

THIRUVALLUVAR UNIVERSITY

SERKKADU, VELLORE-632115

M.Sc. PSYCHOLOGY

SYLLABUS

FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2023 - 2024

M.Sc. PSYCHOLOGY

<u>Total Credit – 9</u>5

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO1: Critical Thinking skills:

Ability to substantiate critical reading of text books and research article and also to review in order to make analytical assessments while comprehending them in terms of both generic understanding and contextual study.

PO2: Individuals as Assets:

To be academically honest, intellectually curious, ethically responsible, professionally competent and spiritually inspiring citizens.

PO3: Leadership readiness/qualities:

Strengthen personal integrity and develop soft skills such as effective communication, teamwork, flexibility, and leadership.

PO4: Academic Excellence:

Being a member of the academic community with advanced discipline- specific knowledge and professional skills in the relevant field with the prowess to communicate complex ideas and to engage in current critical debates with all sensitivity and fairness.

PO5: Higher order Thinking skills:

Ability to think, analyze, evaluate, create new knowledge and skills both in the chosen discipline and across other fields.

PO6: Subscription to Quality Research:

Ability to design and carry out independent research embedded in multidisciplinary perspective, to update oneself with current research trends and contemporary inputs in the discipline and to evaluate research contributions.

PO7: Lifelong learning:

Ability to learn, unlearn, and relearn knowledge and skills in the emerging areas of the field of specialization.

PO8: Continuous Professional development:

Ability to continuously develop oneself professionally and to critically improve one's self with a view to taking appropriate decisions in diverse professional and real-life environment

PO9: Ethics: Ability to be socially sensitive and responsible citizens, with a tolerance to cultural difference and diversity, so as to engage in ethically informed practice.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

- 1. **Knowledge domain**: Apply the knowledge of Psychological principles and theories in their respective area of specialization in Applied Psychology.
- 2. **Self and Professional Development domain:** Ability to continuously develop oneself professionally and to critically improve one's self with a view to taking appropriate decisions in diverse professional and real-life environment
- 3. **Skill Development domain**: Identify, critically analyze and assess, practical issues in the field of psychology and apply appropriate methods, tools and techniques to solve problems, enhance human capabilities and efficiency, form collaborative, promote well-being and execute research.
- 4. **Research Domain**: Formulate research problems, construct new ideas and opportunities by using core concepts and knowledge central to the field of psychology and provide suggestions, use creativity or critical thinking, skills to problem solving in different setting
- 5. **Ethics:** Exhibit integrity, ethics, character and adapt to global perspective and to attune to issues of cultural diversity, meet the expectation of professional work and healthy interface between academia and society.
- 6. **Societal contribution:** : To provide an opportunity to extend the knowledge base to the world of practice with a view to promote a healthy interface between academia and society.
- 7. **Career Development domain/Placement:** Prepare for employment in government, clinical, educational, organizational, industrial research institutes, NGOs, and to function in roles such as entrepreneurs, life coaches., influencers, trainers and counselors, teachers
- 8. **Higher Studies**: To enable students to obtain the knowledge and skills necessary for immediate employment and attain higher studies in psychology and related areas.

Template for M.Sc Psychology

Semester I	Credit	Hour	Semester II	Credits	Hours	Semester III	Credits	Hours	Semester IV	Credi	Hou
	s	S								ts	rs
1.1 Core I	5	7	2.1 Core IV	5	6	3.1 Core VII	5	6	4.1 Core XI	5	6
Theories of Personality			Psychometry			Applied Social			Human Resource		
						Psychology			Management		<u> </u>
1.2 Core II	5	7	2.2 Core V	5	6	3.2 Core VIII	5	6	4.2 Core XII	5	6
Research Methodology&			Psychological Assessment I			Advanced Cognitive			Community Psychology		
Applied Statistics			(Counselling &			Psychology					
			Psychotherapy)								
1.3 Core III	4	6	2.3 Core VI	4	6	3.3 Core IX	5	6	4.3 Project with Viva Voce	7	10
Counselling Skills and			Behaviour			Psychological					
Techniques			Modification			Assessment II					
						(Organizational					
						Behaviour & HR)					<u> </u>
1.4 Elective I Discipline	3	5	2.4 Elective III Discipline	3	4	3.4 Core X	4	6	4.4 Elective VI (Industry/	3	4
centric - Geriatric			centric - Addiction			School			Entrepreneurship)		
Challenges and			Counselling			Counselling			20% Theory		
Development									80% Practical -		
									Psychological Training		
									Module		<u> </u>
1.5 Elective II Generic -	3	5	2.5 Elective IV	3	4	3.5 Elective V	3	3	4.5 Skill Enhancement	2	4
Psychological			Generic - Psychotherapy			Discipline centric-			course/ Professional		
Interventions for						Training and			Competency Skill -Scientific		
Developmental Disorders			0.5 61 31 5 1			Development			Report writing		
			2.6 Skill Enhancement I -	2	4	3.6 Skill Enhancement	2	3	4.6 Extension	1	
			Relationship			II - Corporate			Activity		
			Counsellingfor Children			Counselling					
			and Young People	2	2	2.7 Internals in /	1				
			Human Rights	2	2	3.7 Internship/	2	-			
			MOOC Course	2		Industrial Activity	1				
			MOOC Course		-		1				<u> </u>
	20	30		26	30		26	30		23	30

Semester I										
S No		Title of the Course	Credits	Hours						
1	1.1 Core -I	Theories of Personality	5	7						
2	1.2Core-II	Research Methodology & Applied Statistics	5	7						
3	1.3 Core - III	Counselling skills and techniques	4	6						
4	1.4 Elective I	Geriatric Challenges and Development	3	5						
5	1.5 Elective - II	Psychological Interventions for Developmental Disorders	3	5						
		TOTAL	20	30						
		Semester II								
6	2.1 Core -IV	Psychometry	5	6						
7	2.2Core-V	Psychological Assessment - I (Counselling and Psychotherapy)	5	6						
8	2.3 Core - VI	Behaviour Modification	4	6						
9	2.4 Elective III	Addiction Counselling	3	4						
10	2.5 Elective - IV	Psychotherapy	3	4						
11	2.6 Skill Enhancement Course	Relationship counselling for Children and Young People	2	4						
12	004150	Human Rights	2	2						
13		MOOC	2	-						
		TOTAL	26	30						
		Semester III								
14	3.1 Core -VII	Applied Social Psychology	5	6						
15	3.2Core-VIII	Advanced Cognitive Psychology	5	6						
16	3.3 Core - IX	Psychological Assessment - II (Organizational Behaviour & HR)	5	6						
17	3.4 Core - X	School Counselling	4	6						
18	3.5 Elective V	Training and Development	3	3						
19	3.6 Skill Enhancement	Corporate Counselling	2	3						
	Course II									
20	3.7 Internship	Summer Internship	2	-						
		TOTAL	26	30						
		Semester IV								
21	4.1 Core- XI	Human Resource Management	5	6						
22	4.2 Core - XII	Community Psychology	5	6						
23	4.3 Project	Dissertation with Viva Voce	7	10						
24	4.4 Elective VI	(Industry/Entrepreneurship) 20% Theory & 80% Practicum Psychological Training Module	3	4						
25	4.5 Skill Enhancement Course / Professional Competency Skill	Scientific Report writing	2	4						
26	4.6 Extension Activity		1							
		TOTAL	23	30						

SEMESTER I (CORE I)

Course Name: THEORIES OF PERSONALITY

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 1st year ,1st Semester

Credits: 5

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
6	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

Major objectives of this course are:

- 1. To make the student understand about personality and its determinants
- 2. To know the fundamentals of personality theory and its emergence to gain insight about human behavior.
- 3. To understand the significance of each school of thought in psychology
- 4. To compare and contrast the conceptual framework of various theories of personality
- 5. To know the recent trends in personality theories how its applied in the field of psychology

LEARNING OUTCOMES: -

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Understand the determinants of psychology and how it emerged as significant concept of psychology

CO2(K2): Classify and compare various personality theories' basic principles and approaches in understanding human nature.

CO3(K4): Explain a critical understanding of personality through various Western approaches including type and trait, psychoanalytic, socio-cognitive, and humanistic and contemporary theories.

CO4(K5): Apply different personality theory's perspectives by engaging students in a discussion about the everyday applications of various personality theories.

CO5(K5): Adapt to apply principles of personality in counseling practices.

Unit – I: **Introduction to personality Theory** - Nature of Personality- Personality theory and history.

Definitions- Personality, Paradox of human nature. Personality in perspective: genetic, environmental, learning, parental, developmental factors.

Unit – II: Psychodynamic Approach: Sigmund Freud- Psychoanalysis, Alfred Adler- Individual
 Psychology, Carl Jung- Analytical Psychology, Klein- Object Relations Theory

Unit – III: Neo Psychoanalytic Approach: Karen Horney- Psychoanalytic Social Theory, Erich Fromm-Humanistic Psychoanalysis, Sullivan-Interpersonal Theory, Erikson- Post-Freudian Theory

Unit – IV: Humanistic Approach/ Type/Cognitive / Dispositional: Abraham Maslow- Holistic Dynamic theory. Carl Rogers- Person-Centered theory, May – Existential Psychology, Eysenck -Trait and factor theory, Allport -Psychology of the Individual, BIG 5 Theory

Unit – V: Behavioristic Approach/ Recent Theory: Skinner- Behavioral Analysis, Albert Bandura-Social Cognitive theory, Rotter & Mischel -Cognitive Social Theory, Seligman- Positive Psychology approach

Recap: Factors contribute to constitute personality, chronological and emergence of various personality theories, concept of human from Various theory, understanding of human nature from birds' eyes views with interpretations of significant theorists in personality.

Learning Resources:

Recommended Text books:

- 1. Duanep, Schultz & Sydney Ellen Schultz (2012). Theories of Personality (10thEdn.)New Delhi: Thomson Publishers
- 2. Hall, S. Calvin & Garner Lindzey (2007). Theories of Personality (4th Edn.), John
- 3. Wiley & sons: US 137 (H)
- 4. Jess Feist and Gregory j Feist (2008) Theories of personality ,7th edition , McGraw Hill

References:

- 1. Donna M, Ashcraft (2015). Personality Theories Workbook, CengageLearning, USA.
- 2. Allen, B. P. (1997). Personality theories: Development, growth, and diversity, (2nded.). London: Alyn and Bacon.
- 3. Gardner Lindzey, John B. Campbell Calvin S. Hall (2007). Theories of Personality (4th Edition), John Wiley & sons

Web Sources:

- http://www.thetransformedsoul.com/additional-studies/miscellaneous-studies/the-four-human-temperaments
- https://sites.google.com/site/psychologyofpersonalityperiod8/home/type-and-trait-theories/sheldon-s-personality-theory
- https://www.mindler.com/blog/introverts-extoverts-careers/
- https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-psychology/chapter/traitperspectives-on-personality
- https://www.psychologistworld.com/cognitive/carl-jung-analytical-psychology

Out of Syllabus- Self Study

- Recent research in personality theories
- Study about Zuckermann and Murray
- Kelly- Psychology of personal Constructs
- Personality profiles of famous personalities
- History and childhood experiences of each theorist's reflections on their conceptual framework and their approach to life.
- Indian theory on personality

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	1	3	3	1	3	3	1
CO2	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	3	2
Co3	1	1	1	2	3	1	2	2	2

CO4	3	1	2	3	3	2	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	1
CO2	3	2	3	2	2	1	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
Co5	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	3
Weightage	15	14	14	12	10	10	12	13
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.8	2.8	2.4	2	2	2.4	2.6

Course Name: RESEARCH METHODS AND APPLIED STATISTICS (Core II)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 1st year ,1st Semester

Credits: 5

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
6	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

Major objectives of this course are:

- 1. To understand the processes of scientific research.
- 2. To gain knowledge in ethics in research
- 3. To explore the use of appropriate research design.
- 4. To familiarize with various types of sampling techniques
- 5. To gain knowledge in research report writing

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Describe the elements of research, sampling and hypothesis formulation.

