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#### **1.INTRODUCTION**

#### B.Sc. Chemistry: Programme Outcome, Programme Specific Outcome and Course Outcome

Chemistry is the study of composition and transformation of matter. A science that is central to energy production, health care, new material development for electronics and other applied fields and environmental protection. Bachelor's degree in Chemistry is the culmination of in-depth knowledge of Inorganic, Organic and Physical chemistry and specialized courses such as Pharmaceutical Chemistry, spectroscopy, Nanoscience, Forensic Science, Cosmetics & Personal Grooming, Food chemistry, Dairy Chemistry and so on. Thus, this programme helps learners in building a solid foundation for higher studies in Chemistry. The hands on experience the students gain in Practicals enable them to apply theory to solve problems in everyday life, think critically and innovatively. An aptitude for research is instilled through project work and industrial internship.

Students completing this programme will be able to present the concepts of Chemistry clearly and precisely. They can find solutions to pressing problems that mankind is facing today. They can interpret data and present their findings to both scientific community and laymen and have ability to work as a team and evolve to become an entrepreneur

Completion of this programme will also enable the learners to join teaching profession, conducting research in Industry and Government run research labs. A B.Sc chemistry student has the option to diversify to other branches such as Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Forensic Science etc... They have employability opportunities in public and private sector jobs in energy, pharmaceutical, Food, cosmetic industries etc...

## LEARNING OUTCOMES-BASED CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK GUIDELINES BASED REGULATIONS FOR UNDER GRADUATE PROGRAMME

Programme:	B.Sc. Chemistry
Programme Code:	
Duration:	3 Years (UG)

Drogramma	1: Disciplinary knowledge: Capable of demonstrating comprehensive
Programme	1: Disciplinary knowledge: Capable of demonstrating comprehensive knowledge and understanding of one or more disciplines that form a part of
Outcomes:	an undergraduate Programme of study
	2: Communication Skills: Ability to express thoughts and ideas effectively in
	writing and orally; Communicate with others using appropriate media;
	confidently share one's views and express herself/himself; demonstrate the
	ability to listen carefully, read and write analytically, and present complex
	information in a clear and concise manner to different groups.
	<b>3: Critical thinking:</b> Capability to apply analytic thought to a body of
	knowledge; analyse and evaluate evidence, arguments, claims, beliefs on the
	basis of empirical evidence; identify relevant assumptions or implications;
	formulate coherent arguments; critically evaluate practices, policies and
	theories by following scientific approach to knowledge development.
	4: Problem solving: Capacity to extrapolate from what one has learned and
	apply their competencies to solve different kinds of non-familiar problems,
	rather than replicate curriculum content knowledge; and apply one's learning
	to real life situations.
	<b>5:</b> Analytical reasoning: Ability to evaluate the reliability and relevance of
	evidence; identify logical flaws and holes in the arguments of others; analyze
	and synthesize data from a variety of sources; draw valid conclusions and
	support them with evidence and examples, and addressing opposing
	viewpoints.
	6: Research-related skills: A sense of inquiry and capability for asking
	relevant/appropriate questions, problem arising, synthesising and articulating;
	Ability to recognise cause-and-effect relationships, define problems, formulate
	hypotheses, test hypotheses, analyse, interpret and draw conclusions from
	data, establish hypotheses, predict cause-and-effect relationships; ability to
	plan, execute and report the results of an experiment or investigation
	7: Cooperation/Team work: Ability to work effectively and respectfully with
	diverse teams; facilitate cooperative or coordinated effort on the part of a
	group, and act together as a group or a team in the interests of a common
	cause and work efficiently as a member of a team
	<b>PO8: Scientific reasoning</b> : Ability to analyse, interpret and draw conclusions from
	quantitative/qualitative data; and critically evaluate ideas, evidence and experiences
	from an open-minded and reasoned perspective.
	<b>PO9: Reflective thinking</b> : Critical sensibility to lived experiences, with self
	awareness and reflexivity of both self and society.
	<b>PO10 Information/digital literacy:</b> Capability to use ICT in a variety of learning
	situations, demonstrate ability to access, evaluate, and use a variety of relevant
	information sources; and use appropriate software for analysis of data.
	<b>PO 11 Self-directed learning</b> : Ability to work independently, identify appropriate
	resources required for a project, and manage a project through to completion. <b>PO</b>
	12 Multicultural competence: Possess knowledge of the values and beliefs of

	multiple cultures and a global perspective; and capability to effectively engage in a multicultural society and interact respectfully with diverse groups.
	<b>PO 13: Moral and ethical awareness/reasoning</b> : Ability toembrace moral/ethical
	values in conducting one's life, formulate a position/argument about an ethical issue
	from multiple perspectives, and use ethical practices in all work. Capable of
	demonstrating the ability to identify ethical issues related to one"s work, avoid
	unethical behaviour such as fabrication, falsification or misrepresentation of data or
	committing plagiarism, not adhering to intellectual property rights; appreciating
	environmental and sustainability issues; and adopting objective, unbiased and truthful actions in all aspects of work.
	<b>PO 14: Leadership readiness/qualities:</b> Capability for mapping out the tasks of a
	team or an organization, and setting direction, formulating an inspiring vision,
	building a team who can help achieve the vision, motivating and inspiring team
	members to engage with that vision, and using management skills to guide people to the right destination, in a smooth and efficient way.
	<b>PO 15: Lifelong learning:</b> Ability to acquire knowledge and skills, including
	"learning how to learn", that are necessary for participating in learning activities
	throughout life, through self-paced and self-directed learning aimed at personal
	development, meeting economic, social and cultural objectives, and adapting to
	changing trades and demands of work place through knowledge/skill
	development/reskilling.
Programme	On successful completion of Bachelor of Physics with Computer Applications
Specific	programme, the student should be able to:
Outcomes:	PSO1: Disciplinary Knowledge: Understand the fundamental principles,
	concepts, and theories related to physics and computer science. Also, exhibit
	proficiency in performing experiments in the laboratory.
	<b>PSO2:</b> Critical Thinking: Analyse complex problems, evaluate information,
	synthesize information, apply theoretical concepts to practical situations,
	identify assumptions and biases, make informed decisions and communicate
	effectively
	<b>PSO3: Problem Solving:</b> Employ theoretical concepts and critical reasoning
	ability with physical, mathematical and technical skills to solve problems,
	acquire data, analyze their physical significance and explore new design
	possibilities.
	PSO4: Analytical & Scientific Reasoning: Apply scientific methods, collect
	and analyse data, test hypotheses, evaluate evidence, apply statistical
	techniques and use computational models.
	<b>PSO5: Research related skills:</b> Formulate research questions, conduct
	literature reviews, design and execute research studies, communicate research
	findings and collaborate in research projects.
	<b>PSO6: Self-directed &amp; Lifelong Learning:</b> Set learning goals, manage their own learning reflect on their learning adapt to new contexts, seek out new
	own learning, reflect on their learning, adapt to new contexts, seek out new knowledge, collaborate with others and to continuously improve their skills
	knowledge, collaborate with others and to continuously improve their skills
	and knowledge, through ongoing learning and professional development, and contribute to the growth and development of their field.
	contribute to the growth and development of them field.

PO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
PO1	!!					
PO2		!!				
PO3			!!			
PO4				!!		
PO5					!!	
PO6						!!

#### 2. Highlights of the Revamped Curriculum:

- Student-centric, meeting the demands of industry & society, incorporating industrial components, hands-on training, skill enhancement modules, industrial project, project with viva-voce, exposure to entrepreneurial skills, training for competitive examinations, sustaining the quality of the core components and incorporating application oriented content wherever required.
- The Core subjects include latest developments in the education and scientific front, advanced programming packages allied with the discipline topics, practical training, devising statistical models and algorithms for providing solutions to industry / real life situations. The curriculum also facilitates peer learning with advanced statistical topics in the final semester, catering to the needs of stakeholders with research aptitude.
- The General Studies and Statistics based problem solving skills are included as mandatory components in the 'Training for Competitive Examinations' course at the final semester, a first of its kind.
- The curriculum is designed so as to strengthen the Industry-Academia interface and provide more job opportunities for the students.
- The Statistical Quality Control course is included to expose the students to real life problems and train the students on designing a mathematical model to provide solutions to the industrial problems.
- The Internship during the second year vacation will help the students gain valuable work experience, that connects classroom knowledge to real world experience and to narrow down and focus on the career path.
- Project with viva-voce component in the fifth semester enables the student, application of conceptual knowledge to practical situations. The state of art technologies in conducting a Explain in a scientific and systematic way and arriving at a precise solution is ensured. Such innovative provisions of the industrial training, project and internships will give students an edge over the counterparts in the job market.
- State-of Art techniques from the streams of multi-disciplinary, cross disciplinary and inter disciplinary nature are incorporated as Elective courses, covering conventional topics to the latest DBMS and Computer software for Analytics.

Value additions	in in	the	Revamped	<b>Curriculum:</b>

Semester	Newly introduced	Outcome / Benefits
	Components	
I	Foundation Course To ease the transition of learning from higher secondary to higher education, providing an overview of the pedagogy of learning abstract Statistics and simulating mathematical concepts to real world.	<ul> <li>Instil confidence among students</li> <li>Create interest for the subject</li> </ul>
I, II, III, IV	Skill Enhancement papers (Discipline centric / Generic / Entrepreneurial)	<ul> <li>Industry ready graduates</li> <li>Skilled human resource</li> <li>Students are equipped with essential skills to make them employable</li> <li>Training on Computing / Computational skills enable the students gain knowledge and exposure on latest computational aspects</li> <li>Data analytical skills will enable students gain internships, apprenticeships, field work involving data collection, compilation, analysis etc.</li> <li>Entrepreneurial skill training will provide an opportunity for independent livelihood</li> <li>Generates self – employment</li> <li>Create small scale entrepreneurs</li> <li>Training to girls leads to women empowerment</li> <li>Discipline centric skill will improve the Technical knowhow of solving real life problems using ICT</li> </ul>
III, IV, V 8 VI	Elective papers- An open choice of topics categorized under Generic and Discipline Centric	<ul> <li>tools</li> <li>Strengthening the domain knowledge</li> <li>Introducing the stakeholders to the State-of Art techniques from the streams of multi-disciplinary, cross disciplinary and inter disciplinary nature</li> <li>Students are exposed to Latest topics on Computer Science / IT, that require strong statistical background</li> </ul>

