



திருவள்ளூர் பல்கலைக்கழகம், வேலூர்
THIRUVALLUVAR UNIVERSITY, VELLORE

Ph.D., - COMMON ENTRANCE TEST (CET9) – JUNE SESSION 2022

Subject : HISTORY

Exam Date : 26.06.2022

Time : 11.00 A.M. TO 12.30. P.M

Maximum Marks : 50

NAME		REGISTER NO	
		HALL TICKET NO.	
MOBILE NO		EMAIL ID	
CANDIDATE SIGNATURE		HALL INVEGILATOR SIGNATURE WITH DATE	

SECTION – A (50 x 1 = 50 Marks)

All Questions carry equal marks.

- Which of the following was the most important industry of the Harappans at Lothal and Chanhudaro?
(a) Ship-building
(b) Bead-making
(c) Handlooms
(d) Metallurgy
- The architecture of the Indus Valley people was
(a) Artistic
(b) Utilitarian
(c) Of great architectural embellishment
(d) All of the above
- During Vedic Age
(a) The Society was divided into many castes
(b) Sati System was common
(c) There was purdah system
(d) The main occupation was agriculture
- The caste-system as such was unknown during
(a) Vedic period
(b) Later Vedic Period
(c) Epic Age
(d) All the three above
- The Sangam work which tries to expound the excellence of Buddhism is _____
(a) Manimekalai
(b) Silappadikaram
(c) Kural
(d) Tolkappiyam
- Jainism became popular with
(a) Soldiers
(b) Agriculturists
(c) Priestly Class
(d) Business Community

7. The earliest Known Greek follower of Bhagavatism was.
- (a) Megasthenes
 - (b) Anitlalkidas
 - (c) Heliodorus
 - (d) Demetrius
8. Megasthenes lived in india between
- (a) 335-330 B.C
 - (b) 302-298 B.C
 - (c) 272- 268 B.C
 - (d) 78-125 AD
9. _____ is not carved on the Sarnath pillar
- (a) Humped Bull
 - (b) Deer
 - (c) Elephant
 - (d) Horse
10. Seleucids invaded India in
- (a) 5th Century B.C
 - (b) 1st Century B.C
 - (c) 4th Century B.C
 - (d) 2nd Century B.C
11. In early ancient India, the largest urban centre was
- (a) Kausambi
 - (b) Champa
 - (c) Pataliputra
 - (d) Taxila
12. Vatsyayana describes various qualities of an ideal wife in the society under the Gupta King. Which one of the following could not seem to be included therein?
- (a) She is to devote herself to her hus- band as though to a deity
 - (b) She attends festivals, social gather- ings and religious processions only with permission of her husband
 - (c) She helps her husband to keep away from the company of disrepu- table persons by restraining him occasionally
 - (d) None of the above
13. The Sanskrit poet Sri Harsa, the author of Naishadhiyacharitam, lived at the court of
- (a) Jaichandra
 - (b) Vijayachandra
 - (c) Govindachandra
 - (d) Harishchandra
14. Which Pratihara ruler surrendered before MahudGhazhi and was finally defeated and Killed by the Chandella king Vidyadhara ?
- (a) Mahendrapala
 - (b) Vijayapala
 - (c) Rajyapala
 - (d) Mahipala

15. Mahmud led the last expedition against India in A.D.
- (a) 1025
 - (b) 1021-22
 - (c) 1027
 - (d) 1023
16. The Cholas maintained close political and matrimonial relations with the
- (a) Chalukyas of Vengi
 - (b) Chalukyas of Kalyani
 - (c) Chalukyas of Badami
 - (d) Zamorin of Calicut.
17. The scientific subject which was not taught at the University of Nalanda was
- (a) Medicine and pharmacology
 - (b) Astronomy
 - (c) Metallurgy
 - (d) Life Sciences
18. Balban wanted to create stability in the state and therefore, he punished those who
- (a) Did not lead a chaste and pious life
 - (b) Rose in revolt
 - (c) Did not agree with him
 - (d) All the above
19. Alauddin's theory of kingship was based on the concept that
- (a) 'Kingship know no kinship'
 - (b) As a ruler he was a law unto him self
 - (c) The good of the state and the benefit of the people is the highest ideal
 - (d) All of the above.
20. Razia ruled for four years wisely but her undue preference for an Abbyssinian Officer ultimately led to her downfall. Who was the slave?
- (a) Malik Altunia
 - (b) Malik Kafur
 - (c) Yaqut
 - (d) Bahram
21. The Italian traveller Nicoli Conti supplies us valuable accounts of
- (a) Bahmani Kingdom
 - (b) Vijayanagar Empire
 - (c) Reign of FerozTughluq
 - (d) Reign of Tughlaq Shah
22. Who was the founder of the Advaita system of philosophy ?
- (a) Ramanuja
 - (b) Sankaracharya
 - (c) Madha
 - (d) Ramanand
23. What was the result of the Hindu policy of Akbar ?
- (a) It brought about large scale conversion to Islam
 - (b) It created harmony between the Hindus and the Muslims
 - (c) It gave the Hindus a privileged position in the state administration
 - (d) It helped him in tightening his political hold on his Muslim subjects