CO2(K3): Develop research report in APA Style.

CO3(K3): Apply knowledge for the selection of appropriate research design.

CO4(K4): Analyze ethical issues in conducting a research

CO5(K5): Explain the steps in conducting Psychological research.

Unit- I: Foundations of Research - Meaning – Critical thinking process – Objectives of science – Need for research – Research approaches – Steps in research. Method Vs Methodology. General Principles – Ethical issues: Children, Adults, Animals. Research problem – Sources – Criteria of good problem. Reviewing the literature – Research article.

Unit- II: Hypothesis, variables and sampling- Hypothesis: Meaning – Types – Basic concepts related to hypothesis testing. Variables – Definition – Ways of asking questions – measuring observed variables – Scales of measurement – Types of measures – Reliability – Validity. Sampling – Meaning – Probability and Non-probability sampling – Sample & Data collection methods: Observational research – Survey research.

Unit- III: Research Design: Experimental design: Independent groups designs – Completely randomized groups designs, randomized factorial groups design. Dependent groups designs: Within-participants design, matched groups design – Mixed Designs – Single-participant design – Baseline designs. Non-experimental designs: Quasi-experiments – Time-series design, nonequivalent groups designs, longitudinal research, Cross-sectional research, Case-studies, Correlational research.

Unit- IV: Statistics: Organizing data: Frequency distribution – Graphs – Descriptive statistics: Measures of central tendency – Measures of variation – Types of distributions. Inferential statistics: z test – t test – Analysis of Variance – Correlation – Concepts related to correlation – Correlation coefficient – Regression. Non-parametric statistics: Mann-Whitney test – Wilcoxon Chi-square – Spearman Rank correlation – Kruskal-Wallis test. Analysis of data using SPSS

Unit- V: Report Writing and computers in research: Writing Proposal – Plagiarism – References and Intext citation – APA primer - Presenting research: Research report – Typing guidelines – Oral and Poster presentation. Computers in research – Internet and research.

Learning Resources

Recommended Text books

- 1. Evans, A.N., &Rooney, B. J. (2011). Methods in psychological research. New Delhi, India: Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Jackson, S.L. (2015). Research methods and statistics. New Delhi, India: Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Kothari, C. R.(2004). Research methodology,(2 nded). Chennai: New Age International Publishers.
- 4. Shaughnessy, J.J., Zechmeister, E.B. & D.S. (2006). Research Methods in Psychology. (7th ed.). Singapore: McGraw-Hill.

References

- 1. Coaley, K. (2009). An introduction to psychological assessment and psychometrics. New Delhi, India: Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Coolican, H. (2009). Research methods in statistics in psychology. New Delhi, India: Rawat Publications.
- 3. Gravetter, F.J., & Drzana, L.A.B. (2009). Research methods for behavioral sciences. Boston, MA: Wadsworth Cengage learning.
- 4. Mohanty, B., & Delhi, India: Sage

Publications.

- 5. Myers, J. (2008). Methods in psychological research. New Delhi, India: Sage Publications.
- 6. Ruyon, R.P, Haber, A, Pittenger, D.J., & Delamon, K.A. (2010). Fundamentals of behavioural statistics.

New York, NY: McGraw Hill.

7. Singh, A.K. (2006). Tests, measurements and research methods in behavioural sciences. Patna, India: BharatiBhavan Publishers.

Recap

• Reviewing of Psychological research done using various research designs, sampling techniques

Web source:

- https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/psychology/psychological-research
- https://opentextbc.ca/researchmethods/chapter/qualitative-research/
- https://www.studysmarter.us/explanations/psychology/research-methods-in-psychology/
- https://www.verywellmind.com/introduction-to-research-methods-2795793
- https://apaformat.org/apa-format-overview/

Out of Syllabus: Self Study

- Difference Between qualitative and quantitative research
- Recent research in the area of the specialization
- Students can submit a research proposal in their area of interest

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	1	1	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	1	1	1
Co3	2	1	1	1	2	3	2	1	1
CO4	2	3	2	1	3	1	1	1	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	1	1	1	1	1

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	1	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	1	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	3	3	1	2	2
Co5	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
Weightage	15	11	11	15	13	10	10	12
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.2	2.2	3	2.6	2	2	2.4

Course Name: COUNSELING SKILLS AND TECHNIQUES(Core III)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 1st year ,1st Semester

Credits: 4

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
5	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

The major objectives of this course are:

- 1. To acquire knowledge about skill based skills of counseling.
- 2. To examine the various techniques in counseling
- 3. To understand the skills and process of online counseling.
- 4. Practice the skills of attending, listening and responding with empathy using classroom activities and exercises.
- 5. To understand one' strengths and limitations in basic counseling skills.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Discuss the skills and techniques of counseling offline and online.

CO2(K3): Explain the basic counseling skills of listening, responding , challenging and formulating action plans.

CO3(K4): Identify and differentiate skills at different stages of Counseling.

CO4(K5): Evaluate the various counseling approaches that are skill based.

CO5(K6): Apply the skills of counseling through classroom activities and practicum

Unit- I: Counseling Skills and Ethical Issues: The Helping relationship and process: Humanising the

helping process: pragmatism-competence-respect-genuineness-client self-responsibility. Helping as

social influence process: Brief history of social influence in helping - Reconciling Self-responsibility and

social influence.

Unit II: Basic communication skills for helping: Communication skills I- Attending and Listening - The

importance of communication skills; Attending- Actively being with clients: The micro skills of

Attending, Non-verbal Communication, Social-Emotional Presence. Active Listening- Listening to and

Understanding Nonverbal behaviour, Listening to and Understanding Nonverbal messages, Listening to

and Understanding clients in context, Tough-minded Listening. Communication skills II: Basic empathy

and Probing - Empathy as a communication skill- The uses of Empathy - The Art of Probing.

Unit III - Stage I of the helping model and advanced communication skills: Stage I-: Helping clients

identify and clarify problem situations - Step I-A: Helping clients tell their stories. Step I-B: Helping

clients challenge themselves: Introduction to Challenging - The goals of Challenging: Developing new

perspectives, Linking new perspectives to action.

Stage II: Helping clients create a better future- Step II -A: Helping clients create a better future. Step II-

B -Translating possibilities into viable goals and Step II-C : Commitment to a program of constructive

change. Stage III: Determining how to get there- Step III-A: Brainstorming strategies for action, Step II-

B: Choosing the best strategies, Step III-C: Turning strategies into a plan.

Unit IV - Ivey model: The Micro skills Model, The Science and Art of Interviewing,

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Build on Your Natural Style of Helping, Competency Practice Exercise, Self-Understanding and Emotional Intelligence.

Unit- V: Online Counseling Skills: Establishing an online presence and online relationship, online expression and listening, establishing and maintaining an open dialogue. Professional considerations in online practice. Technological advances: Implications for Counseling Psychological research, training and practice Practicum: To practice basic skills of listening, responding, empathizing and summarizing in the classroom under supervised guidance.

Recap: Conducting quiz, class test, assigning students to do review sessions, "Question hour"

Learning Resources:

Recommended Textbooks:

- 1. Egan, G. (2019). The skilled helper: A problem-management and opportunity- development approach to helping, 11 th edition. Pacific Grove, CA: Brooks/Cole
- 2. Brown, S.D., & Lent, R.W.(2008).Handbook of counseling psychology (4 th Ed) Edison, NJ: John Wiley & Dons, Inc.
- 3. Evans, J (2009) Online Counseling and Guidance Skills: A resource for trainees & practitioners, 1 st Edition, Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 4. Ivey, A.E., Ivey, M.B.,& Zalaquett, C.P.(2018). Intentional interviewing and counselling. 9 th edition. Belmont, CA: Brooks/Cole Cengage learning Pub. Co.
- 5. Feltham, C.,& Horton, I.(2017). The SAGE handbook of counseling and psychotherapy (4th ed.). Los Angeles, CA: Sage Publications Pub. Co.
- 6. Nelson–Jones, R. (2011). Basic counseling skills: A helper's manual (2 nd Ed.). Chennai, India: Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd.

References:

- 1. Burnard, P. (1995). Counseling skills training: A source book of activities for trainers. London, England: Kogan Page Ltd.
- 2. Nelson-Jones (2010). The theory and practice of counseling and Therapy (5th ed). Sage.
- 3. Meier, A. & Boivin, M. (2010), Counseling & Therapy Technique, Theory and Practice (Sage)
- 4. Thompson,R.A.(2016). Counseling Techniques-Improving relationships with others, ourselves, our families, and our environment, 3rd ed. Routledge.

Web resources

- https://www.apa.org/education-career/ce/beyond-microskills.pdf
- $\bullet \qquad \underline{\text{https://cognella-titles-sneakpreviews.s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/82967}} \text{ 1A-URT/82967-1A_SP.pdf}$

Out of Syllabus: Self Study

- Cross-cultural differences in counseling
- Counseling in the Indian context

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	3	1	3	1	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	1	3	2	2	1	3	3
Co3	3	3	1	3	2	2	1	2	3
CO4	3	2	1	2	3	1	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	1	3	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3

CO2	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2
Co5	3	2	2	3	3	1	3	3
Weightage	15	14	14	10	14	11	15	14
Weighted percentage of	3	2.8	2.8	2	2.8	2.2	3	2.8
Course Contribution to Pos								

SEMESTER II- CORE

Course Name: PSYCHOMETRY (Core IV)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 1st Year, 2nd Semester

Credits: 5

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)	
5	1	0	0	

OBJECTIVES:

The major objectives of this course are:

- 1. To understand the steps in construction of Psychological tests.
- 2. To gain knowledge of the procedures in standardization and development of norms.
- 3. To describe item writing procedures for different types of tests.
- 4. To explain item analysis procedures used in test construction
- 5. To understand ways to minimize error in test construction.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Describe the steps in test construction and standardization

CO2(K3): Explain the requirements of item writing and methods in item analysis

CO3(K4): Analyze test construction principles for different types of tests.

CO4(K5): Summarize test standardization procedures such as reliability, validity and development of norms.

CO5(K6): Plan test construction and/or standardization procedures for hypothetical tests

Unit- I: The science of psychometrics. Psychometrics in the 21st century. Defining the test–Classification of tests – Characteristics of standardized tests. Scaling-Selecting a scaling method. Representative scaling methods. Criterion referenced tests and norm referenced tests.

Unit- II: Construction of Intelligence Tests: Item writing for Intelligence tests: Analogies, odd-man-out, sequences. Tests of ability and attainment: Content of items, multiple choice items. Advantages of multiple-choice items. True-false items, matching items, choosing the item type. Other item types, arrangement of items for a test trial, guessing. Constructing Personality Inventories- Problems in constructing personality Inventories. Writing items for personality Inventories: item forms, guidelines for item writing. Eliminating response sets. Item content.

Unit- III: Construction of Other Types of Tests: Objective tests: Advantages, principles, stimulus-instruction situation, and response scoring parameters. Distinction between objective tests of ability, temperament and dynamics. Practical hints for objective test construction in personality and motivation. Differential Activation of different subjects. The influence of ability and achievement on objective test scores. Group vs Individual tests. Objective test dimensions. Projective Tests-construction of projective tests. Item writing for mood and state scales. Attitude measurement: types of attitude scales.

Unit- IV: Item Analysis: Important variables for item analysis. Two indices in item analysis- correlations of items and the total score, choice of item –analytic statistics. Item scoring and item analysis, Item difficulty, Item discrimination, Item response theory. Selection of items after item analysis. Re-writing items. Failure to form a test.

Unit- V: Test Standardization: An overview of the different types of reliability and validity. Factors affecting reliability and validity- Generalizability of test scores. Norms- Meaning and purpose of norms. Raw score transformation. Percentile And Percentile Ranks, Standardized scores. Normalizing standard scores. T scores, stanines, Sten scores and C-Scale. Selecting a norm group--age and grade norms. Local and sub group norms. Practical difficulties in test construction.