		•	Emerging topics in higher education / industry / communication network / health sector etc. are introduced with hands-on-training, facilitates designing of statistical models in the respective sectors
IV	DBMS and Programming skill, Biostatistics, Statistical Quality Control, Official Statistics, Operations Research	•	Exposure to industry moulds students into solution providers Generates Industry ready graduates Employment opportunities enhanced
II year Vacation activity	Internship / Industrial Training	•	Practical training at the Industry/ Banking Sector / Private/ Public sector organizations / Educational institutions, enable the students gain professional experience and also become responsible citizens.
V Semester	Project with Viva – voce	•	Self-learning is enhanced Application of the concept to real situation is conceived resulting in tangible outcome
VI Semester	Introduction of Professional Competency component	•	Curriculum design accommodates all category of learners; 'Statistics for Advanced Explain' component will comprise of advanced topics in Statistics and allied fields, for those in the peer group / aspiring researchers; 'Training for Competitive Examinations' –caters to the needs of the aspirants towards most sought - after services of the nation viz, UPSC, ISS, CDS, NDA, Banking Services, CAT, TNPSC group services, etc.
	Extra Credits: For Advanced Learners / Honors degree		To cater to the needs of peer learners / research aspirants

Skills acquired from the	Knowledge,	Problem	Solving,	Analytical	ability,	Professional
Courses	Competency,	Profession	al Commu	nication and	Transfer	rable Skill

6.CREDIT DISTRIBUTION FOR UG PROGRAMME

Sem I	Credit	Sem II	Credit	Sem III	Credit	Sem IV	Credit	Sem V	Credit	Sem VI	Credit
1.1. Language – Tamil	3	2.1. Language – Tamil	3	3.1. Language – Tamil	3	4.1. Language - Tamil	3	5.1 Core Course - \CC IX	4	6.1 Core Course - CC XIII	4
1.2 English	3	2.2 English	3	3.2 English	3	4.2 English	3	5.2 Core Course – CC X	4	6.2 Core Course – CC XIV	4
1.3 Core Course – CC I	4	2.3 Core Course – CC III	4	3.3 Core Course – CC V	4	4.3 Core Course – CC VII Core Industry Module	4	5. 3.Core Course CC -XI	4	6.3 Core Course - CC XV	4
1.4 Core Course – CC II	4	2.4 Core Course – CC IV	4	3.4 Core Course – CC VI	4	4.4 Core Course – CC VIII	4	5. 3.Core Course –/ Project with viva- voce CC -XII	4	6.4 Elective - VII Generic/ Discipline Specific	3
1.5 Elective I Generic/ Discipline Specific	3	2.5 Elective II Generic/ Discipline Specific	3	3.5 Elective III Generic/ Discipline Specific	3	4.5 Elective IV Generic/ Discipline Specific	3	5.4 Elective V Generic/ Discipline Specific	3	6.5 Elective VIII Generic/ Discipline Specific	3
1.6 Skill Enhancement Course SEC-1 (NME)	2	2.6 Skill Enhancement Course SEC-2 (NME)	2	3.6 Skill Enhancement Course SEC-4, (Entrepreneurial Skill)	1	4.6 Skill Enhancement Course SEC-6	2	5.5 Elective VI Generic/ Discipline Specific	3	6.6 Extension Activity	1
		2.7 Skill Enhancement Course –SEC-3	2	3.7 Skill Enhancement Course SEC-5	2	4.7 Skill Enhancement Course SEC-7	2	5.6 Value Education	2	6.7 Professional Competency Skill	2
1.7Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC) Soft Skill-1	2	2.8 Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC) Soft Skill-2	2	3.7 Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC) Soft Skill-3	2	4.7 7Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC) Soft Skill-4	2	5.5 Summer Internship /Industrial Training	2		
1.8 Skill Enhancement - (Foundation Course)	2			3.8 E.V.S	2						
	23		23		24		23		26		21
					Total Cr	redit Points					140

# 1.Template for Curriculum Design for UG Programme in Chemistry Credit Distribution for UG Programme in Chemistry

## B.Sc Chemistry First Year – Semester-I

Part	List of Courses	Credit	No. of Hours
Part-1	Language – Tamil	3	6
Part-2	English	3	6
Part-3	Core Courses & Elective Courses [in Total]	13	16
	Skill Enhancement Course SEC-1	2	2
Part-4	Foundation Course	2	2
		23	32

#### Semester-II

Part	List of Courses	Credit	No. of
			Hours
Part-1	Language – Tamil	3	6
Part-2	English	3	6
Part-3	Core Courses & Elective Courses including laboratory [in Total]	13	16
Part-4	Skill Enhancement Course -SEC-2	2	2
	Skill Enhancement Course -SEC-3 (Discipline / Subject Specific)	2	2
		23	32

## Second Year – Semester-III

Part	List of Courses	Credit	No. of Hours
Part-1	Language - Tamil	3	6
Part-2	English	3	6
Part-3	Core Courses & Elective Courses including laboratory [in Total]	13	15
Part-4	Skill Enhancement Course -SEC-4 (Entrepreneurial Based)	1	1
	Skill Enhancement Course -SEC-5 (Discipline / Subject Specific)	2	2
	E.V.S	2	2
		24	32

## Semester-IV

Part	List of Courses		No. of Hours
Part-1	Language - Tamil	3	6
Part-2	English	3	6
Part-3	Core Courses & Elective Courses including laboratory [in Total]	13	16
Part-4	Skill Enhancement Course -SEC-6 (Discipline / Subject Specific)	2	2
	Skill Enhancement Course -SEC-7 (Discipline / Subject Specific)	2	2
		23	32

#### Third Year Semester-V

Part	List of Courses	Credit	No. of Hours
Part-3	Core Courses including Elective Based	22	26
Part-4	Value Education	2	2
	Internship / Industrial Visit / Field Visit	2	2
		26	30

Semester-VI
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Part	List of Courses	Credit	No. of Hours
Part-3	Core Courses including Project / Elective Based & LAB	18	28
Part-4	Extension Activity	1	-
	Professional Competency Skill	2	2
		21	30

## Consolidated Semester wise and Component wise Credit distribution

Parts	Sem I	Sem II	Sem III	Sem IV	Sem V	Sem VI	Total
							Credits
Part I	3	3	3	3	-	-	12
Part II	3	3	3	3	-	-	12
Part III	13	13	13	13	22	18	92
Part IV	4	4	3	6	4	1	22
Part V	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Total	23	23	22	25	26	21	140

\*Part I. II, and Part III components will be separately taken into account for CGPA calculation and classification for the under graduate programme and the other components. IV, V have to be completed during the duration of the programme as per the norms, to be eligible for obtaining the UG degree.

Methods of Evaluation					
	Continuous Internal Assessment Test				
Internal	Assignments	25 Marks			
Evaluation	Seminars				
	Attendance and Class Participation				
External	End Semester Examination	75 Marks			
Evaluation		100 14 1			
	Total	100 Marks			
	Methods of Assessment				
Recall (K1)	Recall (K1) Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions				
Understand/	MCQ, True/False, Short essays, Concept explanations, Sh	ort summary or			
Comprehend (K2)	overview				
Application (K3)	Suggest idea/concept with examples, Suggest formulae, Solve problems,				
Application (K3)	Observe, Explain				
Analyze (K4)	Problem-solving questions, Finish a procedure in many st	eps, Differentiate			
	between various ideas, Map knowledge				
Evaluate (K5)	Longer essay/ Evaluation essay, Critique or justify with particular	ros and cons			
Create (V()	Check knowledge in specific or offbeat situations, Discus	sion, Debating or			
Create (K6)	Presentations				

## **B.Sc Chemistry Curriculum Design**

## **First Year**

#### Semester- I

Part	Part List of Courses		Hours per week (L/T/P)
Part-I	Language – Tamil	3	6
Part-II	English	3	6
Part-III	General Chemistry–I CC1	5	6
	Quantitative Inorganic estimation (titrimetry) and Inorganic Preparations CC2	5	5
	Mathematics (or)Botany /Zoology EC1	3	5
	Skill Enhancement Course SEC-1: Food Chemistry	2	2
Part-IV	Foundation Course FC	2	2
		23	32

## Semester-II

Part		Credit	Hours per week (L/T/P)
Part-I	Language – Tamil	3	6
Part-II	English	3	6
Part-III	General Chemistry–II CC3	5	5
	Qualitative Organic Analysis and preparation of Organic Compounds CC4	5	5
	Mathematics (or)Botany /Zoology EC 2	3	6
	Skill Enhancement Course SEC-2: Dairy Chemistry	2	2
Part-IV	Skill Enhancement Course SEC-3 (Discipline Specific) Cosmetics and Personal care Products	2	2
		23	32

## Second Year

## Semester-III

Part	List of Courses	Credit	Hours per week (L/T/P)
Part-I	Language – Tamil	3	6
Part-II	English	3	6
Part-III	General Chemistry–III CC5	5	5
	Qualitative Inorganic AnalysisCC6	5	5
	Physics EC 3	3	5
Part-IV	Skill Enhancement Course SEC-4: Entrepreneurial skills in Chemistry	1	1
	Skill Enhancement Course SEC-5: (Discipline Specific) Pesticide Chemistry	2	2
	EVS	2	2
		24	32

#### Semester-IV

Part	List of Courses	Credit	Hours per week (L/T/P)
Part-I	Language – Tamil	3	6
Part-II	English	3	6
Part-III	General Chemistry–IV CC7	5	5
	Physical Chemistry Practical- I CC8	5	5
	Physics EC 4	3	6
Part-IV	Skill Enhancement Course SEC-6 : Instrumental methods of Chemical Analysis (Theory)	2	2
	Skill Enhancement Course SEC-7: (Discipline Specific) Forensic Science	2	2
		23	32

## **Third Year**

## Semester V

Part	List of Courses	Credit	Hours per week (L/T/P)
Part-III	Organic Chemistry -I CC9	4	5
	Inorganic Chemistry - I CC10	4	4
	Physical Chemistry -I CC11	4	5
	Biochemistry EC5	3	4
	Industrial Chemistry EC 6	3	4
	Project with viva-voce CC12	4	4
Part IV	Value Education	2	2
	Internship / Industrial Visit / Field Visit(Carried out in II Year Summer vacation) (30 hours)	2	2
		26	30

## Semester VI

Part	List of Courses	Credit	Hours per week (L/T/P
Part-III	Organic Chemistry -II CC13	3	5
	Inorganic Chemistry - II CC14	3	5
	Physical Chemistry -II CC15	4	5
	Physical Chemistry Practical II CC16	2	3
	EC7 Fundamentals of Spectroscopy	3	5
	EC 8Nanoscience/Polymer science/ Pharmaceutical Chemistry (Elective based)	3	5
Part IV	Professional Competency Skill	2	2
Part V	Extension Activity	1	0
		21	30

Remarks: English Soft Skill Two Hours Will be handled by English Teachers (4+2 = 6 hours for English).

