today – Decline – or Resurgence.

UNIT -II

Approaches to the Study of Politics: Traditional Approaches – Contemporary Approaches – Behavioral Approach; Post – Behavioral Revolution – Models of Political Analysis- System Analysis; Structural – Functional Analysis – Communications Theory; Decision- Making Analysis; Marxian Analysis.

UNIT -III

Political Elite – Plato’s Ideas – Mosca on Elite Theory – Theory of Circulation of Elite – Concept of Sub-Elite – Michel Roberts and Elite Theory.

UNIT -IV

Political Alienation – Nature and Necessary Implication- Alienation and Polity – Marxian Theory – Sociological Theory – Existential Theory.

UNIT - V

Post Modernism –Feminism – Multiculturalism- Globalization- The Future of Political Theory.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Verma, S.P. **Modern Political Theory**, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1996
2. Johari J.C. **Contemporary Political Theory**, Sterling Publishers Private Limited, New Delhi, 2000.
3. Ray B.N. **Political Theory Interrogations and Interventions**, Authors Press, New Delhi, 2006.

Core Paper – 12

INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM

UNIT-I

Salient feature of the Indian Constitution-the social, economic and political ideologies reflected in the preamble. the Indian federal system- fundamental rights-the directive principles of state policy- amendment procedure.

UNIT-II

The union executive- the president –term of office and election- powers-executive-legislative- judicial and emergency powers- vice president-election-position-prime minister.

UNIT-III

The union parliament: the house of people and the council of states – composition and functions. relations between the two houses- provision for removing deadlock – council of states – role as a second chamber- provisions relating to the parliament-summoning-prorogation and dissolution.

UNIT-IV

The judiciary: the supreme court as the apex court –appointment and removal of judges – safe guarding the independence of judiciary. the jurisdiction of supreme court- original, appellate and advisory. supreme court as the guardian of the constitution and the protector of fundamental rights-the power of judicial review.

UNIT-V

The state government: the governor -tenure and removal-his executive legislative-judicial and discretionary powers- the chief minister and his cabinet – state legislature- state judicial and administrative functions over subordinate courts and tribunals – union territories-administration of the union territories.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. D.D. Basu, **Introduction to the Constitution of India**, Prentice hall of India, New Delhi, 2014.
2. J.R. Siwach: **Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics**, Sterling Publishing House, Delhi, 2006.
3. M.V.Pylee: **Introduction to the Constitution of India**, Vikas Publishing House, Delhi, 2009.

Elective

Paper - 1

SOCIAL WELFARE ADMINISTRATION

UNIT-I

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Social Welfare.

UNIT-II

Social Problems: A Profile, social welfare programme for women, children, physically challenged.

UNIT-III

Social welfare policy programme's social development, social legislation.

UNIT-IV

Social welfare administration, department of social welfare, CSWB/SSWB.

UNIT-V

Non-Profit Organizations & NOGs, future challenges –role of self-help groups.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

1. Chowdhory D. Paul, Social Welfare Administration, Sterling, New Delhi, 1978.
2. T.N. Chowdhary, Social Administration: Development and Change, IIPA, New Delhi, 1980.
3. P.D.Kulkari, Social Policy and Social Development in India, ASSW, Madras 1979.
4. S.L.Goel, Social Welfare Administration, Deep & Deep Publications, New Delhi, 1988.

Skill Based Subject
Paper – 3
NGO – MANAGEMENT

UNIT – I

Introduction: Meaning, Nature and Importance of NGO – Types – Voluntary Action and Civil Society – Civil Society Movement in India.

UNIT – II

Legal aspects of NGOs: Society and Trust – Foreign Regulations Contribution Act (FRCA) – Member’s Responsibilities and Liabilities – Registration and Management of NGOs.

UNIT – III

Resource Mobilization: Human Resource Training – Social Networking – Community Initiatives – NGOs in Local and Global context.

UNIT – IV

NGOs and Development: Role of NGOs in Human Development, Health, Education and Employment generation – Social and Economic Empowerment.

UNIT – V

NGOs and Environmental Crisis: NGOs and Media – Government Control over NGOs – NGOs and Public Affairs.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Putnam. R, Leonard Naneth R.Y (eds) **Making Democracy Work: Civil Tradition in Modern Italy**, Princeton University, Princeton, 1992.
2. P.V. Baiju, **NGO’s and Participatory development in India**, Concept Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2015.
3. Puran Chandra, **NGO’s in India, Role, guidelines and Performance Appraisal**, Akansha Publishing house, New Delhi, 2005.