Recap:

Conducting quiz, class test, assigning students to do review sessions, "Question hour"

Recommended Textbooks

- 1. Kline,P.(2015).A handbook of test construction: Introduction to psychometric design. NewYork, NY:Methuen.
- 2. Schultz,K. S., Whitney,D.J. &Zickar,M.J.(2021) Measurement theory in action-Case studies & Exercises,(3rd ed), Routledge, New York, Taylor &Francis
- 3. Rust, J., Kosinski, M., Stillwell, D, (2021). Modern psychometrics: The science of psychological measurement (4th edn)

References

- 1. Anastasi, A., & Urbina, S. (2017). Psychological testing. (7thed). Chennai, India: Pearson India Education Services, Pvt.Ltd.
- 2. Gregory,R.J.(2017).Psychological testing. (7th ed.). Chennai, India: Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Husain, A. (2012). Psychological Testing. Noida, India: Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt.Ltd.

Web references

- $\bullet\, https://files.eric.ed.gov/fulltext/EJ1083861.pdf$
- https://www.egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/73590/3/Unit-9.pdf

Out of Syllabus: Self Study

- Constructing own questionnaire and suggesting suitable methods of standardization.
- To follow steps given in Modern Psychometrics by Rust

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	1
CO2	3	2	1	3	3	3	2	2	2
Co3	3	2	1	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO4	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3
Co5	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3
Weightage	13	11	15	15	12	10	14	12

Weighted percentage of	2.6	2.2	3	3	2.4	2	2.8	2.4
Course Contribution to Pos								

Course Name: PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT - I (Core V)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 1st Year, 2nd Semester

Credits: 5

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
1	0	5	0

OBJECTIVES:

The major objectives of this course are:

- 1. To assist in the selection of appropriate tests.
- 2. To develop competence in Various types of Psychometric tests
- 3. To Administer psychological test according to the guidelines
- 4. To understand and interpret the person's test scores
- 5. To understand and solve the ethical issues in Psychological assessment.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Explain the conceptual framework of psychological testing.

CO2(K2): Identify the appropriate psychological test

CO3(K3): Determine how to discuss the obtained individual data.

CO4(K4): Evaluate the ethical issues in psychological testing.

CO5(K6): Infer the Individual differences through psychological testing.

At least 10 tests have to be conducted from the following list:

- 1. Raven's progressive matrices
- 2. Weschler's Adult Intelligence
- 3. Mallin's Intelligence Scale for Indian Children (MISIC)
- 4. Wechsler's Adult Performance Intelligence Scale (WAPIS)
- 5. Differential Aptitude tests
- 6. Adolescent Interest scale
- 7. David's Battery of Differential aptitude test III
- 8. Myers Briggs Type Indicator (MBTI)
- 9. Cattell's 16 Personality Factor Questionnaire (16PF)
- 10. Multiple Anxiety Inventory
- 11. Beck Depression Scale
- 12. Memory Scale
- 13. Assessment of Learning disability
- 14. Career maturity
- 15. Assertive Questionnaire
- 16. Students Stress Scale
- 17. Marital Adjustment Questionnaire

Recap: The test can be discussed along with the process of construction and validation

Recommended Textbooks:

- 1. Anastasi. A. & Urbina. S. (2002), Psychological testing, 7th Edition, Pearson Education, USA
- 2. Gregory.R.J. (2005). *Psychological testing, history, principles and applications*. 4th Edition, Pearson Education, USA.

References:

- 1. Freeman, G.B. (1971) Theory and Practice of Psychological testing. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.
- 2. Kaplan, R.M &Saccuzzo, D.P (2007). Psychological Testing. Delhi: Cengage Learning India.
- 3. Singh, A.K. (2004). Test Measurements and Research Methods in Behavioural Sciences. Patna: Bharat Bhavan Publishers and Distributors.

Web resource:

- https://www.psychologydiscussion.net/essays/essay-on-the-uses-psychological-test/742
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6HtnBBmuZpI
- https://www.verywellmind.com/psychometric-properties-425262

Self-study:

- Students can refer the psychological research done using the above test
- They can conduct a research study using the tests.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	1	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	1	3	3	3	3	3	2
Co3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Co5	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	10	15	15	12	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2	3	3	2.4	3	3	3

Course Name: BEHAVIOR MODIFICATION (Core VI)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 1st Year, 2nd Semester

Credits: 4

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
5	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

The major objectives of this course are:

- 1. Learn the terminology, procedures, and techniques of Behavior Modification
- 2. Equip students to apply these principles within the real-world environment.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Demonstrate knowledge of the basic principles and techniques in operant and classical conditioning.

CO2(K3): Apply the behavioral model to the procedure and practical applications of various techniques to establish new behaviors

CO3(K4): Distinguish between behavior modification techniques to increase desirable behavior and decrease undesirable behavior, and their practical applications

CO4(K4): Distinguish between behavior modification techniques for anxiety induction and anxiety reduction, and their practical applications

CO5(K5): Recommend individualized behavior modification plans based on the various techniques learnt

Unit- I: Basic Concepts: Definition and characteristics of behavior modification: Historical aspects. Areas of application. Reinforcement - positive and negative reinforcement, escape and avoidance behaviors, conditioned and unconditioned reinforcers, factors that influence the effectiveness of reinforcement, schedules of reinforcement. Punishment - positive and negative punishment - Factors that influence the effectiveness of punishment. Respondent conditioning, timing of neutral and unconditioned stimulus, higher order conditioning, conditioned emotional responses, extinction of conditioned responses, discrimination and generalization of respondent behavior, Influential factors of respondent conditioning. Introduction to a functional behavioral analysis. Basic behavioral principles of the A-B-C contingency. Formal behavioral assessment. A brief look at the areas of application.

Unit- II: Procedures to Establish New Behaviours: Stimulus control: discrimination and generalization. Defining stimulus control, stimulus discrimination training, the three-term contingency. Generalization, Shaping and its applications - How to use shaping, shaping of problem behaviors. Prompting and fading techniques. Types of prompts. How to use prompting and transfer of stimulus control (for example in autism). Chaining, Examples of behavioral chains, analyzing stimulus-response chains, task analysis, backward chaining, forward chaining, total task presentation. Chaining Components of behavioral skills training procedures. Modeling, instructions, rehearsal, feedback.

Unit- III: Procedures to Increase Desirable Behavior and Decrease Undesirable Behavior: Differential reinforcement of alternative behavior, differential reinforcement of other behavior-Differential

reinforcement of low rates of responding. Antecedent control procedures. Using antecedent control strategies. Using punishment. Timeout, Response Cost.

Unit- IV: Other Behavior Change Procedures

Token economy, practical considerations, implementing a token economy, applications of token economy, advantages and disadvantages of a token economy. Behavioral contract, components of a behavioral contract. Cognitive behavior changes procedures, Thought stopping. Introduction to third wave therapies—Dialectical Behaviour therapy, Metacognitive therapy.

Unit- V: Overview of Assessment, Formulation and Intervention in Clinical Conditions:

Clinical Conditions— Depression, panic, OCD, GAD, eating disorders, PTSD. Anxiety reduction procedures

— Defining fear and anxiety problems, procedures to reduce fear and anxiety—relaxation, systematic

desensitization, in-vivo desensitization. Anxiety induction procedures — implosive therapy flooding,

aversive counterconditioning—use of electric shock, covert sensitization.

Recap: Conducting quiz, class test, assigning students to do review sessions, "Question hour"

Recommended Textbooks

- 1. Miltenberger, R.G. (2016). *Behavior modification: Principles and procedures*. (6th ed.). Boston, MA: Wadsworth Cengage Learning.
- 2. Masters, J. C., Burish, T. G., Hollon, S. D., &Rimm, D. C. (1987). *Behavior Therapy: Techniques And Empirical Findings*. (3rded.). New York, NY: Harcourt Brace Jovanovich College Publishers.

References:

1. Kanfer, F.H., &Saslow, G. (1965). Behavioral analysis: An alternative to diagnostic classification. Archives of *GeneralPsychiatry*, 12(6),529-538.

2. Simos, G. (2002). Vol I &II *Cognitive behavior therapy: A guide for the practicing clinician* (Vol1) London, England: Brunner-Routledge.

Web resources

- https://in.sagepub.com/en-in/sas/behavior-modification/journal200900#description
- https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec22 ed04/preview

Out of Syllabus: Self Study

- Observation of videos of case studies using different methods of behavior modification
- An overview of strategies to promote generalization in behavior change.
- Assertiveness training

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	1	3	2	1	2	2	2	1
CO2	3	1	1	3	3	1	2	3	2
Co3	3	2	1	2	3	1	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	1	2	3	1	3	3	2
CO5	3	2	1	2	3	1	3	3	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	2
CO2	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
Co5	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
Weightage	15	14	14	10	11	13	14	14
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.8	2.8	2	2.2	2.6	2.8	2.8

SEMESTER III- CORE

Course Name: APPLIED SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY (CoreVII)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 2nd Year, 3rd Semester

Credits: 5

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
5	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES: -

Main objectives of this Course are:

- 1. To understand the key issues and theoretical concepts of applied social psychology and examine the roles of applied social psychologists.
- 2. To analyze the intricacies underlying the theories of attribution and social cognition and to gain insight in the formation of attitudes and analyze its impact on behavior.
- 3. Examine the causes of prejudice and explore techniques to prevent them.
- 4. To gain an understanding on the cognitive, affective and behavioral process of individuals as influenced by group interaction.
- 5. To understand the applications of applied social psychology to social issues in the field of media, legal system, politics, work settings, community, health and environment.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1 Delineates the theoretical concepts of applied social psychology and appraise the role of applied social psychologist.

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CO2 Explain the attribution concept and relate the information in social context to explain and predict others behavior.

CO3 Explore the influence of social indicators on the formation of attitude and examine the attitudebehavior relationship.

CO4 Demonstrate ability to articulate about group behavior, prejudice and its influence on individuals' behavior.

CO5 Apply the principles of social psychology in various fields like media, legal system politics, work settings, community, health and environment.

Unit- I: Introduction: Definition of Social Psychology and Applied Social Psychology, Historical Context of Applied Social Psychology, Research Methods in Applied Social Psychology, Role of Applied Social Psychologists.

Unit- II: Understanding Others & Social Cognition: Nonverbal Communication: Basic Channels, Recognizing Deception. Attribution: Theories, Basic sources of error, Applications. Impression Formation & Schemas, sources of error in social cognition.

Unit- III: Attitude & Prejudice: Attitude: Meaning – three components – Attitude Formation: Social Learning, Genetic Factors, Attitude Functions, Attitude- Behavior link. Persuasion: The Early Approach & Early Approach. Attitude Change: Cognitive Dissonance – Attitude scales. Prejudice: Nature, Sources, Consequences, Techniques for minimizing prejudice.

Unit- IV: Group Dynamics & Leadership: Group: Nature, functions, types of group, theories of group formation, Social facilitation, Social loafing, Group Think, Influence of minority. Leadership: Meaning – three major types – functions – theories – Nature and impact in groups, Gender differences, Leader effectiveness, Transformational, transactional and other types of leadership.

Unit V: Applying Social Psychology to arenas of life and to one's own life: Applying social psychology: In Media, Legal System, Politics, Work settings, Community/Culture, Health and Environmental Psychology, social neuroscience Applying social psychology to personal relationships, to classroom and to good life - balance optimism and pessimism.

Recommended texts

- 1. Robert A. Baron & R. Branscombe, Social Psychology, 13 th Edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. David G. Myers, PremSahajpal, PushpitaBehera. (2012) Social Psychology, 10 thEdition,McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited.
- 3. Robert S. Feldman, (2001). Social Psychology 3 rd Edition, Pearson.