Title of the Course	GENERAL CHEMISTRY-I									
Paper No.	Core I									
Category	Core	Year	Ι	Credits	5	Course Code				
		Semester	Ι							
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	La	b Practice		Total				
hours per week	4	1	-			5				
Prerequisites	Higher seconda	ary chemistr	у			•				
Objectives of	The course aim	is at giving a	n ov	erall view	of the	e				
the course	<ul> <li>various ator</li> </ul>	mic models	and a	atomic stru	cture					
	<ul> <li>wave partic</li> </ul>	•								
		ole, periodic	ity in	n properties	and	its application in	explaining the chemical			
	behaviour									
	• nature of cl				• ,					
	• fundamenta	a concepts c	of org	ganic chem	istry					
Course Outline	UNIT I									
	Atomic structure and Periodic trends									
	<ul> <li>History of atom (J.J.Thomson, Rutherford); Moseley's Experiment and Atomic number, Att Spectra; Electronic Configuration of Atoms and ions- Hund's rule, Pauli'exclusion prin and Aufbau principle; Black-Body Radiation and Planck's quantum theory - Bohr's mod atom; Interpretation of H- spectrum; Photoelectric effect, Compton effect; Dual nature Matter- De- Broglie wavelength-Davisson and Germer experiment Heisenberg's Uncerta Principle;</li> </ul>									
	Numerical prob	olems involv	ing t	the core co	ncept	S.				
	Unit II									
	<b>Introduction to Quantum mechanics</b> Classical mechanics, Wave mechanical model of atom, distinction between a Bohr orbit and orbital; Postulates of quantum mechanics Formulation of Schrodinger wave equation - Probability and electron density-visualizing the orbitals -Probability density and significance of $\Psi$ and $\Psi^2$ .									
	Modern Periodic Table									
	<b>Cause of periodicity</b> ; Features of the periodic table; classification of elements - Periodic trends for atomic size- Atomic radii, Ionic and Covalent radii; ionization energy, electron affinity, electronegativity-electronegativity scales, applications of electronegativity.									
	Problems involving the core concepts									

#### UNIT-III: Structure and bonding - I Ionic bond

Lewis dot structure of ionic compounds; properties of ionic compounds; Energy involved in ionic compounds; Born Haber cycle – lattice energies, Madelung constant; relative effect of lattice energy and solvation energy; Ion polarisation – polarising power and polarizability; Fajans' rules - effects of polarisation on properties of compounds; problems involving the core concepts.

## **Covalent bond**

Shapes of orbitals, overlap of orbitals – $\sigma$ and $\Pi$ bonds; directed valency - hybridization; VSEPR theory - shapes of molecules of the type AB <sub>2</sub> , AB <sub>3</sub> , AB <sub>4</sub> , AB <sub>5</sub> , AB <sub>6</sub> and AB <sub>7</sub>
Partial ionic character of covalent bond-dipole moment, application to molecules of the type $A_2$ , $AB$ , $AB_2$ , $AB_3$ , $AB_4$ ; percentage ionic character- numerical problems based on calculation of percentage ionic character.

## UNIT-IV: Structure and bonding - II

VB theory - application to hydrogen molecule; concept of resonance - resonance
structures of some inorganic species - CO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> , CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-,</sup> NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> ; limitations of
VBT; MO theory - bonding, antibonding and nonbonding

orbitals, bond order; MO diagrams of  $H_2$ ,  $C_2$ ,  $O_2$ ,  $O_2^+$ ,  $O^{2-}$ ,  $O^{2-}N_2$ , NO, HF, CO; 2 magnetic

characteristics, comparison of VB and MO theories.

Coordinate bond: Definition, Formation of BF<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>, H<sub>3</sub>O<sup>+</sup> properties

Metallic bond-electron sea model, VB model; Band theory-mechanism of conduction in solids; conductors, insulator, semiconductor – types, applications of semiconductors

Weak Chemical Forces - Vander Waals forces, ion-dipole forces, dipole-dipole interactions, induced dipole interactions, Instantaneous dipole-induced dipole interactions. Repulsive forces; Hydrogen bonding – Types, special properties of water, ice, stability of DNA(Examples only); Effects of chemical force, melting and boiling points.

UNIT-V:

## **Basic concepts in Organic Chemistry and Electronic effects**

Types of bond cleavage – heterolytic and homolytic; arrow pushing in organic reactions; reagents and substrates; types of reagents - electrophiles, nucleophiles, free radicals; reaction intermediates – carbanions, carbocations, carbenes, arynes and nitrenes.

Inductive effect - reactivity of alkyl halides, acidity of halo acids, basicity of amines; inductomeric and electromeric effects.

Resonance – resonance energy, conditions for resonance - acidity of phenols, basicity of aromatic amines, stability of carbonium ions, carbanions and free

	radicals, reactivity of vinyl chloride, dipole moment of vinyl chloride and nitrobenzene, bond lengths; steric inhibition to resonance. Hyperconjugation - stability of alkenes, bond length, orienting effect of methyl group, dipole moment of aldehydes and nitromethane Types of organic reactions- addition, substitution, elimination and rearrangements
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/JAM /TNPSC and others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol> <li>Madan, R. D. and Sathya Prakash, Modern Inorganic Chemistry, 2<sup>nd</sup>ed.; S. Chand and Company: New Delhi, 2003.</li> <li>Rao, C.N. R. University General Chemistry, Macmillan Publication: New Delhi, 2000.</li> <li>Puri, B. R. and Sharma, L. R. Principles of Physical Chemistry, 38<sup>th</sup>ed.; Vishal Publishing Company: Jalandhar, 2002.</li> <li>Bruce, P. Y. and PrasadK. J. R. Essential Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education: New Delhi, 2008.</li> <li>Dash UN, Dharmarha OP, Soni P.L. Textbook of Physical Chemistry, Sultan Chand &amp; Sons: New Delhi, 2016</li> </ol>
Reference Books	<ol> <li>Maron, S. H. and Prutton C. P. Principles of Physical Chemistry,4<sup>th</sup>ed.; The Macmillan Company: Newyork,1972.</li> <li>Lee, J. D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 4th ed.; ELBS William Heinemann: London,1991.</li> <li>Gurudeep Raj, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 26<sup>th</sup>ed.; Goel Publishing House: Meerut, 2001.</li> <li>Atkins, P.W. &amp; Paula, J. Physical Chemistry, 10th ed.; Oxford University Press:New York, 2014.</li> <li>Huheey, J. E. Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity, 4<sup>th</sup> ed .; Addison, Wesley Publishing Company: India,1993.</li> </ol>

Website and e-	1) https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in
learning source	2) http://www.mikeblaber.org/oldwine/chm1045/notes_m.htm
_	3) http://www.ias.ac.in/initiat/sci_ed/resources/chemistry/Inorganic.html
	4) https://swayam.gov.in/course/64-atomic-structure-and-chemical-bonding
	5)https://www.chemtube3d.com/

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## **Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)**

#### On completion of the course the students should be able to

- CO1: explain the atomic structure, wave particle duality of matter, periodic properties bonding, and properties of compounds.
- CO2: classify the elements in the periodic table, types of bonds, reaction intermediates electronic effects in organic compounds, types of reagents.
- **CO3:** apply the theories of atomic structure, bonding, to calculate energy of a spectral transition,  $\Delta x$ ,  $\Delta p$  electronegativity, percentage ionic character and bond order.
- CO4: evaluate the relationship existing between electronic configuration, bonding, geometry of molecules and reactions; structure reactivity and electronic effects
- CO5: construct MO diagrams, predict trends in periodic properties, assess the properties of elements, and explain hybridization in molecules, nature of H - bonding and organic reaction mechanisms.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

#### GENERAL CHEMISTRY-I

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SECTION A –  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Answer ALL questions

- 1. Write down the electronic configuration of Zn.
- 2. Define electronegativity.
- 3. Define the term ionic bond.
- 4. What is the bond order of CO molecule.
- 5. What is meant by No bond resonance?
- Benzoic acid reacts with methanol and hydrogen chloride to form methyl benzoate; but 2,6– dimethyl benzoic acid does not form the corresponding product under the same conditions. Explain with reason.
- 7. Define surface tension.
- 8. Define liquid crystals.
- 9. Normality.
- 10. Calculate the equivalent weight of calcium carbonate and potassium permanganate.

SECTION B –  $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Answer ALL questions

11. A) What are the periodic properties of elements? Explain any two properties in detail.

#### (Or)

- B) What are the important characteristic of s,p,d,f block elements.
- 12. A) What is meant by electronegativity. Explain about Mullian scale of electronegativity. (Or)
  - B) What is meant by ionization potential. I) Electron affinity II) stability of orbitals.
- 13. A) Define Lattice energy. Discuss about Born-Haber cycle. (Or)
  - B) What are the salient features of VSEPR theory.
- 14. A) Compare VB and MO theory. (Or)

B) Draw and explain the MO diagram of H2 and F2.

- 15. A) Explain the structure and stability of carbocations, carbocations and free radical. (Or)
  - B) what is meant by homolytic fission and heterolytic fission with examples.

SECTION C –  $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

## Answer any THREE questions

- 16. Explain the following quantum numbers (a)Aufbau principle, (b) Pauli's exclusion principle, (c)Hund's rule.
- 17. Define atomic radii, ionic radii. What are all the factors effecting the atomic radii & ionic radii.
- 18. Discuss the general properties of ionic compounds & covalent compounds.
- 19. Discuss about VSEPR & MO theory.
- 20. Discuss about inductive effect, steric effect and hyperconjugation with example.