SEMESTER- VI

Core Paper - 13

INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

UNIT-I

Ancient Indian Political Thought – nature of ancient Indian Political Thought – Vedic Polity- Political Thought of Kautilya – Manu – Tirukkural – Chapters 36-46 (Politics and Governance), 64-73 (Cabinet and Governance)

UNIT-II

Medieval Political Thought - Nature of Medieval Political Thought – Impersonality – Impact of Islamic invasion- Political thought of Kabir – Sundara Dasa – Thulasi Das- Guru Nanak.

UNIT- III

Modern Political Thought – nature of Modern Indian Political Thought – Revivalism and Renaissance – Raja Ram Mohan Roy- Dadabai Naoroj – Dayananda Saraswati – Gokhale – Tilak.

UNIT-IV

Bipin Chandra Pal – Lalalajpat Roy – Auribindo – M.K. Gandhi – NSC Bose.

UNIT-V

M.N.Roy – Jinnah – Jawaharlal Nehru – B.R. Ambedkar- Periyar.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. K.R. Jayaswal, **Hindu Polity**, the Bangalore printing and publishing house, Bangalore, 1978.
2. P.Sharan, **Ancient Indian Political Institution**, Meehakshi Prakasan, Meerut.
3. V.P. Verma, **Ancient & Medieval Indian Political Thought**, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2001.
4. V.P. Verma, **Modern Indian Political Thought** , Lakshmi Narain Agarwel, Agra, 2001.

Core Paper - 14

E-GOVERNANCE

UNIT –I

Reinventing Government - Traditional Bureaucracy – Disadvantage – Need for Reforms- Transparency and Accountability – Citizen Friendly Administration – Citizen Charter – MIS – Information and Communication Technology.

UNIT –II

Introduction - Meaning, Nature and Significance of Information Government t – E-Governance- Approaches to E- Governance – E-Governance as a Change Management Tool – Challenges for E-Governance.

UNIT – III

Resource and Techniques - National and State Level Information Technology Policies – National E-Governance Policy – National Informatics Centre- Delivery of Public Service through E-Programmes –Licensing-Tax Administration – E-Kiosks.

UNIT –IV

E-Governance Applications - Aadhar Card – Pay roll system – GIS and Local Planning- E-Panchayats – E- Governance in Urban Local Bodies – Teleconference – IT Based Projects

UNIT –V

Challenges and Response - Digitalization – Law relating to E-Governance – Behavioral changes in Public Personnel system – Training – People’s participation in E-Governance- change oriented administrative system – Trends and Issues.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Srinivas raj. B., **E-governance Techniques**, New Century Publications New Delhi, 2008.
2. Sinha R.P. **E-Governance in India, Initiatives and Issues**, Concept Publishing Company New Delhi, 2006
3. Urmilla Reddy, **E-Governance in India**, Lambert Academic Publication, New Delhi, 2012.
4. Prabhu C.S.R., **E-Governance: Concept and case studies**, PHI Publishing House, Private Limited, New Delhi, 2013.

Core Paper - 15

CITIZEN AND CIVIC ENGAGEMENTS

UNIT – I

Introduction - Need for Political Education – Citizen Obligation under Indian Constitution – Citizenship Training – Political Culture.

UNIT – II

Government Services - Approaching Government Agencies for various welfare Programmes – Applying for Ration Card – Birth and Death Certificates – Voter Registration – Voter Identity Card – PAN Card – Enrolling Membership for Central and State Government Programme- Employment Registration — Consumer forum and its uses for citizens – Redressing of Citizen Grievances.

UNIT – III

Citizen Charter - Citizens Charter – Meaning, Origin – Need for Citizen Charter.-E .Governance - Delivery of Services

UNIT – IV

Non-Governmental Organizations - NGO – Meaning, Significance – Dimensions – Organization and Functions of NGO - Regulatory Mechanism at Central and State level Government over NGOs – Sources of Finances of NGOs – Expenditure, Account and Audit of NGOs.-Self Help Group and Women Empowerment.

UNIT – V

Right to Information Act - Right to Information Act 2005-.Right to Education and Employment-MGNREGA-Entrepreneurship.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCES:

1. Sankndher.M.M. **Democratic Politics and Governance in India**, Deep & Deep Publication , New Delhi,2003.
2. Mathur.B.P. **Governance Reform for Vision India**, Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
3. Vasu & E.Dolly Mathew, **Good Governance: Initiatives in India**, Prentice - Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2003.