References:

- 1. Schultz, W., Oskamp.S (2000). Social Psychology: An applied perspective, Upper saddle River, NJ Prentice Hall.
- 2. Frank W.Schneider., Jamie A. Gruman., Larry M.Coutts. (2005) Applied social Psychology-Understanding and Addressing Social and Practical Problems, Sage publications.
- 3. Gruman J, A,: Schneider, F. W. & Delhi: Coutts, L.M. (2017). Applied Social Psychology: Understanding and Addressing Social and Practical problems. 3ed edition. New Delhi: Sage Publications.

Web resources

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9VIWm6OJA4k scope of social psychology in India
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tcvouz1v12M social psychology

Out of Syllabus: Self Study

• Develop a semi structured interview schedule and conduct an attitude survey

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	2	3	1	3	3	3	1

CO2	3	2	2	3	1	3	2	1	1
Co3	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	1	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	2
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
Co5	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	3
Weightage	15	10	14	10	11	14	11	13
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2	2.8	2	2.2	2.8	2.2	2.6

Course Name: ADVANCED COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY (CoreVIII)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 2nd Year, 3rd Semester

Credits: 5

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
5	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES: -

Main objectives of this Course are:

- 1. To develop an understanding of Cognitive Neuropsychology
- 2. To give orientation about different methods in cognitive neuroscience
- 3. To explain brain structure and functions
- 4. To develop the concept behind the neurological functions of sensory, motor, attention and memory
- 5. To provide the understanding of brain functions related to executive functions, emotions and social cognition

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K1): Recognize the importance of cognitive neuropsychology and its connections to human behavior

CO2(K2): Explain about various methods in cognitive neuroscience and its applications

CO3(K2): Understand the structure and functions of brain and its application in understanding various disorders

CO4(K4): Discuss the importance of cognitive bases of perception and the neural bases of sensory motor functions

CO5(K3): Explain the neural background for higher order cognitive functions, such as attention, language, executive functions, learning and memory, consciousness and emotion regulation.

Unit- I: Introduction to cognitive neuropsychology— Brief History of cognitive neuroscience — Present and existing future of cognitive neuroscience, experimental approaches to Brain functions- localization and lateralization overview of methods in cognitive neuroscience - Invasive and noninvasive methods.

Unit- II: Introduction to brain- Structure and functions of the Neuron, Brain Anatomy and functionsthe gross organization of the brain- lobes, cerebrum- cerebral cortex- subcortex- midbrainhindbrain- connectivity of the brain- neurotransmitters and hormones.

Unit- III: Memory and Language: Working Memory – Process of Forgetting – Memory Distortions – Reconstructive Retrieval – Recovered Memory – Memory Illusion – False Memory – Eyewitness Testimony – Approaches to Memory- Information processing & connectionist. Defining Language – Origin of Language – Meaning, Structure and Use – Universal Language – Language acquisition, models of reading and language comprehension; Meaning and beyond; Language production

Unit- IV: Problem Solving and reasoning: Types of Thinking – Well Defined and Ill-Defined Problems – Productive and Reproductive Problems – Model of Problem Solving - Reasoning and Decision Making – Categorical Syllogism – Conditional Syllogism – Errors in Deductive Thinking – Theories of Deductive Reasoning – Syllogistic Reasoning, Syllogistic Forms – Common Errors – Conditional Reasoning – Inductive Reasoning – General Inductions – Specific Inductions

Unit- V: Neuropsychological tests – principles of neuropsychological assessment- rationale and goals (orientation sensation, perception attention and concentration, motor skills, verbal functions and languages) overview of neuropsychological battery- domains and measures of tests- HalsteradReitan, luria Nebraska, PGI BBP, NIMHANS battery

Recap: Importance of cognitive- neuro- psychology, structure and functions of brain- neural basis for sensory, motor, attention, speech and language functions, memory, forgetting, reasoning, problem solving and decision making, Social and emotional cognition.

Learning Resources:

Recommended Text Books:

- 1. Jamie Ward (2015), "The Student's Guide to Cognitive Neuroscience"- Third Edition, Psychology Press, London NewYork
- 2. Baddley, A. (1997). Human memory: Theory and practice. New York: Psychology Press.
- 3. Harley, Treror, A. (2002). The psychology of language: From data to theory. Taylor Francis.
- 4. Smith, E.E. &Kosslyn, (2007). Cognitive psychology: Mind and brain. Prentice Hall.
- 5. Tripathi, A.N. &Babu, Nandita (2008). Cognitive processes. In Misra, G. (Ed.). Psychology in India: Advances in Research, Vol. 1. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 6. Liro P. Jaaskelainen (2015), "Introduction to Cognitive Neuroscience" bookboon.com

References:

- 1. Kellogg, R. (2016). Fundamentals of cognitive psychology. Thousand Oaks: SAGE Publications.
- 2. Smith, E., Kosslyn, S., &Barsalou, L. (2008). Cognitive psychology. New Delhi [India]: Prentice Hall of India.
- 3. Sternberg, R., & Sternberg, K. Cognitive psychology (7th ed.). Wadsworth Publishing.
- 4. Groom , D. (2014) . An Introduction to Cognitive Psychology Processes and Disorders. USA: Psychology Press.
- 5. Reed, S. K. (2010). Cognition Theories and Applications . UK: Wadsworth Cengage Learning.

Web Sources:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EtxibYcyDz0

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=plm9tmkOV88
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZudHhIDG3M4
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kVollCt4_dQ
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gdzmNwTLakg
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tFHL1_DStY8

Outside Syllabus: Self Study

- Trends in cognitive neuroscience research
- Hemispheric Specialization
- Brain damage and neurological disorder
- Neuroimaging and EEG
- Reflection of Neurological issues in cognition , affect and action
- Social Cognition. Personality. Evolutionary Psychology and brain

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	1	3	3	1	3	3	3
Co3	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	3	1
CO5	3	3	1	3	3	1	2	3	1

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	3

CO2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
Co5	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
Weightage	15	13	15	10	10	10	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.6	3	2	2	2	3	3

Course Name: PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT – II (Core IX)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 2nd Year, 3rd Semester

Credits: 5

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
1	0	5	0

OBJECTIVES: -

Main objectives of this Course are:

- 1. To gain knowledge in assessment used at workplace
- 2. To familiarize with Psychometric properties of tests
- 3. To Administer psychological test according to the guidelines
- 4. To understand and interpret the person's test scores
- 5. To understand and solve the ethical issues in Psychological assessment.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Explain the application of psychological testing at work place.

CO2 (K2): Identify the appropriate psychological test in recruiting and managing employees

CO3(K3): Determine how to discuss the obtained individual data and write a report

CO4(K4): Evaluate the ethical issues in psychological testing.

CO5(K6): Infer the Individual differences through psychological testing.

At least 10 tests have to be conducted from the following list

- 1. Communication Skills Assessment
- 2. Emotional Intelligence
- 3. Work Motivation
- 4. Organizational Commitment
- 5. Job Involvement
- 6. Organizational Stress
- 7. Fundamental Interpersonal Relationship Organization Behavior
- 8. Work Motivation Questionnaire (WMQ)
- 9. Conflict Style Inventory
- 10. Managing by Motivation
- 11. Daftuar Types at Work (DTAW)
- 12. Leadership Effectiveness Scale
- 13. Employee Engagement Scale
- 14. Working Styles Assessment
- 15. Organization Effectiveness Scale

Recap: The test can be discussed along with the process of construction and validation

Recommended Text Books:

- 1. Anastasi. A. &Urbina.S. (2002), *Psychological testing*, 7th Edition, Pearson Education, USA
- 2. Gregory.R.J. (2005). *Psychological testing, history, principles and applications*. 4th Edition, Pearson Education, USA.

References:

- 1. Freeman, G.B. (1971) Theory and Practice of Psychological testing. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.
- 2. Kaplan, R.M &Saccuzzo, D.P (2007). Psychological Testing. Delhi: Cengage Learning India.
- 3. Singh, A.K. (2004). Test Measurements and Research Methods in Behavioural Sciences. Patna: Bharat Bhavan Publishers and Distributors.

Web resources:

- https://www.psychologydiscussion.net/essays/essay-on-the-uses-of-psychological-test/742
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6HtnBBmuZpl
- https://www.verywellmind.com/psychometric-properties-425262

Outside Syllabus: Self Study

- Students can refer the psychological research done using the above test
- They can conduct a research study using the tests.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	1	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	1	3	3	3	3	3	2
Co3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2

PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8

CO1	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Co5	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	10	15	15	12	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2	3	3	2.4	3	3	3

Course Name: SCHOOL COUNSELING (CoreX)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 2nd Year, 3rd Semester

Credits: 4

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
5	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES: -

Main objectives of this Course are:

- 1. To help students understand and identify with their role as School Counselors
- 2. To enhance the knowledge on the distinct problem areas concerning school children
- 3. To learn the basic assessments pertaining to the problem areas of school children.
- 4. To enable efficient delivery of counseling services for the school children in individual and group settings
- 5. To learn the skill of collaboration with parents and teachers both for awareness and intervention, advocacy

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Familiarize and conceptualize the issues pertaining to school-going children.

CO2(K3): Employ counseling techniques grounded in evidence based approaches to help school children

CO3(K3):Facilitate the collaboration with parents and authorities to address the needs of children

CO4(K4): Illustrate ethically informed practice, in both individual and group settings.

CO5(K6): Formulate, Implement and Evaluate skill development program for school children.

Unit- I: Introduction to School Counseling: History of School Counseling: Pioneers, Evolution of Identity and Challenges: Organizational, Institutional and Political; the purpose of School counseling program – A comprehensive program: facilities and resources – Varying roles of school of counselors – training of school counselors- culturally competent counseling skills. Factors influencing school counseling

Unit- II: Theories of School Counseling: Developmental considerations: Physical, Social and Cognitive Development of Children. Theories by Piaget, Vygotsky, Kohlberg and Bronfrenbrenner. Psychological Approaches and Methods to counseling: Adlerian; Behaviorism; Rogerian; CBT; Reality Therapy with Choice Theory; Solution-focused; Strength Based.

Unit— III: Counseling Young Children: Children with Problems of Affect, Counseling Elementary and preschool Students for relationship problems, counseling students with acting out behavior problems.

Counselling the Middle School Students – Problems of Adolescents Counselling and Adolescent Identity Formation, Sexual and Gender Identity, Problems of Relationships, Problems of Affect. Counseling in High Schools – Adolescents and Relationships.

Unit- IV: Counseling Children with Special Needs: Role of School Counselors as Advocates for Children with Disabilities. Counselor's Role with Parents of Children with Disabilities, Counseling Gifted Children.

Counseling Children of Homeless Families, Truancy and School Refusal, Juvenile Justice System, Illegal Drug and Alcohol Use, Smoking, Self-Destruction Behaviors, Death and Grief.

Unit- V: Assessment, Collaboration and Advocacy: Student Assessment, Counseling Individual and Group counseling, Consultation and Collaboration in School Counseling, Educational and Career Development, Evaluation of School Counseling Programs, Professional Ethics and Legal Issues. ASCA framework.

Recap: Develop a comprehensive skills development program for the students and facilitate a group discussion enlisting the challenges.

Learning Resources:

Recommended Text books:

- 1. Charles L. Thompson, Donna A. Henderson (2007) Counseling Children (Seventh Edition) International Students Edition. USA Thomson Brooks/Cole
- 2. Robert J. Wright, Widener University (2012) Introduction to School Counseling, New Delhi, Sage Publication
- 3. Susan C. Whiston, (3rd Edition) Principles and Application of Assessment in Counseling, (International Student Edition). USA: Brooks / Cole Cengage Learning.
- 4. Henderson, D. A., & Thompson, C. L. (2015). Counseling children. Cengage Learning.
- 5. Schmidt, J. J. (1999). Counseling in schools Essential services and comprehensive programs, (3rd ed).Boston: Allyn& Bacon.
- 6. Theodore, L. A. (Ed.). (2016). *Handbook of evidence-based interventions for children and adolescents*. Springer Publishing Company.
- 7. Brown, N. W. (1994). *Group counseling for elementary and middle school children*. Greenwood Publishing Group.
- 8. Dollarhide, C. T., &Lemberger-Truelove, M. E. (Eds.). (2018). *Theories of school counseling for the 21st century*. Oxford University Press.
- 9. Kolbert, J. B., Williams, R. L., Morgan, L. M., Crothers, L. M., & Hughes, T. L. (2016). *Introduction to professional school counseling: Advocacy, leadership, and intervention*. Routledge.
- 10. Gibson, R. L., & Mitchell, M. H. (2005). Introduction to counseling and guidance. Pearson Education.