Title of the Course	Quantitative Inorganic Estimation (titrimetry) and Inorganic Preparations								
Paper No.	Core II								
Category	Core	Year	Ι	Credits 2		Course Code			
		Semester	Ι						
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lal	) Practice		Total			
hours per week	-	-	3			3			
Prerequisites	<u> </u>	ondary chem	-						
Objectives of the course	<ul><li> laborat</li><li> handlir</li><li> Quantit</li></ul>	aims at pro ory safety ng glassware tative estima ation of inor	s ition	-	-				
Course Outline	Unit I								
	Chemical I	Laboratory	Safe	tv in Acad	emic	Institutions			
	Introduction - importance of safety education for students, common laboratory hazards, assessment and minimization of the risk of the hazards, prepare for emergencies from uncontrolled hazards; concept of MSDS; importance and care of PPE; proper use and operation of chemical hoods and ventilation system; fire extinguishers-types and uses of fire extinguishers, demonstration of operation; chemical waste and safe disposal.								
	Common A	Apparatus U	J <b>sed</b> i	in Quantit	ative	Estimation (Vo	olumetric)		
	Description and use of burette, pipette, standard flask, measuring cylinder, conical flask, beaker, funnel, dropper, clamp, stand, wash bottle, watch glass, wire gauge and tripod stand.								
	Principle o	f Quantitat	ive E	stimation	(Volı	umetric)			
	concept of standards, complexom	f mole, mo preparation tetric, iodim	olality of s etric	y, molarit standard s and iodom	y, no olutio etric	ormality; prima ons; theories of titrations; indica	nt, oxidizing agent; ary and secondary f acid-base, redox, ators – types, theory bice of indicators.		

Unit II
Quantitative Estimation(Volumetric)
Preparation of standard solution, dilution from stock solution
Permanganometry
Estimation of sodium oxalate using standard ferrous ammonium sulphate

	Dichrometry         Estimation of ferric alum using standard dichromate (external indicator)         Estimation of ferric alum using standard dichromate (internal indicator)         Iodometry         Estimation of copper in copper sulphate using standard dichromate         Argentimetry         Estimation of chloride in barium chloride using standard sodium chloride/         Estimation of chloride in sodium chloride (Volhard's method)         Unit III         Complexometry         Estimation of hardness of water using EDTA         Estimation of iron in iron tablets Estimation of ascorbic acid.         Preparation of Inorganic compounds- Potash alum         Tetraammine copper (II) sulphate         Hexamminecobalt (III) chloride         Mohr's Salt         (Any 5 experiments)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ul> <li>Reference Books:</li> <li>1. Venkateswaran, V.; Veeraswamy, R.; Kulandivelu, A.R. <i>Basic Principles of Practical Chemistry</i>,2<sup>nd</sup> ed.; Sultan Chand &amp;Sons: New Delhi, 1997.</li> <li>2. Nad, A. K.; Mahapatra, B.; Ghoshal, A.; <i>An advanced course in Practical Chemistry</i>, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed.; New Central Book Agency: Kolkata, 2007.</li> </ul>
Reference Books	1. Mendham, J.; Denney, R. C.; Barnes, J. D.; Thomas, M.; Sivasankar, B.; <i>Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis</i> , 6 <sup>th</sup> ed.; Pearson Education Ltd: New Delhi, 2000.
Website and e- learning source	Web References:1)http://www.federica.unina.it/agraria/analytical-chemistry/volumetric- analysis2)https://chemdictionary.org/titration-indicator/

## **Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)**

#### On successful completion of the course the students should be able to

**CO1:** explain the basic principles involved in titrimetric analysis and inorganic preparations.

**CO2:** compare the methodologies of different titrimetric analysis.

**CO3:** calculate the concentrations of unknown solutions in different ways and develop the skill to estimate the amount of a substance present in a given solution.

**CO4:** assess the yield of different inorganic preparations and identify the end point of various titrations.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
C01	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М

#### **CO-PO** Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	12	12	12	12	12
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

## SCHEME OF VALUATION

# Quantitative Inorganic Estimation (titrimetry) and Inorganic Preparations

Internal assessment: 25 Marks

External assessment: 75 marks

Total: 100 marks

Max. Marks: 75

Record: 15 Marks

Volumetric Analysis: 40 Marks

Preparation: 20 Marks (Quantity- 10 Marks; Quality- 10 marks)

Volumetric Analysis : 40 Marks (Maximum)

Error upto 2 % : 40 Marks

2 to 3 % : 30 Marks

3 to 4 % : 20 Marks

4 to 5 % : 10 Marks

> 5 % : 10 Marks

Arithmetic error : Deduct 1 mark

Wrong calculation : Deduct 20 % of marks scored

No calculation : Deduct 40 % of marks scored

Title of the Course				FOOD CH	EMI	STRY			
Paper No.	SEC –I								
Category	NME	Year	Ι	Credits		Course			
		Semester	Ι			Code			
Instructiona	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total			
l hours per week	2	-	-			2			
Prerequisite s	Higher sec	<ul> <li>Higher secondary Chemistry</li> <li>This course aims at giving an overall view of the</li> <li>★ Types of food</li> <li>★ Food adulteration and poisons</li> <li>★ Food additives and preservation</li> </ul>							
Objectives of the course	<ul><li>★ Types</li><li>★ Food a</li></ul>								
Outline	<ul> <li>UNIT I</li> <li>Food Adulteration</li> <li>Sources of food, types, advantages and disadvantages. Food adulteration - contamination of wheat, rice, milk, butter etc. with clay stones, water and toxic chemicals -Common adulterants, Ghee adulterants and their detection. Detection of adulterated foods by simple analytical techniques.</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>Unit-II</li> <li>Food Poison</li> <li>Food poisons - natural poisons (alkaloids - nephrotoxin) - pesticides, (DDT, BHC, Malathion) -Chemical poisons - First aid for poison consumed victims.</li> <li>UNIT-III</li> <li>Food Additives</li> <li>Food additives -artificial sweeteners – Saccharin - Cyclomate a n d Aspartate</li> <li>Food flavours -esters, aldehydes and heterocyclic compounds – Food colours – Emulsifying agents – preservatives -leavening agents. Baking powder – yeast – tastemakers – MSG - vinegar.</li> <li>UNIT-IV</li> <li>Beverages</li> <li>Beverages-softdrinks-soda-fruitjuices-alcoholicbeverages-examples.</li> <li>Carbonation-addictionto alcohol– diseases ofliver andsocial problems.</li> </ul>								

	<b>UNIT-V</b> <b>Edible Oils</b> Fats and oils - Sources of oils - production of refined vegetable oils - preservation.Saturated and unsaturated fats - iodine value - role of MUFA and PUFA in preventing heartdiseases-determination of iodine value,RM value,saponification values and their significance.
Recommend ed Text	<ol> <li>Food chemistry, H. K. Chopra, P. S. Panesar, Narosa publishing house, 2010.</li> <li>Jayashree Ghosh, Fundamental Concepts of Applied Chemistry, S. Chand &amp; Co.Publishers, second edition, 2006.</li> <li>Food chemistry, H. K. Chopra, P. S. Panesar, Narosa publishning house, 2010.</li> <li>Food Chemistry, Dr. L. Rakesh Sharma, Evincepub publishing, 2022.</li> <li>Food processing and preservation, G. Subbulakshmi, Shobha A Udipi, Pdmini S Ghugre, New age international publishers, second edition, 2021.</li> </ol>
Reference Books	<ol> <li>HD. Belitz, Werner Grosch, Food Chemistry Springer Science &amp; Business Media, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2009.</li> <li>M.Swaminathan, Food Science and Experimental Foods, Ganesh and Company,1979.</li> <li>Hasenhuettl, Gerard. L.; Hartel, Richard. W. Food Emulsifiers and their applications Springer New York 2nd ed. 2008.</li> <li>Food Chemistry, HD. Belitz, W. Grosch, P. Schieberle, Springer, fourth revised and extended edition, 2009.</li> <li>Principles of food chemistry, John M. deMan, John W. Finley, W. Jefferey Hurst, Chang Yong Lee, Springer, Fourth edition, 2018.</li> </ol>
Website and	

# e-learning

source

**Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)** 

#### On completion of the course the students should be able to

**CO 1:** learn about Food adulteration - contamination of Wheat, Rice, Milk, Butter.

- **CO 2:** get an awareness about food poisons like natural poisons (alkaloids nephrotoxin) pesticides, DDT, BHC, Malathion
- **CO 3:** get an exposure on food additives, artificial sweeteners, Saccharin, Cyclomate and Aspartate in the food industries.
- **CO 4:** acquire knowledge on beverages, soft drinks, soda, fruit juices and alcoholic beverages examples.
- **CO 5:** study about fats and oils Sources of oils production of refined vegetable oils preservation. Saturated and unsaturated fats –MUFA and PUFA

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

# **CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)**

СО /РО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

# Food Chemistry

## Model Question Paper

#### SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Answer all the questions

- 1. Draw the structure of fructose.
- 2. Write any two advantages of artificial sweetners.
- 3. Mention any two nutritive value of soyabean.
- 4. Mention the nutritive value of egg.
- 5. Give the nature of any one malted beverage.
- 6. What are appetizers?
- 7. Write any two food preservatives.
- 8. What is food irradiation.
- 9. State any two flavoring agents.
- 10. Write any two food colors.

SECTION B  $-(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer all the questions

11. A) List the toxic constituents present in pulses.

or

B) Explain the classification of cereals.

12. A) Give an account of fungi and algae as food.

or

- B) Write the nutritive value of milk.
- 13. A) Write any five fruit-based beverages.

or

B) Write a note on alcoholic beverages with examples.

14. A) Explain the classification of food preservatives.

or 30 B) Describe about food spoilage.

15. A) Discuss the function of food additives.

or

B) What are the materials used for packing of foods?