Elective

Paper - 2

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

UNIT – I

International Relations: Meaning – Nature – Importance of International Relations – Realistic and Approaches – Sovereignty – Nation State System.

UNIT – II

Power : Meaning, Types of Power – Elements of National Power – Imperialism – Cold War – Balance of Power – Alliances – Allegiance – Neutrality – Isolation – Peaceful Co-existence.

UNIT –III

Diplomacy: Meaning – Types – Functions –Role of Diplomacy – Disarmament – Terrorism – Fundamentalism – New threat to World Peace.

UNIT – IV

Foreign Policy: Meaning – Scope – Significance of Foreign Policy – India's Foreign Policy – Basic Principles – Objectives – Trends and Changes.

UNIT – V

International Organizations : World War I – League of Nation – World War II – Origin of UNO – Aims and Objectives Organs of UNO – Specialized Agencies – ILO – FAO – UNESCO – World Bank – IMF – WHO – UNICEF – Regional Organization – SAARC – NAM.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. H.J. Morganthau, **Politics among Nations**, Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta, 1981.
2. Vinay Kumar Malhotra, **International Relations**, Anmol Publishers, New Delhi, 2011.
3. Palmer and Perkins, **International Relations**, AITBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, 2004.
4. Mahendra Kumar, **Theoretical Aspects of International Politics**, Agra, Shiva Lal Agrawala and Co.

ELECTIVE
Paper – 3
PARLIAMENTARY SYSTEM IN INDIA

UNIT – I

Introduction - Legislation, Meaning, Importance and kinds-functions of the legislature; law making and Non-Law making function.

UNIT –II

Structure of the Indian Parliament - Evolution of the Indian Parliamentary System - Lok Sabha; Its Structure, Composition and Powers – Rajyaa Sabha; Its Structure, Composition and Powers.

UNIT – III

Functioning Of The Indian Parliament - Opening Of The Parliament – Sessions Of The Parliament; Budget Session, Monsoon Session And Winter Session-Question Hour; Zero Hour-Types Of Questions – Unstarred Questions, Short Notice Questions, Questions By Private Members- Motions; Its Kinds; Adjournment Motion, Call Attention Motion, Cut Motions, No Confidence Motion, Censure Resolution.

UNIT –IV

Officers Of The Parliament - Speaker And Deputy Speaker Of Lok Sabha-Chairman And Deputy Chairman Rajya Sabha-Their Powers And Functions-Parliament Secretariat; Lok Sabha Secretariat; Its Structure And Functions- Rajya Sabha Secretariat And Its Structure And Functions.

UNIT – V

Parliament Procedure - Procedures During The Presentation Of The Budget- Procedures During The Making Of The Bill-Parliamentary Committees: Joint Parliamentary Committee-Adhoc Committees- Standing Committees-Other Committees-Parliamentary Forums : Objectives Of The Forum-Parliamentary Groups: Their Composition And Functions.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Arun Shourie, **The Parliamentary System In India**, Rupa, New Delhi, 2007.
2. J.C.Johari, **Indian Parliament: A Critical study of its Evolution, Composition and Working**, Metropolitan Book, New Delhi, 2006.
3. Shukla. V.N., **Constitution of India**, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow, 2013.
4. Subhash.C.Kashyap, **Our Parliament**, National Book Trust, New Delhi, 2000.

Skill Based Subject

Paper - 4

LOCAL GOVERNANCE AND ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

UNIT- I

Local Governance: Evolution – Meaning – Significance – Classification – Rural and Urban Government – 73rd and 74th Constitution Amendment.

UNIT- II

Rural Local Government: Democratic Decentralization – BMC, AMC – CDP - Community Development Programme and National Extension Service – Balwantray Mehta Committee – Asoka Mehta Committee PRI – Composition, Power and Functions of Panchayati Raj Institution – (Gram and Panchayat).

UNIT - III

Urban Local Government: ULBs – Composition, Powers and Functions of Urban Local Bodies – Municipal Corporation – Municipal Cantonment Board – Township – Notified Area.

UNIT - IV

Local Finance: Source – State Finance Commission – Local, Local over Local Finances.

UNIT - V

Issues: People's Participation – Reservation in Local Bodies – Problems and Challenges of Local Government – Import/Export use of ICT and Local Government.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. S.R. Maheswari, **Local Government in India**, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2004.
2. Hoshair Singh, **Urban Local Government & Administrative in India**, Associated Publishing, New Delhi, 1979.
3. Venkat Rangiah, **100 Years of Local Government in South India**, Oxford, 1960.