References:

1. D.Weist, Stewen E. Evaus and Nancy A. Lever Springer (2003) Handbook of School Mental Health - Advancing Practice and Research, New York: Springer Publication.

- 2. Bowers, J., & Hatch, P. A. (2005). *The ASCA national model: A framework for school counseling programs*. American School Counselor Association, 1101 King Street, Suite 625, Alexandria, VA 22314.
- 3. Curry, J., & Fazio-Griffith, L. (Eds.). (2013). *Integrating play techniques in comprehensive school counseling programs*. IAP.

Web Resources:

- History: One Hundred Years of School Counseling
- Counseling Session Demo with Commentary: Student's Problems and Counselling
- The Elementary School Counselor: The School Counselor
- SWAYAM Course on School Counseling: CEC21 ED14
- https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCGW1BH-tJncYqWVIPijDvyA/videos
- IGNOU_https://www.egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/23960/1/Unit-3.pdf
- https://us.sagepub.com/sites/default/files/upm-binaries/42517 6 pdf.pdf
- https://us.sagepub.com/sites/default/files/upm-assets/5182 book item 5182.pdf

Out of Syllabus: Self Study

- Integrating play therapy techniques into school counselling
- Challenges in the field of school counselling: Critically Evaluate.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	1	3	2	1	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO3	3	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	3

CO2	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	12	14	10	11	13	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.4	2.8	2	2.2	2.6	3	3

SEMESTER-IV: CORE

Course Name: HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT (Core XI)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 2nd Year, 4th Semester

Credits: 5

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
5	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES: -

Main objectives of this Course are:

- 1. To introduce the fundamental concepts of the HR Department and its structure, personnel policies and principles.
- 2. To enable the students to learn the process and the sources of planning, recruitment, selection and identify appropriate performance appraisal methods.
- 3. To impart skills in designing training and development programs and explain the maintenance of Human Resources.
- 4. To understand the appraisal process and methods.
- 5. To investigate the causes of stress and describe the models of stress.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K1): Define and describe human resource management.

CO2(K3): Examine the process and sources of recruitment.

CO3(K4): Analyze the techniques of training.

CO4(K5): Evaluate the different types of rewards.

CO5(K6): Discuss the legal benefits and services provided by organizations.

Unit- I: Introduction to Human Resource Management- Scope- Objectives of human resource management-Structure and functions of human resource department - Image and qualities of HR managers - Evolution of human resource management -Personnel policies and principles -Human

resource management model.

Unit- II: Acquisition of Human Resources- Human resource planning and forecasting - Job analysis - Job

description and Job specification-Process and sources of recruitment-Selection process.

Unit- III: Development of Human Resources- Training and development- Designing training and

development programme- Methods and techniques of training- Evaluation of training program.

Unit- IV: Motivation of Human Resources -Job design work scheduling and motivation-Job

characteristics model- Job enrichment- Job rotation- Work modules- Flextime-New trends in work

scheduling. Performance Appraisal - Appraisal process - Appraisal methods - Factors distorting

appraisals. Rewarding the productive employee -Types of rewards-Qualities of effective rewards-

Criteria for distribution of rewards.

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Unit- V: Maintenance of Human Resources- Benefits and Services-Legal benefits and services provided by organizations. Disciplining the problem employee. Safety and health- The occupational safety and health act. Safety programme- Causes of accidents- Preventive measures. Health programmes- Causes of stress - A model of job stress - Causes of burnout – Reducing burnout.

Recap: Image and qualities of HR managers, Designing training and development programme, Factors distorting appraisals, Causes of accidents.

Learning Resources:

Recommended Texts:

- 1. Decenzo, D.A.,Robbins-D. A.,Verhulst,L.S. (2015).HumanResourceManagement(11th ed) India:Wiley.
- 2. Aswathappa K. (2006). Human Resource and Personnel Management (4th ed.). New Delhi:Tata McGraw Hill Publishing company limited.
- 3. Dessler D. & De

References:

- 1.Mamoria-C. B (2007).PersonalManagement, Twelfth edition, Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House
- 2. Durai.P.(2020). Human Resource Management (3rd ed).India: Pearson Education.
- 3. Decenzo D.A. Robbins D. A. (2007). Personnel/ Human Resource Management India: Prentice-Hall Private Limited.

Web sources:

• https://www.economicsdiscussion.net > personnel-policies- Personnel Policies: Meaning, Definitions, Types, Importance

- https://www.toppr.com > human-resource-management- Recruitment Process : HRM, External and Internal Sources
- https://safetyculture.com > Topics- The Process of Evaluating Training Programs Safety Culture
- https://kitaboo.com > training-evaluation-evaluate-training- 5 Best Ways to Evaluate Training Effectiveness and Impact

Out of Syllabus: Self Study

- Equal employment opportunity
- Career development.
- Research in Human Research Management.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	2	2	1	2	2	1	3	3	1
CO2	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	3	1
Co3	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	1	2	1	2	2	3
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	3
Co5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
Weightage	15	13	12	11	11	10	10	12
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.2	2	2	2.4

Course Name: COMMUNITY PSYCHOLOGY (Core XII)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 2nd Year, 4th Semester

Credits: 5

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
5	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES: -

Main objectives of this Course are:

- 1. To understand the important concepts in community Psychology.
- 2. To understand the fields of community psychology.
- 3. To describe the various preventive measures that can be adopted in the community.
- 4. To explain ways to provide supportive measures in the community and psychological first aid in cases of traumatic stress.
- 5. To analyze ways in which community and social change can be facilitated.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Describe the concepts of Community Psychology

CO2(K3): Explain the importance of working with the Community

CO3(K4): Classify the community interventions and psychological first aid.

CO4(K5): Investigate on the needs of the community

CO5(K6): Recommend strategies for proper implementation of community psychology projects.

Unit- I: Introducing Community Psychology: History of community psychology. Aims of community research. Methods of community psychology research. Understanding individuals within environments and the community

Unit- II: Preventing problem behavior and promoting social competence: Understanding the key concepts of prevention and promotion. Ways to implement programs.

Unit- III: Promoting community and social change: Citizen participation and empowerment. Program evaluation and program development.

Unit- IV: Community based psychological first aid: Introduction. On being a helper in providing CBPFA.

Traumatic stress.-emotional, physical, behavioral and cognitive reactions to stress. Stress of disasters.

Coping with stress.CBPFA with marginalized and rural communities.

Unit -V: Group service learning project on a community related issue: Skill training exercises for the students.

Recap: Conducting quiz, class test, assigning students to do review sessions, "Question hour"

Learning Resources

Recommended Text Books

- 1. Thomas, E., Kloos B., Hill J., Wandersman A., Elias M.J. & Dalton, J.H. (2012) Community Psychology: Linking Individuals and Communities, 3rd Edition. Wadsworth Publishing.
- 2. Jacobs, G.A. (2016) Community based Psychological first aid -- A Practical Guide to Helping Individuals and Communities During Difficult Times, Elsevier, Ltd.

References:

- 1. Johnson, D.W. (1986) Reaching out interpersonal effectiveness and self-actualization, 3rd edition. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- 2. Johnson, D.W. & Johnson F.P. (1982) Joining together, 2nd Edition. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.

Web References:

- www.springer.com
- www.gicpp.org
- www.scrahl.org

Out of Syllabus: Self Study

• Social Issues and community based interventions relevant to the Indian context.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	2	3	3	1	1	2	3
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	3
Co3	3	3	1	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	3	3	3

CO2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
Co5	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	13	12	10	11	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.6	2.4	2	2.2	3	3	3

Course Name: DISSERTATION with Viva Voce

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 2nd Year, 4th Semester

Credits: 7

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
0	3	5	2

OBJECTIVES:

Major objectives of this course are:

- 1. Identify the research problem on the basis of relevant literature review
- 2. Adopt appropriate research design to undertake the research study
- 3. Apply research methodology in selection of sample, finalization of tools for research
- 4. Collect data and analyze the results
- 5. Present the research work in the form of dissertation

LEARNING OUTCOMES: -

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Identify gap in knowledge in existing literature

CO2(K3): Apply appropriate sampling techniques and research design

CO3(K2): Choose appropriate psychological tools for data collection

CO4(K6): Design an research plan and carry out a independent research

CO5(K6): Prepare a research report

SUGGESTED FORMAT FOR DISSERTATION

Unit-I: Introduction:

- 1.1. Conceptual Framework / Theoretical Framework
- 1.2. Need of the study

Unit- II: Review of Related Literature (Last ten years)

- 2.1. Introduction (Brief)
- 2.2. Studies on variables, sample and related variables and samples
- 2.3. Critical analysis of reviews collected

Unit- III: Method of Investigation

- 3.1 Introduction
- 3.2 Statement of the Problem
- 3.3 Objectives
- 3.4 Hypotheses
- 3.5 Research Design (Methodology)
- 3.6 Sample (Sample, Sample Size, Sampling technique & Delimitation)
- 3.7 Variables
- 3.8 Tools (Description of the Tools Author(s), Year, Target Group, No of items, Scoring, Norms, Reliability & Validity)
- 3.9 Statistical techniques

Unit- IV: Results and Discussion

- 4.1 Introduction
- 4.2 Tables followed with discussion

Unit-V: Summary and Conclusion

- 5.1 Summary (one and half pages)
- 5.2 Findings
- 5.3 Suggestions & Recommendations
- 5.4 Implications
- 5.5 Conclusion

Reference (APA FORMAT)

Appendices (Tools used, item analysis if any, special diagrams, photographs if any)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	1	2	3	3	3	1	2
CO2	3	2	1	2	3	3	2	2	2
Co3	3	2	1	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Co5	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	12	15	15	12	14	13	12
Weighted percentage of	3	2.4	3	3	2.4	2.8	2.6	2.4

Course				
Contribution to				
Pos				

ELECTIVES

Course Name: GERIATRIC: CHALLENGES AND DEVELOPMENT (Elective I)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 1st year, 1st Semester

Credits: 3

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
4	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

Major objectives of this course are:

- 1. Acquire an insight about the aging process
- 2. Envisage the physical and psychological changes of the aged people
- 3. Identify the symptoms of mental illness in old age.
- 4. List out the welfare policies and agents for elderly care.
- 5. Express the issues of caregiving, case management and long term care regulations

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Attain a comprehensive and scientific knowledge based on various aspects relating to geriatric care.

CO2(K3): Analyze the health issues arising during old age.

CO3(K4): Illustrate the welfare needs of the aged

CO4(K4): Demonstrate skill development in managing elderly people in the family and community settings for the welfare of the elder persons.

CO5(K6): Identify and promote support systems and networking for care of the older persons.

Unit- I: Physiological conditions of old age: Understanding the physiological conditions of old age in context to life style, socio economic conditions, gender -Old age from an old age perspective- Old age from society's perspective – Life expectancy in India and abroad – sensory problems – vision and eye diseases – cataracts – glaucoma – hearing loses – problems in movement and balance – Parkinson disease and dental problems – alcohol abuse – sexual activity.

Unit- II: Health issues in old age: Heart diseases – BP – other cardiovascular problems – arthritis, diabetics, osteoporosis, cancer, kidney or bladder diseases, incontinence, indigestion, urinary tract infections, changes in the nervous system, immune system.