SECTION C –  $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

## Answer any THREE questions

16. Write a note on i) properties of sugar and, ii) medicinal values of cereals and pulses.

17. Explain enzymatic and non-enzymatic browning.

18. Explain i) alcoholic based and, ii) malted based beverages.

19. Describe low and high temperature method of food preservation.

20. Write a note on i) Restricted food colors and, ii) MSG.

Title of the Course	GENERAL CHEMISTRY-II									
Paper No.	Core III	Core III								
Category	Core	Core         Year         I         Credits         5         Course Code								
		Semester	Π							
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total				
hours per week	4	1	-			5				
Prerequisites	General Ch	nemistry I	•							
<b>Objectives of the</b>	This course	e aims at pro	vidir	ng an overa	ıll vie	ew of the				
course		chemistry of actus, bases and fonce equilibrium								
		<ul><li>properties of s and p-block elements</li><li>chemistry of hydrocarbons</li></ul>								
	applica	tions of acid	ls and	l bases						
	• compo	unds of mair	n bloo	ck element	s and	l hydrocarbons				

Course Outline	UNIT-I
	<ul> <li>Acids, bases and Ionic equilibria</li> <li>Concepts of Acids and Bases - Arrhenius concept, Bronsted-Lowry concept, Lewis concept; Relative strengths of acids, bases and dissociation constant; dissociation of poly basic acids, ionic product of water, pH scale, pH of solutions; Degree of dissociation, common ion effect, factors affecting degree of dissociation; acid base indicators, theory of acid base indicators – action of phenolphthalein and methyl orange, titration curves - use of acid base indicators;</li> <li>Buffer solutions – types, mechanism of buffer action in acid and basic buffer, Henderson-Hasselbalch equation;</li> <li>Salt hydrolysis - salts of weak acids and strong bases, weak bases and strong acids, weak acids and weak bases - hydrolysis constant, degree of hydrolysis and relation between hydrolysis constant and degree of hydrolysis;</li> <li>Solubility product - determination and applications; numerical problems involving the core concepts.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Chemistry of s - Block Elements</li> <li>Hydrogen: Position of hydrogen in the periodic table. Alkali metals: Comparative study of the elements with respect to oxides, hydroxides, halides, carbonates and bicarbonates. Diagonal relationship of Li with Mg. Anomalous behaviour of Be.</li> <li>Chemistry of p- Block Elements (Group 13 &amp; 14) preparation and structure of diborane and borazine. Chemistry of borax. Extraction of Al and its uses. Alloys of Al. comparison of carbon with silicon. Carbon-di-sulphide – Preparation, properties, structure and uses. Percarbonates, per monocarbonates and per dicarbonates.</li> </ul>

## UNIT-III

Chemistry of p- Block Elements (Group 15-18)
General characteristics of elements of Group 15; chemistry of H<sub>2</sub>N-NH<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>OH, HN<sub>3</sub> and HNO<sub>3</sub>. Chemistry of PH<sub>3</sub>, PCl<sub>3</sub>, PCl<sub>5</sub>, POCl<sub>3</sub>, P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> and oxy acids of phosphorous (H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>3</sub> and H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>).
General properties of elements of group16 - Structure and allotropy of elements - chemistry of ozone - Classification and properties of oxides - oxides of sulphur SO<sub>2</sub> SO<sub>3</sub> H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and selenium SeO2 – Oxy acids of sulphur (Caro's and Marshall's acids).
Chemistry of Halogens: General characteristics of halogen with reference to electronegativity, electron affinity, oxidation states and oxidizing power. Peculiarities of fluorine. Halogen acids (HF, HCl, HBr and HI), oxides and oxy acids (HClO<sub>4</sub>). Interhalogen compounds (ICl, ClF<sub>3</sub>, BrF<sub>5</sub> and IF<sub>7</sub>), pseudo halogens [(CN)<sub>2</sub> and (SCN)<sub>2</sub>] and basic nature of Iodine.
Noble gases: Position in the periodic table. Preparation, properties and structure of

XeF<sub>2</sub>, XeF<sub>4</sub>, XeF<sub>6</sub> and XeOF<sub>4</sub>; uses of noble gases - clathrate compounds.

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	UNIT-IV
	<b>Hydrocarbon Chemistry-I</b> <b>Petroproducts:</b> Fractional distillation of petroleum; cracking, isomerisation, alkylation, reforming and uses
	Alkenes-Nomenclature, general methods of preparation – Mechanism of $\Box$ -elimination reactions – $E_1$ and $E_2$ mechanism - factors influencing – stereochemistry – orientation – Hofmann and Saytzeff rules. Reactions of alkenes – addition reactions – mechanisms – Markownikoff's rule, Kharasch effect, oxidation reactions – hydroxylation, oxidative degradation, epoxidation, ozonolysis;
	Alkadienes Nomenclature - classification – isolated, conjugated and cumulated dienes; stability of conjugated dienes; mechanism of electrophilic addition to conjugated dienes - 1, 2 and 1, 4 additions; free radical addition to conjugated dienes– Diels– Alder reactions — polybutadiene, polyisoprene (natural rubber), vulcanisation, polychloroprene.
	Alkynes Nomenclature; general methods of preparation, properties and reactions; acidic nature of terminal alkynes and acetylene.
	<b>Cycloalkanes:</b> Nomenclature, Relative stability of cycloalkanes, Bayer's strain theory and its limitations.
	<ul> <li>UNIT-V</li> <li>Hydrocarbon Chemistry - II</li> <li>Benzene: Source, structure of benzene, stability of benzene ring, molecular orbital picture of benzene, aromaticity, Huckel's (4n+2) rule and its applications. Electrophilic substitution reactions - General mechanism of aromatic electrophilic substitution - nitration, sulphonation, halogenation, Friedel-Craft's alkylation and acylation. Mono substituted and disubstituted benzene - Effect of substituent – orientation and reactivity.</li> <li>Polynuclear Aromatic hydrocarbons: Naphthalene – nomenclature, Haworth synthesis; physical properties, reactions – electrophilic substitution reaction, nitration, sulphonation, halogenation, Friedel – Crafts acylation &amp; alkylation, preferential substitution at Elposition – reduction, oxidation – uses.</li> <li>Anthracene – synthesis by Elbs reaction, Diels – Alder reaction and Haworth synthesis; physical properties; reactions - Diels-Alder reaction, preferential substitution at C-9 and C-10; uses.</li> </ul>
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)

component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol> <li>Madan R D, Sathya Prakash, (2003), Modern Inorganic Chemistry, 2<sup>nd</sup>ed, S.Chand and Company, New Delhi.</li> <li>Sathya Prakash, Tuli G D,Basu S K and Madan R D, (2003), Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 17<sup>th</sup> ed., S.Chand and Company, New Delhi.</li> <li>Bahl B S, Arul Bhal, (2003), Advanced Organic Chemistry, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., S.Chand and Company, New Delhi.</li> <li>Tewari K S, Mehrothra S N and Vishnoi N K, (1998), Text book of Organic Chemistry, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.</li> <li>Puri B R, Sharma L R, (2002), Principles of Vishal Publishing Company, Jalandhar.</li> </ol>
Reference Books	<ol> <li>Maron S H and Prutton C P, (1972), Principles of Physical Chemistry, 4<sup>th</sup>ed., The Macmillan Company, Newyork.</li> <li>Barrow G M, (1992), Physical Chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> ed., Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.</li> <li>Lee J D, (1991), Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 4<sup>th</sup>ed., ELBS William Heinemann, London.</li> <li>Huheey J E, (1993), Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity, 4<sup>th</sup> ed., Addison Wesley Publishing Company, India.</li> <li>Gurudeep Raj, (2001), Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Vol – I, 26<sup>th</sup> ed., Goel Publishing House, Meerut.</li> <li>Agarwal O P, (1995), Reactions and Reagents in Organic Chemistry, 8<sup>th</sup>ed., Goel Publishing House,Meerut.</li> </ol>
Website and e- learning source	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in <u>http://cactus.dixie.edu/smblack/chem1010/lec</u> <u>ture_notes/4B.html</u> http://www.auburn.edu/~deruija/pdareson.pdfhttps://swayam.gov.in/course/64 - atomic-structure-and-chemical-bonding <b>MOOC components</b> <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104101090/</u> Lecture 1: Classification of elements and periodic properties <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104101090/</u>

On completion of the course the students should be able to 35

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- **CO1:** explain the concept of acids, bases and ionic equilibria; periodic properties of s and p block elements, preparation and properties of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons
- **CO2:** discuss the periodic properties of sand p- block elements, reactions of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons and strength of acids
- **CO3:** classify hydrocarbons, types of reactions, acids and bases, examine the properties s and p-block elements, reaction mechanisms of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons
- **CO4:** explain theories of acids, bases and indicators, buffer action and important compounds of s-block elements
- **CO5:** assess the application of hard and soft acids indicators, buffers, compounds of s and pblock elements and hydrocarbons

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
C01	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

#### **CO-PO** Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

CO/PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

#### GENERAL CHEMISTRY-II

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#### Model Question Paper

# SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

#### Answer ALL questions

1. Write a short note on the concept of Bronsted-Lowry theory.

2. Define a solubility product.

3. Mention the uses of KClO3.

4. Write any two alloys of Al.

5. Write down any four oxy-acids of sulphur.

6. What is meant by pseudo-halogens?

7. What is cracking?

8. What is geometric isomerism, given a suitable example?

9. Define Huckel's rule.

10. Mention any two uses of naphthalene.

SECTION B  $-(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Answer ALL questions

11. a) Discuss the theory of acid base indicators.

#### Or

b) Derive the Hederson- Hasselbalch equation.

12. a) Discuss the anomalous behavior of Berilium.

#### Or

b) Write notes on the comparison between carbon and silicon.

13. a) Discuss the chemical properties of  $P_2O_5$  and  $PH_3$ .

#### Or

b) Discuss the inert halogen compounds of ICl, ClF<sub>3</sub> and IF<sub>7</sub>.

14. a) Discuss the Hafmann and Saytzeff rule with a suitable example.

Or

38

b) Explain the conformational analysis of cyclohexane.

15. a) Discuss the MO of benzene.

Or

b) Discuss the Haworth synthetic preparation method of Anthracene.