24. Vasco-de-Gama, who discovered a new sea route to India, reached Calicut in
(a) 1498 A.D
(b) 1598 A.D
(c) 1580 A.D
(d) 1599 A.D
25. Shivaji was succeeded on his throne by
(a) Tara Bai
(b) Nana Saheb
(c) Sambhaji
(d) Sahu
26. _____ was in-charge of intelligence or espionage.
(a) Senapati or Sari-i-naubat
(b) Sachiv
(c) Sumant
(d) Mantri
27. Lai Kanwar was the mistress of
(a) Farrukhsiyar
(b) Shujauddin
(c) Jahandarshah
(d) Bahadur Shah
28. The governorship of Bengal became hereditary with
(a) MurshidQuli Khan
(b) Mir Jafar
(c) Shujauddin Khan
(d) Siraj- ud- daula
29. The Battle of Plassey (1757) was little more than a cannonade because
(a) On both sides only cannons were used in several engagements.
(b) On account of the conspiracy, the major part of the nawab's army led by the traitors Mir Jafar and RaiDurlabhram took no part in the fighting.
(c) It was the final assault by Clive with cannon that proved decisive.
(d) The English victory was mainly on account of their superior cannonry.
30. The British rulers of India
(a) Gave impetus to cottage and small scale industries in India.
(b) Helped in expanding and promoting India's foreign trade in European Countries.
(c) Removed all restrictions on the import of Indian finished goods in England.
(d) All the above.
31. The 1857 mutiny failed mainly because
(a) The British had powerful arms.
(b) The British numbered more
(c) Of lack of planning and leadership.
(d) It was premature.
32. The first British Officer to be informed of MangalPandey firing at the Sergeant major was
(a) Col. Mitchell
(b) Lieutenant Baugh
(c) General Hearsey
(d) Col.Smyth

33. The first serious mutiny of the Indian soldiers in the British Army took place at
- (a) Patna
 - (b) Delhi
 - (c) Vellore
 - (d) Meerut
34. _____ was the first hero of the Revolt of 1857.
- (a) Rani Jhansi
 - (b) Kunwar Singh
 - (c) MangalPandey
 - (d) Nana Saheb
35. _____ represented India at the World Congress of Religions at Chicago in 1893?
- (a) DadabhaiNaoroji
 - (b) Swami Dayananda
 - (c) Swami Vivekananda
 - (d) Ramakrishna Paramahansa
36. The journal Bahishkrit Bharat was started by
- (a) B.R. Ambedkar
 - (b) KarsondasMulji
 - (c) BhanDaji
 - (d) JotibaPhule
37. In so far as religious reforms were concerned which of the following was not so forward-looking as many other reform movements in the 19th century?
- (a) AryaSamaj
 - (b) BrahmoSamaj
 - (c) PrarthanaSamaj
 - (d) Theosophical Society
38. _____ founded the All India HarijanSangh in 1932
- (a) BabasahebAmbedkar
 - (b) M.K.Gandhi
 - (c) B.G. Tilak
 - (d) JotibaPhule
39. Who was the Chief Advisor and confidant of Syed Ahmed Khan?
- (a) W.W. Hunter
 - (b) Theodore Beck
 - (c) Theodore Morison
 - (d) Nassan Lees.
40. Which social reform was not introduced by William Bentick?
- (a) Abolition of sati
 - (b) Abolition of slavery
 - (c) Removal of disabilities due to change of religion
 - (d) Suppression of the organized bands of thugs.
41. The JallianwalaBagh massacre took place in
- (a) Lahore
 - (b) Amritsar
 - (c) Lucknow
 - (d) Kanpur

42. The I.N.A was formed in
- Japan
 - Burma
 - Malaya
 - Singapore**
43. In the Surat Congress (1907) the split came sharp on the resolutions on
- Boycott
 - Boycott and National education
 - Self – Government and National Education
 - Self- Government, Boycott and National Education.**
44. Who was the chief formulator of foreign policy of the Indian National Congress ?
- C.Rajagopalachari
 - V.V Girls
 - Jawaharial Nehru**
 - Mahatma Gandhi
45. In “Research” “R” Means
- Role
 - Retain**
 - Rally
 - Round
46. Which of the following the objective of Research?
- To become familiar with a Phenomenon.
 - To test a hypothesis of a causal relationship between variables.
 - To determine the frequency with which something occurs or with it is associated with something else
 - All of the above**
47. A test of research aptitude for candidates of the UGC NET, is aimed at
- Providing basic idea of search to the candidates.
 - Screening the persons having scientific bent of mind .**
 - Providing a database of ‘future’ scientists of the country to the Government.
 - Putting Obstacles to the Candidates.
48. Where is the objective observation used
- In conducting Experiments.**
 - In research.
 - In normal behavior .
 - In almost all the situations.
49. What do you mean by synopsis a research Project.
- The blue print of research.
 - Extranets from the research observations.
 - A plan of the research.
 - Summary of the finding of the research .**
50. What is are the base (s) of formulation of Hypothesis!
- Reflection.
 - Deduction.
 - Observation.
 - All of there**