Unit- III: Mental illness in old age: Symptoms of mental illness in old age – stress – different forms of stressors in old age – depression – Alzheimer and dementia – confusion due to multiple medication – loneliness – panic disorder-fear of death – anxiety – reduced mental and cognitive functioning – suicidal tendency – insomnia – substance abuse – falls.

Unit- IV: Care and welfare needs of old age: Physical needs – health care needs – social needs – psychological needs – financial needs – retirement – singleness – adjustment problems of the aged – violence, neglect, abuse, crime, empty nest syndrome – governmental and nongovernmental welfare measures for the aged.

Unit- V: Elderly care and management: Knowledge and skills required for old age care planning-assessments – financial support- legal and medical issues – referrals, advocacy and counseling – finding the resources human and material.

Recap: Problems of old age people staying at home as well as old age homes can be reviewed.

Responsible behavior of families and citizens towards old age people can be discussed.

Learning Resources:

Recommended Textbooks:

- **1.** Behr, N. K. &Monhanty R P. (2005). Aging in changing social systems their problems. New Delhi: Discovery Publishers House.
- 2. Iswar M. (2001). Aging Human Development. New Delhi: Rawat Publications.
- Sandrock, J.W. (1999). Lifespan development. New York: Mac-Graw Hill Publishing.

References:

- 1. Johnson. M. (2005). The Cambridge handbook of age and ageing . New York: Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Mc- Innis Dittrich, K. (2009). Social work with older adults: A biopsychosocial approach to assessment and intervention. Boston: Allen and Bacon.

Web sources:

- Educative videos on various welfare schemes, old age living conditions, counseling old generations and the like can be shared with the students.
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Z_LbsK6LelE problems of elderly in India.
- https://www.seniority.in/blog/10-government-schemes-launched-for-the-benefit-of-senior-citizens/ aging policies and welfare schemes in India.

Out of Syllabus: Self Study

- Visit to old age homes/senior citizen colony, terminally ill senior citizens can be observed a report submitted for gaining deeper understanding to the life of old people for their perspective,
- Students can adopt an old age home and provide psychological assistance to them to better understand how to function as a psychologist.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	1	2	3	1	2	2	2
CO2	2	2	1	3	3	1	3	3	3

CO3	2	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	3	1	2	3	3	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
Co5	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
Weightage	14	14	15	11	13	13	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	2.8	2.8	3	2.2	2.6	2.6	3	3

Course Name: PSYCHOLOGICAL INTERVENTION FOR DEVELOPMENTAL DISORDERS (Elective II)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 1st year ,1st Semester

Credits: 3

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
4	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

On successful completion of syllabus students will be able to:

- 1. To introduce various Developmental Disorders
- 2. To understand the causal factors of childhood disorders.
- 3. To gain knowledge about the different types of assessment used in psycho diagnosis of childhood disorders.
- 4. To explain the psychological principles in management of childhood disorders.
- 5. To recommend suitable intervention strategies in hypothetical case studies.

LEARNING OUTCOMES: -

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Describe the clinical picture of childhood disorders.

CO2(K2): Explain the causal factors and prevalence of childhood disorders.

CO3(K3): Compare the diagnostic criteria of different childhood disorders.

CO4(K4): Identify the different types of psychological assessment of various childhood disorders.

CO5(K5): Apply various behavioural management and remedial education strategies for the different developmental disorders through hypothetical case discussions.

Unit- I: Intellectual Disability - Definition, classification, prevalence, etiology, early identification, interpersonal deficits, behavior problems and management. Common intellectual disability syndromes - hypothyroidism, Fragile X syndrome, Down's, William's, PKU.

Unit- II: Language and learning disabilities- Definition, prevalence, etiology – social and

motivational factors. Assessment- tests of intelligence and cognitive abilities - underlying psychological and cognitive deficits. Treatment approaches- individualized educational program, remedial teaching.

Unit- III: Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder- Diagnostic criteria – co morbid factors - academic, social & Diagnostic criteria – co morbid factors - academic, social & Diagnostic criteria – co morbid factors - academic, social & Diagnostic criteria – co morbid factors - academic, social & Diagnostic criteria – co morbid factors - academic, social & Diagnostic criteria – co morbid factors - academic, social & Diagnostic criteria – co morbid factors - academic, social & Diagnostic criteria – co morbid factors - academic, social & Diagnostic criteria – co morbid factors - academic, social & Diagnostic Criteria – co morbid fac

Unit- IV: Anxiety and other Disorders - Generalized anxiety, separation anxiety, social phobias, school phobia, specific phobias, Obsessive Compulsive Disorder. Schizophrenia in

children and adolescents. Childhood depression. Conduct disorder. habit disorders-treatment

Unit- Autism spectrum disorders- Prevalence, psychological and behavioral functioning, etiology, assessment, comprehensive educational treatment and behavioral intervention. Presentation of case formulation and recommend suitable intervention strategies in hypothetical cases.

Recap: Conducting quiz, class test, assigning students to do review sessions, "Question hour"

Learning Resources:

Recommended Text books:

- 1. Wicks Nelson, R., & Delson, R., & Delso
- 2. MalavikaKapur (2011). Counselling children with psychological problems. Pearson
- 3. Diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders: DSM-5TM (5th ed.). (2013)Arlington, VA, US: American Psychiatric Publishing, Inc.

Reference

- 1. Learner, J. & Kline, F. (2006) Learning Disabilities and related Disorders Characteristics and Teaching Strategies 10th ed. Houghton Mifflin
- 2. Matson, A., & Matson (Eds.) (2009). Treating Childhood Psychopathology and Developmental Disabilities. Springer
- 3. Jacobson, M & Rojahn (2008). Handbook of Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities (Issues in Clinical Child Psychology). Springer.
- 4. Thambirajah&Ramanujan (2016). Essentials of Learning Disabilities and Other Developmental Disorders. Sage Publications.
- 5. Henderson, D.A., & Thomson, L.C. (2016) Counselling children (9 th ed.) Cengage Learning, Boston
- 6. Thomas, P.H., Fedewa, A.L. (2021) Counselling & Psychotherapy with children & Adolescents-Theory & Practice for school & Clinical settings (5 th ed.) John Wiley & Sons, Canada

Web Resources:

- https://alison.com/course/understanding-child-development-and-disabilities
- https://www.coursera.org/learn/child-development

Out of Syllabus- Self Study

- Ethical and legal issues in psychological interventions with children and adolescents.
- Play therapy with children.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	2	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2

CO2	3	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	3
Co3	2	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Co5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	14	13	15	12	14	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	2.8	2.6	3	2.4	2.8	3	3	3

Course Name: ADDICTION COUNSELING (Elective III)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 1st year ,2nd Semester

Credits: 3

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
3	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

Major objectives of this course are:

- 1. Gaining a basic understanding of addiction counseling and addiction theory.
- 2. To familiarize with different types of drugs and their effects.
- 3. To enable students to use various addiction counseling assessments & diagnosis
- 4. To equip to students to psycho educate family members of addicted patients
- 5. To formulate appropriate treatment plan with respect to biopsychosocial environment of patients

LEARNING OUTCOMES: -

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Distinguish various drugs and various types of addiction

CO2(K3): Apply the knowledge relating to addiction counseling, assessment and Interview techniques for making diagnosis

CO3(K3): Able to Psycho educate family members to deal with addiction

CO4(K4): Devise individualized treatment plan for addiction patients with respected to their biopsychosocial environment CO5(K3): Apply various therapeutic techniques in addiction counseling.

Unit— 1: Introduction to Addiction Counseling& Therapy: Counseling relationship, establishing a genuine helping relationship, Disease model vs Moral model of Addiction, Contemporary Psychoanalytic models of addiction, Kohut's self-psychology approach to addiction, defense mechanisms and addiction theory, advantage and disadvantages of psychoanalytic theory and contemporary analytic theories.

Unit— 2: Types of Drugs and Their Effect: Drug categories, sedatives—hypnotics, stimulants, opians, narcotics, hallucinogens, and psychotropic medications. Effects of drugs on the brain, factors affecting the response to drugs, Federal Drug Administration Schedule of Drugs. Contemporary Forms of addiction: Internet, shopping, work, sex, gambling, food, gadget. Social media addiction. Addiction cycle: Emotional Trigger, Craving, Ritual, Using, Guilt.

Unit— 3: Drug and Alcohol Assessments, Diagnosis and Interview Techniques: The counselor as a Facilitative Gatekeeper, Components of a Comprehensive Assessment Alcohol and Drug Assessment Instruments, Psychological Information, Medical Information. Psychological applications to addiction counseling, Assessments, techniques and Interviews, Clinical applications for counselors.

Unit– 4: Families and Addiction: Bepko and Krestan Stage Theory, Family Life Cycle, Family Roles in Addicted Families, Al-Anon, Nar-Anon, Al-a-Teen, Families Anonymous, and ACOA Support Meetings, Intervention Strategies for Both Family and Addicted Member.

Unit— 5: Developmental theories of Recovery, Relapse and Prevention Techniques: Developmental theory, advantages and limitations, relapse prevention, Gorski's Relapse model, Marlatt's Relapse model, application to addiction counseling, strengths and limitations. Biomedical model, Aversion therapy. Cognitive Therapy, Motivational Approaches to Addiction Treatment, Mindfulness based Therapies and Group Theory, Structure and Process.

Learning Resources:

Recommended Text books:

- 1. Cavaiola, A.A ., & Smith, M. (2020). A comprehensive guide to addiction theory and counselingtechniques. Routledge.
- 2. Brook,F.,&McHenry,B.(2015).*A Contemporary Approach to Substance Use Disorders and Addiction Counseling*. American Counseling Association
- 3. West, R. (2006). Theory of Addiction. Oxford: Blackwell.
- 4. Moss, A., &Dyer, K. (2010). *Psychology of Addiction*. London: Palgrave Macmillan.

Reference

1. Miller, W.R., Zweben, A., DiClemente., C.C&Rychtarik, R.G (1999). Motivational Enhancement Therapy Manual A Clinical Research Guide for Therapists Treating Individuals With Alcohol Abuse and Dependence. National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Project MATCH Monograph Series.

Web Resources

- https://www.counselling-directory.org.uk/addictions.html#whatisaddiction
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZkLtnaBpxCk

Out of Syllabus- Self Study

- ICD classification mental and behavioral disorders due to use of psychoactive substances
- Creating profiles of patient with mental and behavioral disorders due to use of Psychoactive substances

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	1	3	2	1	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	3
Co3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3

CO5	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Co5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	13	14	12	14	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.6	2.8	2.4	2.8	3	3	3

Course Name: PSYCHOTHERAPY (Elective IV)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 1st Year 2nd Semester

Credits: 3

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
3	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

The main objectives of the course are:

- 1. To gain an understanding of the different types of psychological therapies
- 2. To describe the application of psychological therapies.
- 3. To explain the process of psychotherapy
- 4. To understand the application of counseling and psychotherapy in groups and families.
- 5. To understand the procedures of certain alternative methods to psychotherapy

LEARNING OUTCOMES: -

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Describe the basic concepts of different psychological therapies.

CO2(K3): Examine the process of psychological therapies.

CO3(K4): Analyze skills and techniques used in specific groups/ problems.

CO4(K5): Critically evaluate psychological therapies for specific groups/ problems.

CO5(K5): Recommend suitable strategies to be used in hypothetical cases.

Unit- I: Psychotherapy formulation- Definition, types and purpose of formulation. Structured case

formulation methods. Therapeutic process: transference, counter transference and resistance. Types of

transference and counter transference.

Unit- II: Group counselling and group therapy: definition – assumptions underlying group work,

Historical perspective of group counselling and therapy - group dynamics and development,

Therapeutic factors – Process and outcome in group counselling and psychotherapy - ethical issues in

therapeutic group work.

Unit- III: Family therapy: Family therapies that focus on background- Adlerian family therapy,

multigenerational family therapy, Structural family therapy. Family therapies that focus on emotions,

Emotionally focused couples therapy- Experiential family therapy. Skill development: genograms.