# SECTION C – $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

# Answer any THREE questions

16. Discuss the mechanism of buffer action in acids and bases.

17. Discuss the preparation and structure of diborane and borazine.

18. Explain the preparation, properties, and structure of XeF<sub>2</sub>, XeF<sub>4</sub>, and XeOF<sub>4</sub>.

19. Write notes on Brayer's strain theory and mention its limitations.

20. Explain the following electrophilic reactions of anthracene:

a) Nitration

b) Sulphonation

c) Friedel-Crafts acylation

d) Halogenation

e) Friedel-Crafts alkylation

Title of the Course	QUA	QUALITATIVE ORGANIC ANALYSIS AND PREPARATION OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS								
Paper No.	Core IV	Core IV								
Category	Core	Core         Year         I         Credits         2         Course Code								
		Semester	II							

Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total						
hours per week	-	-	3	3						
Prerequisites	General Chemistry II									
Objectives of the course	<ul><li>laborat</li><li>handlin</li><li>analysi</li></ul>	handling glass wares								
Course Outline	Basic ideas	s about Bun	and first-aid in cher sen burner, its oper basis information a	ration and parts of the flame. Chemistry						
	Preliminat halogens Aromatic identificat	and aliphati ion of funct ion of funct monocarl monohyd aldehyde carbohyd primary, monoami anilide, n	ion, detection of sp c nature, Test for sa ional groups using ional groups poxylic acid, dicart ric phenol, polyhyd , ketone, ester rate (reducing and secondary, tertiary ide, diamide, thioar itro compound	ooxylic acid dric phenol non-reducing sugars) amine						

# UNIT III

# **Preparation of Organic Compounds (Any 5)**

- i. Nitration picric acid from Phenol
- ii. Halogenation p-bromo acetanilide from acetanilide
- iii. Oxidation benzoic acid from Benzaldehyde
- iv. Microwave assisted reactions in water:
- v. Methyl benzoate to Benzoic acid
- vi. Salicylic acid from Methyl Salicylate

vii. Rearrangement - Benzil to Benzilic Acid viii.Hydrolysis of benzamide to Benzoic Acid

	Separation and Purification Techniques (Not for Examination)
	1. Purification of organic compounds by crystallization (from water / alcohol) and distillation
	2. Determination of melting and boiling points of organic compounds.
	3. <b>Steam distillation</b> - Extraction of essential oil from citrus fruits/eucalyptus leaves.
	4. Chromatography (any one) (Group experiment)
	(i)Separation of amino acids by Paper Chromatography
	(ii)Thin Layer Chromatography - mixture of sugars / plant pigments /permanganate dichromate.
	(iii)Column Chromatography - extraction of carotene, chlorophyll and xanthophyll from leaves / separation of anthracene - anthracene picrate.
	5. Electrophoresis – Separation of amino acids and proteins. (Demonstration)
	<ol> <li>Isolation of casein from milk/Determination of saponification value of oil or fat/Estimation of acetic acid from commercial vinegar. (Any one Group experiment) (4,5&amp; 6–not for ESE)</li> </ol>
1	

Reference	1. Venkateswaran, V.; Veeraswamy, R.; Kulandaivelu, A.R. Basic Principles of
Books	Practical Chemistry, 2 <sup>nd</sup> ed.; Sultan Chand: New Delhi, 2012.
	2. Manna, A.K. Practical Organic Chemistry, Books and Allied: India, 2018.
	3. Gurtu, J. N; Kapoor, R. <i>Advanced Experimental Chemistry (Organic)</i> , Sultan Chand: New Delhi, 1987.
	<ol> <li>Furniss, B. S.; Hannaford, A. J.; Smith, P. W. G.; Tatchell, A.R. Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> ed.; Pearson: India,1989.</li> </ol>
Website and e- learning source	https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences
Course Learning	Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
On completion of	f the course the students should be able to
CO1: observe the	physical state, odour, colour and solubility of the given organic compound.
-	ne presence of special elements and functional group in an unknown organic performing a systematic analysis.
diamides, r	nono and dicarboxylic acids, primary, secondary and tertiary amines, mono and nono and polyhydric phenols, aldehyde and ketone, reducing and non- reducing explain the reactions behind it.
CO4: exhibit a so	lid derivative with respect to the identified functional group.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М

# **CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)**

СО /РО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
C01	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	12	12	12	12	12

Weighted percentage of					
<b>Course Contribution to</b>	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Pos					

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

# SCHEME OF VALUATION QUALITATIVE ORGANIC ANALYSIS AND PREPARATION OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

Internal assessment: 25 Marks External assessment: 75 marks Total: 100 marks Max. Marks: 75 Record: 15 Marks Preparation: 20 (quantity: 10 & quality: 10) Organic Analysis: 40 Marks

# **Organic Analysis** : 40 Marks

Aliphatic or Aromatic: 6 Marks Saturated or unsaturated: 6 Marks Tests for elements: 9 Marks Preliminary Test: 7 Marks Confirmation Tests: 12 Marks.

Title of the	DAIRY CHEMISTRY										
Course											
Paper No.	SEC-II			1	2 Course						
Category	NME	Year	Ι	Credits	2	Course					
		Semester	II			Code					
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total					
hours per week	2	-	-			2					
Prerequisites	-	ondary chen									
Objectives of the		e aims at pro	-	-		v of the					
course	• chemis	stry of milk	and m	ilk products	5						
	-	sing of milk									
	• preser	vation and fo	ormati	on of milk	produ	icts.					
Course Outline	UNIT I										
		on of Milk									
	-		l com	position o	f mi	lk- constitue	nts of milk - lipids,				
							l properties of milk -				
	<b>.</b>					1.	conductivity -Factors				
							tives with neutralizer-				
	-	-				-	total solids in milk.				
						-					
	Unit II										
	Processing										
		••				÷	ns in milk, physico –				
							boiling, pasteurization				
	• •	-					gh Temperature Short				
	Time) – Va	cuum pastei	ırızatı	on – Ultra F	High	Temperature I	Pasteurization.				
	UNIT III										
		k Products									
			ompos	ition - chen	nistry	of creaming	process - gravitational				
							ation of fat in cream.				
				-			si butter - salted butter,				
			-	•		6	e - major constituents -				
		-									
				U		detection - rar	5				
		- prevention	n - ant	10x1dants ai	nd sy	nergists - nati	and synthetic.				
	UNIT IV:										
	Special Mi		·· · , ·	•,			1 6 14 6				
							- definition - flow				
							nilk - vitaminised milk				
	- toned mil	k -Incitation	milk	- vegetable	tone	a muk - huma	inized milk -				

condensed milk - definition, composition and nutritive value.

	UNIT V
	<b>Fermented and other Milk Products</b> Fermented milk products – fermentation of milk - definition, conditions, cultured milk - definition of culture - example, conditions - cultured cream, butter milk - Bulgarious milk -acidophilous milk – Yoheer Indigeneous products- khoa and chhena definition - Ice cream -definition-percentage composition-types-ingredients-manufacture of ice–cream, stabilizers - emulsifiersandtheirrole-milkpowder-definition-needformakingmilkpowder- dryingprocess-types of drying.
Recommended Text	<ol> <li>K. Bagavathi Sundari, Applied Chemistry, MJP Publishers, first edition, 2006.</li> <li>K. S. Rangappa and K.T. Acharya, Indian Dairy Products, Asia Publishing House New Delhi, 1974.</li> </ol>
	3. Text book of dairy chemistry, M.P. Mathur, D. Datta Roy, P. Dinakar, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 1 st edition, 2008.
	4. A Text book of dairy chemistry, Saurav Singh, Daya Publishing house, 1 st edition, 2013.
	5. Text book of dairy chemistry, P. L. Choudhary, Bio-Green book publishers, 2021.
Reference Books	<ol> <li>Robert Jenness and S. Patom, Principles of Dairy Chemistry, S.Wiley, New York, 2005.</li> <li>F.P.Wond, Fundamentals of Dairy Chemistry, Springer, Singapore, 2006.</li> </ol>
	3. Sukumar De, Outlines of Dairy Technology, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1980.
	4. P.F.Fox and P.L.H. Mcsweeney, Dairy Chemistry and Biochemistry, Springer, Second edition, 2016.
	5. Dairy chemistry and biochemistry, P. F. Fox, T. Uniacke-Lowe, P.L.H. McSweeney, J.A. OMahony, Springer, Second edition, 2015.
Website and e- learning source	
Course Learning (	Dutcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
	the course the students should be able to

**CO 1:** understand about general composition of milk – constituents and its physical properties.

**CO 2:** acquire knowledge about pasteurization of Milk and various types of pasteurization - Bottle, Batch and HTST Ultra High Temperature Pasteurization.

**CO 3:** learn about Cream and Butter their composition and how to estimate fat in cream and Ghee

CO 4: explain about Homogenized milk, flavoured milk, vitaminised milk and toned milk.

**CO 5:** have an idea about how to make milk powder and its drying process - types of drying process

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

# **CO-PO** Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

CO/PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

45

## DAIRY CHEMISTRY

46

SECTION A –  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

## Answer ALL questions

1. Define Milk.

10. Give the general Constituents of milk?

11. What is meant by Pasteurization?

12. How will you destruct the micro-organisms in milk?

13. Write the composition of Butter.

14. Define Rancidity.

15. Differentiate between flavoured milk and toned milk.

16. What is the nutritive value of condensed milk?

17. Define and give an example for cultured cream.

18. What is need for making milk powder?

SECTION B  $-(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

# Answer ALL questions

11. a) What are the factors affecting the composition of milk? Explain it?

#### Or

b)Discuss the adulterants of the milk and how will you detect it.

12. a) Discuss the physio-chemical changes takes place in milk

#### Or

b) Write note on Vacuum Pasteurization.

13. a)Discuss the common adulterants added to ghee and how will you detect it?

Or

b) How will you estimate the fat in cream?

14. a) Discuss the merits of standardized milk.

#### Or

b)Discuss the composition and nutritive value of condensed milk.

15. a) Discuss the composition and types of Ice-creams.

# Or

b) Discuss the drying process of milk powder? What are the types of drying?

#### SECTION C – $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

#### Answer any THREE questions

- 19. Discuss the physical properties of milk in detail?
- 20. Define pasteurization. Explain the various type of pasteurization with examples.
- 21. Define butter. Write the composition of butter and explain the theory involved in butter.
- 22. Discuss the composition and nutritive value of
  - 1. Vitaminised milk.
  - 2. Incitation milk.
  - 3. Humanized milk.
- 21. Explain What is meant by fermented milk products? Discuss the various conditions of fermentation milk and cultured milk?