Unit- IV: Supportive Psychotherapy -objectives, indications and contraindications. Supportive

measures: Application of psychotherapy in certain areas: Psychotherapy for Obsessive Compulsive

Disorder, personality disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder and psychoses

Unit- V: Alternatives to counselling and psychotherapy: Eye movement desensitization therapy,

Mindfulness based therapy, Neuro linguistic programming, Yoga therapy and Art Therapy. Method:

Workshops to be organized by experts on these topics.

Recap: Conducting quiz, class test, assigning students to do review sessions, "Question hour"

Learning resources:

Recommended text books:

1. Jacobs, Ed. E., Masson, R. L., & Eamp; Harvill, R.L. (2011). Group counselling – strategies and skills. (7th ed.). Pacific Grove: Brooks/Cole.

80

- 2. Ells, Tracy.D.(2007). Handbook of psychotherapy –Case formulation (2 nded.)The Guilford Press,New York
- 3. Elsie, J.S. (2016), Theories of Counselling and Psychotherapy: an integrative approach, SAGE publication, Inc, (2 nd ed.)
- 4. Feltham, C., Hanley, T., &Winter, (Eds.) (2017). The SAGE Handbook of Counseling and Psychotherapy. (4th ed.) London: Sage Publications Ltd.
- 5. Seligman, L. and Reichenberg, L. (2014). Theories of Counselling and Psychotherapy: systems, strategies and skills. 4th ed. United States of America: Pearson Education.

References

1. Hersen, M., & Sledge, W. H. (2002). Encyclopedia of psychotherapy. Amsterdam: Academic Press.

Web references

- https://www.ericdigests.org/1992-1/basic.htm
- https://www.jfhc.co.uk/play-therapy-as-a-mental-health-intervention-for-children-and-ad
- https://www.encyclopedia.com/education/encyclopedias-almanacs-transcripts-and-maps/crisi https://www.healthissuesindia.com/mental-health/

Out of Syllabus- Self Study

- Case examples particularly pertaining to the Indian context.
- Videos of psychotherapeutic methods
- The use of psychodrama in therapeutic change.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	2	2	1	3	3	1	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	1	3	3	2	3	3	3
Co3	3	3	2	3	3	1	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3

CO5	3	2	3	3	2	1	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	3	1	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
Co5	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	14	12	10	13	14	14	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.8	2.4	2	2.6	2.8	2.8	3

Course Name: TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT (Elective V)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 2nd Year 3rd Semester

Credits: 3

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
2	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

The major objectives of this course are:

- 1. To introduce the fundamental concepts of training and development.
- 2. To identify the need for training and to develop appropriate skills to construct objectives.
- 3. To understand different approaches to training and plan training methods.
- 4. To examine different training styles and to apply the principles to conduct training programs and ensure quality management.
- 5. To build skills in evaluating the training program.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Differentiate training and development and describe its nature, need and scope.

CO2(K3): Analyze and evaluate the reasons for training in the light of data collection methods, training design and learning style of participants.

CO3(K4): Compare the merits and demerits of the experiential and non-experiential training techniques.

CO4(K6): Formulate methods of improving productivity and quality in the workplace.

CO5(K6): Recommend the techniques for evaluation of the training programme.

Unit- I: Nature and Meaning of Training and development: Training and Development – definition – difference between training and development activities – reasons for training skills – qualities of an effective trainer. Training as Performance Improvement practice.

Unit- II: Training and Assessment of needs: Training Need Analysis – reasons, method of data collection, criteria for data collection. Learning styles of participants, factors influencing the learning process. Competence assessment and Skill gap analysis. Writing objectives: SMART objectives, ideas for writing objectives, task analysis.

Unit-III: Training methods, designing and conducting: Training Programs Non-experiential training techniques – lecture method, audio visual assisted method, programmed instruction and computer assisted instruction method – suitability, advantages and limitations. Experiential Training techniques: Experiential learning approaches, simulation, in basket techniques, case study, role playing, T – groups, group discussion- Business games – suitability, advantages and limitations. Coaching and Mentoring. Conducting training programmes- training styles, gauging group dynamics.- Training the professional - presentation skills, participation materials, questing, concluding the training session.

Unit-IV: Technical Training Systems: On the job and off the job technical training – training approaches to improve productivity and quality- TQM, TPM, 5-s concepts, Six Sigma, Quality circles and Kaizen. Agile Methodology, LEAN, SCRUM, Kan-Ban, Design of Experiments. Training and career planning.

UNIT V: Evaluation of Training: Purpose of evaluation, Kirkpatrick's four levels of evaluation, guidelines for measuring the four levels, evaluation methods, ROI – process and benefits. Kaufman's Five Levels of evaluation, The Philips ROI - process and benefits. Method of Validation, trainee validation, types of evaluation instruments - questionnaire/survey, interview, test, focus group, observation of participant, performance record.

Recap: Process and skills can be recalled through role play in class room set up, for example: To prepare mini training modules and test it in stimulated corporate settings in class room set up, Prepare a report of various training techniques and challenges faced during training sessions, Identify the essential skills for an effective trainer.

Learning Resources:

Recommended Textbooks:

- 1. Camp, R.R., Blanchard, N.P., &Huszczo, G.E. (1986). Toward a more organizationally effective training strategy and practice. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- 2. Goldstein. I., & Ford, K. (2001). Training in organizations. 4thed. CA: Wadsworth Thomson.
- 3. Landale. A. (2006). Advanced Techniques for Training and Development. New Delhi: Infinity Books.
- 4. Lynton, R. P., &Pareek, U. (2013). Training for Development. 3rded. New Delhi: India: Sage Publications.
- 5. Blanchard, N.P., &Thacket, J. W. (2009). Effective training: systems, strategies and practices. New Delhi, India: Pearson Education.

References:

- 1. Biech, E. (2005). Training for dummies. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley Publishing Inc.
- 2. Songh, P. N. (1996). Training management development. 4th ed. Mumbai: Suchandra Publications.
- 3. Hardinghan, A. (1998). Training essential Psychology for trainers. London, England: Chartered Institute of Personnel and Development.
- 4. Agochiya, D. (2009). Every trainer's handbook. 2nd edition. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- 5. Rothwell, W., Hohne, C. and King, S., 2018. Human performance improvement. England.
- 6. Whitmore, J. and Lyddon, R., 2017. Coaching for Performance, 5th ed. Nicholas Brealey Publishing.
- 7. Singh P N. (1996). Training Management Development. Mumbai: Suchandra Publications.
- 8. Janakiram, B. (2007). Training and Development. New Delhi: Biztantra.

Web sources

- https://youtu.be/qBQqR_DBwlo
- https://youtu.be/bNp7v2e4GRs
- https://youtu.be/d_HHnEROyw
- https://youtu.be/rT4XW9ogHD0
- https://youtu.be/wzicXbnmllc

Out of syllabus - Self study

• Visit a training department and submit a report on the various activities undertaken by the department.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	1	2	2	1
CO2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
Co3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	1	3	1	1	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3
Co5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Weightage	15	12	15	12	13	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.4	3	2.4	2.6	3	3	3

Course Name: PSYCHOLOGICAL TRAINING MODULE (Elective VI)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 2nd Year 4th Semester

Credits: 3

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
0	0	2	2

OBJECTIVES:

Major objectives of this course are:

- 1. To help students understand the method of preparing Psychological Training Modules using counseling techniques.
- 2. To design customized training module for various target groups
- 3. To utilize the psychological principles in constructing training module
- 4. To apply psychological interventions in bringing constructive change in thinking, affect and behavior
- 5. To help students acquire necessary skills to conduct Training Programmes

LEARNING OUTCOMES: -

On successful completion the students will be able to:

- 1. Conduct needs assessment and prepare the concept background for the training programme.
- 2. Design a psychological training module with the detailed planning and structuring of a course to achieve specific instructional goals.
- 3. Infer a better understanding of practical knowledge, skills and attitude to conduct training programmes.
- 4. Adapt specific psychological techniques into a training module.

- 5. Analyze and design appropriate assessment and evaluation tools that accurately reflect the results of the training module.
- 1. The Modules chosen by the students from the list given below will be oriented to the students in one or two (few) sessions.
- 2. Each Student has to develop 6 modules under the guidance of a supervisor (out of which 3 will be from self-help skills topics found below and 3 from interpersonal skills topics) using psychological concepts and counseling techniques (BMT, CBT, REBT, etc could be used) for specific target populations.
- 3. Students are expected to submit a project report about the training procedures.

SELF-HELP SKILLS (Practical Oriented Teaching)

- 1. Self-Awareness
- 2. Stress Management & Relaxation Training
- 3. Self-Concept, Self Esteem Skills
- 4. Assertiveness skills
- 5. Anger management
- 6. Diary keeping and self-analysis
- 7. Goal setting behaviors
- 8. Time management skills
- 9. Physical disciplines Exercise, etc.
- 10. Reading skills
- 11. Coping with Complexity And ambiguity
- 12. Coping Emotions
- 13. Coping with failures
- 14. Creative thinking
- 15. Self-efficacy skills

INTERPERSONAL SKILLS (Practical Oriented Teaching)

- 1. Communication Skills (Styles)
- 2. Facilitation and Moderation Skills.
- 3. Conflict management
- 4. Problem solving and Decision Making
- 5. Motivation and Leadership Skills
- 6. Peer Counselling
- 7. Relationship Skills (also with reference to opposite sex and Martial relationship)

- 8. Event Management Skills
- 9. Team Building
- 10. Empathy and interpersonal relationship skills
- 11. Negotiation and confrontation skills

Learning Resources:

Recommended text books:

- 1. Agochiya, D. (2002). Every trainer's handbook. Sage Publications.
- 2. Tony Bray (2012) The training Design manual the Complete Practical Guide to Creating Effective & Successful training programmes , Kogan
- 3. Blanchard, N. P. & Thacker, J. W. (2009). *Effective training: systems, strategies and practices,* Pearson Education.

References:

- 1. Hackett, P. (1998). *Introduction to training*, University Press India Ltd.
- 2. Colvin Clark (2010). Evidence-Based Training Methods: A Guide For Training Professionals 2nd Edition.
- 3. Elaine Biech (2015). Training and Development for Dummies, John Willey & Sons Ltd.
- 4. Rolf P. Lynton and UdaiPareek's (2011). *Training for Development*, 3rd Edition, Sage Publications.
- 5. Burnard, P. (1999). *Counselling skills training A sourcebook of activities for trainers*, Viva Books Private Limited.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	2	2	3	1	3	3	1
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	1
Co3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	3

CO5	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	2	3	3	1	2	2	3	3
CO2	2	3	3	1	2	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3
Co5	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	2
Weightage	13	13	14	10	11	12	14	13
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	2.6	2.6	2.8	2	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.6

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES

Course Name: RELATIONSHIP COUNSELING FOR CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE (SEC I)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 1st Year 2nd Semester

Credits: 2

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
3	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

On successful completion of syllabus students will be able to:

- 1. Familiarize concepts, models and theories related to Relationship counseling
- 2. Acquire advanced theoretical understanding of Counseling with Children and Young People, integrating opportunities to develop professional and practical counseling skills.
- 3. Apply Relationship counseling skills in real time scenarios
- 4. To learn competences based on professional body standards to work with children and young people
- 5. Identifying the ways in which children and young people manage and process their emotions, including the ability to recognize situations where they are finding it difficult to access these

LEARNING OUTCOMES: -

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K3): Demonstrate counseling techniques to help child explore relationships

CO2(K3): Employ strategies to address child and young people relationship with significant others

CO3(K3): Apply relationship counseling techniques to attend to a young person's relationships.

CO4(K3): Apply family therapy practice focusing child and adolescence

CO5(K3): Implement evidence-based practice that is ethically oriented and ensures safety of the clients

Unit- I: Helping and Exploring Child's Relationship: Helping the Child to Talk about Their Relationships-

Contracting with Parents, The Purpose of Individual Counseling, Attributes of the Child's Counsellor,

Combining Media and Activity with Counseling Skills, Joining with the Child., Exploring the Child's Relationships with Parents and Siblings- Working with Children of Age 7 Upwards Using Miniature Animals, Working with Children of Age 5–7 Using Symbols in the Sand Tray, Working with Children of Below Age 5 Using Imaginative Pretend Play, Integration of Individual Counselling Work for the Child with Family Counselling,

Unit- II: Addressing Child Relationship: Addressing the Child's Relationships with Parents and Siblings-Whole Family Counselling, Counselling for Individual Children, Group Counselling for the Children Concerned, Using Clay to Address Relationship Issues between Siblings, Counselling for the Parent/s and Child/Children, Family Counselling to Integrate and Complete the Work, Addressing the Child's Relationships with Peers, Teachers and Other Adults- The Role of Parents, The Development of Social Skills, Relationship Counselling for the Child.

Unit- III: Young person's relationship with Family: Helping Young People to Talk About their Relationships- Being Authentic and Open, Drawing on Existentialist Philosophy and Constructivist Thinking, Being Proactive in Introducing Creative, Experiential, Cognitive, and Psycho-educational Strategies, Responding to the Young Person's Developmental Needs, Working Within the Young Person's Constructs, Matching an Adolescent Style of Communication, Relevant Counselling Skills, Transitional, Choice and Guru Questions, Normalizing, Attending to the Young Person's Relationships within the Family- Ways to Attend to the Young Person's Relationships in the Family, Family Counselling, Individual Counselling, Young Person-Sibling Subgroup Counselling, Young Person-Parent Subgroup Counselling, Integration into Whole Family Counselling.

Unit –IV: Young Persons relationship with Significant Others: Focusing on the Young Person's Relationships with Peers- Building and Maintaining Relationships, The Influence of Peer Pressure, Dealing with Sexuality Issues, Individual Counselling, Group Counselling, Addressing a Young Person's

Relationships with Teachers, Employers and Other Adults- Expectations of Teachers and Employers, Counselling Strategies.

Unit- V: Family Therapy practice with Child and Adolescent focused problems: Family Therapy for Child physical abuse-Contracting for Assessment, Assessment, Contracting for treatment, treatment. Family therapy for Child sex abuse - Contracting for Assessment, Assessment, Contracting for treatment: Family treatment interventions. Family therapy for Conduct problems - Contracting for Assessment, Assessment, Contracting for treatment. Family therapy for Drug abuse in Adolescence- Contracting for Assessment, Assessment, Contracting for treatment, treatment

RECAP: Addressing child and young people's relationship with peers and parents can be discussed with the help of role play, Different assessment methods can be reviewed

Learning Resources:

Recommended Text books:

- 1. Alan Carr (2006). Family therapy Concepts, Process and Practice. 2nd edition, John wiley& sons ltd, New york
- 2. Kathryn Geldard and David Geldard (2009). Relationship Counselling for Children, Young People and Families, SAGE Publications India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi

References:

- 1. Andreozzi, L.L. (1996) Child-centered Family Therapy. New York: Wiley
- 2. Bailey, C.E. and Sori, C.E.F. (2005) Involving parents in children therapy. In C.E. Bailey (ed.), Children in Therapy: Using the Family as a Resource. New York: W.W. Norton.
- 3. Bearsley-Smith, C. (2007) Adapting family therapy for step-families
- 4. Geldard, K. (2006) Adolescent peer counselling. Unpublished doctoral dissertation. Queensland University of Technology, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia
- 5. Geldard, K. and Geldard, D. (2008b) Personal Counseling Skills: An Integrative Approach. Springfield, IL:Thomas
- 6. Donald, C., & Atkinson, R. D. (2002). Counselling across life span, Sage Publications

- 7. Gutstein, S., &Sheely, R. K. (2002). Relationship development intervention with children, adolescents and adults: Social and emotional development activities for Asperger syndrome, autism, PDD and NLD. Jessica Kingsley Publishers.
- 8. Nelson-Jones (2010). *The theory and practice of counselling and Therapy* (5thed). Sage.
- 9. Rosemary A Thompson (2016). *Counselling Techniques-Improving relationships with others, ourselves, our families, and our environment, 3rded.* Routledge.
- 10. Sederholm, G. H. (2002). Counselling young people in school. Jessica Kingsley Publishers.

Web Resources:

- Extended demonstration of school-based humanistic counselling: Sophia
- Child Counseling Skills

Out of Syllabus- Self Study

- To prepare a complete case history of the client
- To conduct a Mental status examination for a client and submit a summarized report

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	1	3	3	3
Co3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

PSC	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8

CO1	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	1	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Co5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	13	15	11	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.6	3	2.2	3	3	3	3

Course Name: CORPORATE COUNSELLING (SEC II)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 2nd Year 3rd Semester

Credits: 2

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
2	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

The main objectives of the course are:

- 1. Updated knowledge on Corporate Counseling in context
- 2. Understand various workplace models and distinguish the importance of each model
- 3. Explain the skills and process related to professional practices in work setup
- 4. Discuss various factors contribute towards work stress and its effect on organization
- 5. Make students apply various psychological principles in employee well-being.

LEARNING OUTCOMES: -

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K1): Outline differentiate counseling in workplace set up and relate to different models

CO2(K2): Discuss occupational factors to identify the need for counseling

CO3(K3): Apply skills and process of counseling in corporate setup

CO4(K4): Describe different methods of employee group counseling and identify skills for dealing with problem behaviors in workplace

CO5(K3): Apply various counseling interventions for employee specific issues in workplace

Unit- I: Understanding workplace counseling- Concept of workplace counseling- history of a workplace counseling- faces of workplace counseling- professional relationships in counseling in the workplace –

Ethics and ethical issues in workplace counseling.

Unit- II: Overview of Models of Workplace counseling: Counseling oriented models, brief therapy

model, problem focused models, work oriented models, manager based models- Externally based

models, Internally based models, welfare based models, organizational change based models

Unit- III: Setting up counseling in the workplace- preparation- assessment- contracting -Engaging in

counseling- termination- evaluation- Integrative model of individual employee counseling - Training for

Workplace Counselors.

Unit- IV: Work Stress- Stressful job factors, Occupational Stress; dealing with difficult people, sexual

harassment, and unethical behaviour in the work place, Travel stress, Time stress, Work stress and

families. Group Counseling: Conflict resolution, interpersonal, familial, team building, negotiation and

arbitration skills.

Unit- V: Impact of organization on workplace counseling - Employee Problem specific Counseling -

Problems of absenteeism turnover, Burnout, Depression, Substance abuse.

Recap: Importance of counseling in corporate setup, professional relationship between counselor and

employee in workplace, various models of workplace counseling and its significance, group counseling

techniques and process used in corporate set up and application of counseling in workplace related

issues.

Learning resources:

Recommended text books:

98

- 1. Michael, C. (1996). Work place counseling a Systematic approach to employee care, Sage Publications.
- 2. Jacobs, Ed. E., Masson, R. L., & Harvill, R.L. (2002). Group counseling strategies and skills. (7thed.). Pacific Grove: Brooks/Cole.
- 3. Adrian Coles, A (2003). Counseling in the Workplace. Open University Press, McGraw-Hill Education (UK)

References:

- 1. Vardi,&Weitz.E (2004). Misbehavior in organization theory research and management. New Jersey: Lawrence Erlbaum associates.
- 2. Cartwright, S. & Cooper, C. (1997). Managing Workplace Stress, Sage Publications.
- 3. Patterson, L. E.&Welfel, E. R. The counseling process, 5 TH edition. Brooks/Cole ,Thomson Learning.
- Nelson Jones, R. (2002). Essential counseling and therapy skills, Sage Publications
- 5. Rosemary A Thompson (2016). Counseling Techniques-Improving relationships with others, ourselves, our families, and our environment, 3rd ed. Routledge.

Web Sources:

- Counselling a staff member to improve performance
- How To Improve Communication Skills? 12 Effective Tips To Improve Communication Skills
- Corporate Counselling
- Stress in the Workplace
- https://trijog.com/corporate-

wellness/?utm_term=employee%20assistance%20program&hsa_acc=2784775574&hsa_cam=11 137618726&hsa_grp=117644457268&hsa_ad=466177713049&hsa_src=s&hsa_tgt=kwd-12843221&hsa_kw=employee%20assistance%20program&hsa_mt=b&hsa_net=adwords&hsa_v er=3

Out of Syllabus (Self Study):

- Trends in corporate counseling
- Recent issues and challenges for corporate employees
- Digital detoxification
- Stress management group techniques yoga, mindfulness meditation, Taichi, Zumba etc.
- Solution focused models in corporate set

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	3	2
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2

Co3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Co5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	13	14	14	13	13	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.6	3	3

Course Name: SCIENTIFIC REPORT WRITING (SEC III)

Course Code:

Year and Semester: 2nd Year 4th Semester

Credits: 2

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Project (P)
3	1	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

The major objectives of this course are:

- 1. To describe the process of writing skills.
- 2. To apply Microsoft office features in preparing the reports.
- 3. To choose APA style in writing and publication of research papers.
- 4. To articulate how to write a research proposal.
- 5. To combine reports on various forms of qualitative and quantitative research methods.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to:

CO1(K2): Explain the process of writing skills.

CO2(K3): Practice Microsoft office.

CO3(K4): Apply APA style in writing and publication of research papers.

CO4(K4): Articulate how to write a research proposal.

CO5(K6): Critically compile reports on various forms of qualitative and quantitative research methods.

Unit- I: Written Communication – basics, parts of written communication, punctuation, common grammatical errors; spelling, commonly confused words, gender; Style – flow of writing, making writing lively, use of style in writing sentences and paragraphs.

Unit- II: Manuscript writing – critical appraisal using journal articles, review of literature, writing and publication of research papers

Unit- III: The process of writing- Audience analysis, planning, collecting relevant materials, organizing ideas; specific writing situations and writing.

Unit- IV: Plagiarism - Software for grammar and plagiarism check.

Unit- V: APA style –Basics of APA, in-text citations, formatting and writing Reference.

Recap: Required portions of the units may be presented by the course faculty giving life examples from published research to explain the different publishing styles.

Learning Resources:

Recommended Textbooks:

- 1. West.C.(2008).Perfect Written English–All you need to get it right first time, New Delhi: Random Books House.
- 2. Monippally. M. M. &Pawar. B. S. (2010). Academic Writing A guide for Management students and researchers. Response books, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- 3. American Psychological Association(2010) Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association, (7thed.). Washington DC. Author.

References:

- 1. 100 tips to avoid mistakes in academic writing and presenting . (2020). Wall work, A & Southern, A. USA: Springer publications.
- 2. Write an impactful research paper (2021). Zaumanis, M.
- 3. Kail, R. V. (2018). Scientific Writing for Psychology. Lessons in Clarity and Style. 2nd edition. USA: Sage Publishing Inc.

4. McInerney, D. M. (2021). Publishing your psychology research. A guide to writing for journals in psychology and related fields. USA: Routledge Publishers.

Web sources

- How to format your paper in APA style in 2022
- My Step by Step Guide to Writing a Research Paper
- <u>How to add citations and references in research paper, thesis, how to use different citations</u> style
- References in APA Style | Writing Research Papers | UC San Diego Psychology
- How to remove Plagiarism from Article

Out of Syllabus: Self Study

- Students can present a review of a research paper highlighting methodological errors, non APA style compliance and suggest means of improvising the quality of the paper for publication in high impact journals.
- Identify list of approved journals and high impact journals in their field and related disciplines for publications.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	3	2	1	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	1	2	2	3	3	3	3
Co3	3	2	1	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	1	1	2	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8
CO1	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3

CO2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
Co5	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	12	15	15	15	13	15	14
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3	2.4	3	3	3	2.6	3	2.8