Title of the Course		COSMETICS AND PERSONAL GROOMING									
Paper No.	SEC-III (	SEC-III (Discipline Specific)									
Category	SEC	Year	Ι	Credits	2	Course					
		Semester	I/			Code					
			II								
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	La	b Practice		Total					

hours per week	2 - 2
Prerequisites	Higher secondary Chemistry
Objectives of the course	<ul> <li>This course aims at familiarizing the students with</li> <li>formulations of various types of cosmetics and their significance</li> <li>hair, skin and dental care</li> <li>makeup preparations and personal grooming</li> </ul>
Course Outline	Uni I Skin care Nutrition of the skin, skin care and cleansing of the skin; face powder – ingredients; creams and lotions – cleansing, moisturizing all purpose, shaving and sunscreen (formulation only); Gels – formulation and advantages; astringent and skin tonics – key ingredients, skin lightness, depilatories.
	Unit II Hair care Shampoos – types – powder, cream, liquid, gel – ingredients; conditioner – types – ingredients Dental care Tooth pastes – ingredients – mouth wash
	Unit III Make up Base – foundation – types – ingredients; lipstick, eyeliner, mascara, eye shadow, concealers, rouge
	Unit IV Perfumes Classification - Natural – plant origin – parts of the plant used, chief constituents; animal origin – amber gries from whale, civetone from civet cat, musk from musk deer; synthetic – classification emphasizing characteristics – esters – alcohols – aldehydes – ketones

	Unit V
	Beauty treatments
	Facials - types – advantages – disadvantages; face masks – types; bleach - types – advantages– disadvantages; shaping the brows; eyelash tinting; perming – types; hair colouring and dyeing ; permanent waving – hair straightening; wax – types – waxing; pedicure, manicure - advantages – disadvantages
Recommended	1. Thankamma Jacob, (1997) Foods, drugs and cometics - A consumer guide,
Text	Macmillan publication, London.
<b>Reference Books</b>	
	1. Wilkinson J B E and Moore R J, (1997) Harry's cosmeticology, 7 <sup>th</sup> ed.,
	Chemical Publishers, London.
	2. George Howard, (1987) Principles and practiceof perfumes and cosmetics,
	Stanley Therones, Chettenham
Website and e- learning source	<ol> <li>http://www.khake.com/page75.html</li> <li>Net.foxsm/list/284</li> </ol>
Course Learning	g Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) On
completion of the	e course the students should be able to
	w about the composition of various cosmetic products rstand chemical aspects and applications of hair care and dental care and skin care

- CO2 understand chemical aspects and applications of hair care and dental care and skin care products.
- **CO3** understand chemical aspects and applications of perfumes and skin care products.
- CO4 to understand the methods of beauty treatments their advantages and disadvantage
- **CO5** understand the hazards of cosmetic products.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

**CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)** 

СО /РО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

# COSMETICS AND PERSONAL GROOMING

51

SECTION A –  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer ALL questions

Answer all the questions

1.what is meant by skin care ?

2.what is meant by gel.

3.give the types of shampoo's

4.what are the ingrediants of mouth wash.

5.exaplin the meaning foundation

6.what are the main ingredient of eye shadows?

7.explain the origin of planet?

8.explain the different types of animal origin?

9.what are the different types of bleach?

10.what are the different types of wax process?

SECTION A –  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer ALL questions

11. a) explain in detail about the ingrediants of creams and lotions

(or)

b)explain the nutrition of the skin and cleaning of the skin.

12. a)discuss the ingrediants and types of powder.

(or)

b)discuss the ingrediants and types of tooth paste.

13. a)explain the types and ingrediants of eyelines.

(or)

b)explain the types and ingrediants of base-formation.

14. a)explain the classifications of plant origin and parts of the plants used.

(or)

b)explain detail the constituents animal of origin?

15. a)discuss the types advantages and disadvantages of facials.

(or)

b)write notes on hair straightening.

SECTION C –  $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

# Answer any THREE questions

16. a) explain the ingrediants of shaving and sunscreen. (4)

b)explain the formulation and advantages of astringent and skin tonics.(6)

17. a) discuss the types and ingrediants of cream and conditioner (6)

b) discuss the types of ingrediants of mouth wash (4)

18.discuss the types of ingrediants of

a)lipstick

b)mascara

# c)concealers

19.discuss the classification and characteristics of synthetic perfumes

20.<br/>discuss the types , advantages and disadvantages of (2.5 x 4=10)

a)pedicure b)manicure

c)hair coloring

d)dying

Title of the		GENERAL CHEMISTRY -III								
Title of the Course			GE.	NEKAL C	ΠĽΙV	115181 -111				
Paper No.	Core V									
Category	Core	Year	II	Credits	5	<b>Course Code</b>				
		Semester	III							
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lal	) Practice		Total	I			
hours per week	4	1	-			5				
Prerequisites	General Ch	nemistry – I	and I	I		1				
<b>Objectives of the</b>	This course	e aims to pro	ovide	a compreh	ensiv	e knowledge on				
course	solids. • fundam	nentals of nu	clear	chemistry	-	solids and X-ra				
	basic cl     alcohol	s.	halo-	organic co	-	inds, phenol and	other aromatic			
	• prepara	tion and pro	perti	es of phen	ois an	a alcohols.				
Course Outline	UNIT I									
	Gaseous st	tate								
	equation; T root mean equipartitic	The Maxwell square and 1 on of energ	l –Bo nost gy, d	ltzmann d probable v egrees of	istribu eloci free	ution of speed of ty and average k dom and mole	from the kinetic gas f molecules- average, cinetic energy, law of cular basis of heat ee path and viscosity			
	Real gases: Deviations from ideal gas behaviour, (Andrew's and Amagat's plots); compressibility factor, Z, and its variation with pressure for different gases. equations of states for real gases-van der Waal's equation; Virial equation; Boyle temperature; Numerical problems based on equations of states for real gases, isotherms of real gases – critical phenomena – isotherms of $CO_2$ -continuity of state–Van der waal's equation and the critical state; law of corresponding states-liquefaction of gases; numerical problems involving the core concepts.									
	Unit-II									
	Liquid and	d Solid Stat	e							
	Crystalline		hous	- differen	nces ·		pplications. ropy and anisotropy,			
	Crystals –s	ize and shap	e; lav	ws of cryst	allog	raphy; symmetry	v elements – plane,			

centre and axis; Miller indices, unit cells and space lattices; classification of crystal systems; Bravais lattices; X – ray diffraction – Bragg's equation
Packing in atomic solids – simple cubic, body centered cubic, face centered and hexagonal close packing; Co-ordination number in typical structures - NaCl, CsCl, ZnS, TiO <sub>2</sub> ; comparison of structure and properties of diamond and graphite;.numerical problems involving core concepts Defects in solids - stoichiometric and nonstoichiometric defects.
<b>Liquid crystals</b> – classification and applications.
UNIT-III Nuclear Chemistry
Natural radioactivity - alpha, beta and gamma rays; half-life period; Fajan–Soddy group displacement law; Geiger–Nattal rule; isotopes, isobars, isotones, mirror nuclei, iso diaphers; nuclear isomerism; radioactive decay series; magic numbers; units – Curie, Rutherford, Roentgen; nuclear stability - neutron- proton ratio; binding energy; packing fraction; mass defect. Simple calculations involving mass defect and B.E., decay constant and $t_{1/2}$ and radioactive series. Isotopes – uses – tracers – determination of age of rocks by radiocarbon dating. (Problems to be worked out)
Nuclear energy; nuclear fission and fusion – major nuclear reactors in India; radiation hazards, disposal of radioactive waste and safety measures.
UNIT-IV
$\label{eq:halogenderivatives} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Halogenderivatives} \\ \mbox{Aliphatic halogenderivatives} \\ \mbox{Nomenclature and classes of alkyl halides - isomerism, physical properties,} \\ \mbox{Chemical reactions. Nucleophilic substitution reactions - $S_N1$, $S_N2$ and $S_Ni$ mechanisms with stereochemical aspects and effect of solvent.} \end{array}$
<b>Di, Tri &amp; Tetra Halogen derivatives:</b> Nomenclature, classification, preparation, properties and applications of CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> , CHCl <sub>3</sub> , CCl <sub>4</sub> .
Aromatic halogen compounds Nomenclature, preparation, properties and uses Mechanism of nucleophilic aromatic substitution – benzyne intermediate.
Aryl alkyl halides Nomenclature, benzyl chloride – preparation – preparation properties and uses
<b>Alcohols:</b> Nomenclature, classification, preparation, properties, use; conversions – ascent and descent of series; test for hydroxyl groups. Oxidation of diols by periodic acid and lead tetraacetate.

	<ul> <li>UNIT-V Phenols Nomenclature; classification, Preparation from diazonium salts, cumene, Dow's process, Raching process; properties – acidic character and effect of substitution on acidity. Reactions – Fries, claisen rearrangement, Electrophilic substitution reactions, Reimer - Teimen, Kolbe, Schmidt, Gatermann synthesis, Libermann, nitro reaction, phthalein reaction.</li> <li>Resorcinol, quinol, picric acid – preparation, properties and uses.</li> <li>Aromatic alcohols Nomenclature, benzyl alcohol – methods of preparation – hydrolysis, reduction of benzaldehyde, Cannizzaro reaction, Grignard synthesis, physical properties, reactions – reaction with sodium, phosphorus pentachloride, thionyl chloride, acetic anhydride, hydrogen iodide, oxidation – substitution on the benzene nucleus, uses.</li> <li>Thiols: Nomenclature, structure, preparation and properties.</li> </ul>
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol> <li>B.R. Puri, L.R. Sharma, M.S. Pathania; <i>Principles of Physical Chemistry</i>, 46<sup>th</sup> edition, Vishal Publishing, 2020.</li> <li>B.R. Puri, L.R. Sharma and K.C. Kalia, <i>Principles of Inorganic Chemistry</i>, Milestone Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, thirtieth edition, 2009.</li> <li>4. P.L. Soni and Mohan Katyal, <i>Textbook of Inorganic Chemistry</i>, Sultan Chand &amp; amp; Sons, twentieth edition, 2006.</li> <li>M. K. Jain, S. C. Sharma, <i>Modern Organic Chemistry</i>, Vishal Publishing, fourth reprint, 2003.</li> <li>S.M. Mukherji, and S.P. Singh, <i>Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry</i>, Macmillan India Ltd., third edition, 1994.</li> </ol>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10			
On con CO1: e CO2: c v d CO3: i CO4: v CO5:	npletio explain describo vith re letermi nvestig nanage write th compou investi properti	n of the the kinet the phy spect to nations. ate the ra ment. e nomen nds and gate the es of aro	course the ic propert vical prop its pac adioactivit clature, pl alcohols. named of matic alco	e studen ties of ga perties of king an- ty, nuclea hysical & organic to ohol inclu	ts should ses by us fliquid a d apply ar energy c chemica reactions uding thio	d be able ing mathend solids the XR and it's p al propert related bl.	to ematical of identify D metho production ies and b to pheno	various od for c n, also th asic mec ol; explat	types of crystal s e nuclear hanisms in the p	waste of halo organ reparation a			
Websit	ıg sour	ce <u>httr</u> stat <u>httr</u> ind <u>httr</u> Intr	DOC com os://nptel. ce chemist os://nptel. ustries an os://nptel. coduction	ac.in/cou ry ac.in/cou d safety ac.in/cou to organi	rses/1041 rses/1031 rses/1041 c chemis	<u>106071</u> N 1 <u>06119</u> s try	uclear						
		4. 1	<ol> <li>I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry, Wesley Longman Ltd, England, sixth edition 1996.</li> <li>P. L. Soni, and H. M.Chawla - Text Book of Organic Chemistry, New Delhi Sultan Chand &amp; Sons, twenty ninth edition, 2007.</li> <li>J.D. Lee, Concise Inorganic Chemistry, Blackwell Science, fifth edition, 2005</li> </ol> MOOC components										
Refere	nce Bo	2. 4 1	edition, 19 A. Carey Ltd.,New	992. Francis, Delhi, se	<i>Organic</i> venth edi	<i>c Chemi</i> tion, 200	stry, Tata 9.	a McGra	w-Hill E	np; Sons, fi			

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	PO9	PO10
C01	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

# CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

СО /РО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

## GENERAL CHEMISTRY-III

#### Model Question Paper

#### SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

#### Answer ALL questions

- 1. Define Boyle's temperature.
- 2. What is RMS velocity.
- 3. Define liquid crystals.
- 4. State laws of crystallography.
- 5. Define Nuclear binding energy.
- 6. What are radioactive series.
- 7. What is nucleophilic substitution reaction.
- 8. Give the reason why benzene will not undergoes nucleophilic substitution reaction.
- 9. Write the reaction of nitration of phenol.
- 10. What is catalysis hydrogenation.

#### SECTION B $-(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

# Answer ALL questions

- 11. A)Discuss the Maxwell distribution of molecular velocities (or)
- B) Derive the kinetic gas equation.
- 12. A) What is mean by seven crystal system. Explain in detail.

#### (or)

- B) What are liquid crystals? How are they classified.
- 13. A) Difference between Nuclear fission and Nuclear fusion

(or)

B) What are the types of nuclear reactions? Give example.

14. A) Explain the mechanism of SN1 reaction.

(or)

B) Describe the Aromatic Nuclear Substitution reaction with example

15. A) Briefly explain the acidic character of phenol

(or)

B) Write the notes on I) Remer Tiemann reaction II) Houben Hoesh reaction.

SECTION C –  $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Answer any THREE questions

16. A) What is mean by viscosity and surface tension. What is the effect of temperature on it.

B) Write notes on liquid crystals.

17. Write the notes on Bravis Space lattice.

18. Write an account on application of Nuclear Chemistry.

19. Write preparation, properties and uses of Benzyl chloride.

20. Briefly explain the following reactions

I) Kolbe's reaction.

II) Gatterman reaction.

III) Claisen rearrangement.

IV) Cannizaro reaction.

Title of the Course	ENTREPRENEURIAL SKILLS IN CHEMISTRY								
Paper No.	SEC IV								
Category	Skill	Year	Π	Credits	1	Course			
	Enhanc	Semester	III			Code			
	ement Course								
In strue of one of		Tutorial	Lah	Due ation		Tatal			
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	<b>Lao</b>	Practice		<b>Total</b>			
Total marks	- 50(10 int	- ernal + 40 e	-	al)		1			
Prerequisites	General C		AUTH	ai)					
Objectives of the		se aims at pr	ovidin	g training	to				
course		velop entrep				ts			
	• to	provide han	ds on	experience	to pr	epare and dev	velop products		
		lop start ups							
Course Outline	UNIT -I								
	Food Ch	mistry							
		•	ntamii	nation of	food	items with	clav stones water		
	Food adulteration-contamination of food items with clay stones, water andtoxicchemicals -Common adulterants.								
						-oxidants, gla			
						atives, leave	ning agents,		
	Baking po	owder and b	aking	soda, yeast	"MSC	J,vinegar.			
	Dyes								
		tion – Natu and principle		•	yes a	nd their char	racteristics – basic		
	UNIT II								
	Hands	on Experier	ice (St	udents car	n cho	ose any four	)		
	powder, t technique	urmeric pow s.	der, b	utter, ghee,	, milk	offee, tea, pe , honey etc., nd, cottage cl	by simple		
	Preparation of Jam, squash and Jelly, Gulkand, cottage cheese. Preparation of products like candles, soap, detergents, cleaning powder, shampoos, pain balm, tooth paste/powde rand disinfectants in small scale.								
	Extraction	n of oils fror	n spic	es and flow	vers.				
	Dyeing -	f water samp cotton fabri dye, batik.				onthetic dyes	Printing		

Skills acquired from this course	Entrepreneurial skills.					
Recommended Text	<ol> <li>George S &amp;Muralidharan V, (2007) Fibre to Finished Fabric – A Simple Approach, Publication Division, University of Madras, Chennai.</li> <li>Appaswamy G P, A Handbook on Printing and Dyeing of Textiles.</li> </ol>					
Reference Books	Shyam Jha, Rapid detection of food adulterants and contaminants (Theory and Practice),Elsevier, e Book ISBN 9087128004289, 1 <sup>st</sup> Edition,2015					
Website and e- learning source	https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences					
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)						
-	the course the students should be able to erated food items by doing simple chemical tests.					

**CO 2:** prepare cleaning products and become entrepreneurs **CO 3:** educate others about adulteration and motivate them to become entrepreneurs.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
C01	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	6	6	6	6	6
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Title of the Course				TICIDE ( internal +				
Daman Ma			7	V (Diasia				
Paper No. Category	Skill Enhancement Course V (Discipline specific)         Skill       Year       II       Credits       2       Course Code							
Category	Skill Enhanc	Semester	III	Creatis	2	Course Coue		
	ement	Semester	111					
	Course							
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total		
hours per week	2	-	-			2		
Total marks	50(10 int	ernal + 40 e	xterna	al)				
Prerequisites	Fundame	ntals in chen	nistry					
Objectives of the	This cou	rse aims to p	orovidi	ng the stuc	lents			
course						of pesticides and		
					ı of p	esticides in in th	ne form of	
		sidues and i		•				
	• kı	nowledge on	choic	e of alterna	ate an	d eco-friendly p	besticides.	
Course Outline	Unit I							
	Introduc	tion: Histo	ry of	pesticide	s. C	hemistry of P	esticides: Brief	
			-				gets), structures,	
		names, phys				-		
	•	-				•	mammals, birds,	
		pecies etc. M					agaticidas with	
					•	•	secticides with erties, chemical	
							tions, Mode of	
		es, toxicity.	, 8-	, .		,		
	Organopł	nosphates a	and F	Phosphothi	onate	es: Acephate,	Chlorpyriphos,	
		-	-		•	•	– Endosulfan,	
	heptachlo	or; Carbamat	e: Cart	ap hydroc	hloric	le, Methomyl, P	ropoxur.	
	Unit II							
		s residues	s: In	troduction	- ar	oplication of	agrochemicals,	
							ticide residues,	
					-	•	nosphere, action	
						icides residues in		
	•		•			•	ic environment.	
							, retention and	
	transport in soil, effects on microorganism, soil condition and fertility, decomposition and degradation by climatic factors and microorganism.							
	decompo		grauat	ion by chi	natic	racions and mile.	ioorganiisiii.	
	Pesticide	Residues e	effect	and analy	sis: 1	Effects of pestio	cides residue on	
	human lit	fe, birds and	l anima	als- routes	for e	exposure to pest	icides, action of	
							esidues- sample	
	preparatio					residues (so		
		s/truits) sim	ple m	ethods and	d sch	emes of analys	is, multi-residue	
	analysis.							

Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal	Unit III Biopesticides: Pheromones, attractants, repellents – Introduction, types and application (8- Dodecen-1-ol, 10-cis-12-hexadecadienoic, Trimedlure, Cue- lure, methyl eugenol, N,N- Diethyl-m-toluamide, Dimethyl phthalate, Icaridin). Baits- Metaldehyde, Iron (II) phosphate, Indoxacarb, Zinc Phosphide, Bromadiolone. Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol> <li>Handa SK. Principles of pesticide chemistry. Agrobios (India); 2012.</li> <li>Matolcsy G, Nádasy M, Andriska V. Pesticide chemistry. Elsevier; 1989.</li> <li>J. Miyamoto and P. C. Kearney Pesticide Chemistry Human Welfare and the Environment vol. IV Pesticide Residue and Formulation Chemistry, Pergamon press, 1985.</li> <li>R. Cremlyn: Pesticides, John Wiley.</li> </ol>
Reference Books	<ol> <li>Roy N. K., Chemistry of Pesticides. CBS Publisher &amp; Distributors P Ltd; 1st Ed. (2010).</li> <li>Nollet L.M., Rathore H.S., Handbook of pesticides: methods of pesticide residues analysis. CRC press; 2016.</li> <li>Ellerbrock R.H., Pesticide Residues: Significance, Management and Analysis, 2005</li> </ol>
On completion of th CO 1: teach about CO 2: explain the CO 3: investigate t CO 4: demonstrate	<b>Putcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)</b> <b>the course the students should be able to</b> the pesticides and their toxicity with respect to structure and category. preparation and property of pesticides the pesticide residues, prevention and care the extraction and analytical methods of pesticide residues ness to the public on bio-pesticides

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3

CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to PSOs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

# Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

СО /РО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PO's and CO's

Title of the Course		QUA	LIT	ATIVE IN	ORC	GANIC ANALY	<b>'SIS</b>		
Paper No.	Core VI								
Category	Core	Year	II	Credits	2	Course			
		Semester	III			Code			
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lał	• Practice		Total			
hours per	1	-	3			4			
week									
Prerequisites	General che	-							
Objectives of the course	To develop salts.	the skill on	syste	matic anal	ysis (	of simple inorga	nic salts and mixture of		
Course	Semi - Mic	ro Qualitat	ive A	nalysis					
Outline	-	1. Analysis of simple acid radicals: Carbonate, sulphide, sulphate, thiosulphite, chloride, bromide, iodide, nitrate							
	•	2. Analysis of interfering acid radicals: Fluoride, oxalate, borate, phosphate, arsenate, arsenite.							
	3. Elimina radicals		erferi	ng acid ra	adical	ls and Identifyi	ng the group of basic		
	antimor		mini	um, arseni	c, zi	nc,manganese, 1	bismuth, cadmium, tin, nickel, cobalt, calcium,		
	•	is of a mixtunt of a mixtunt of a mixtune of a		to VI cont	tainin	g two cations ar	nd two anions (of which		
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge Professiona						fessional Competency,		
Recommende d Text	V. Venkate	<b>Reference Books:</b> V. Venkateswaran, R. Veeraswamy and A. R. Kulandivelu, Basic Principles of Practical Chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, second edition, 1997.							
Website and e-learning source	https://www	v.vlab.co.in/	broad	l-area-cher	nical-	-sciences			
Course Learnin	ng Outcome	s (for Mapp	ing v	with POs a	nd P	(SOs)			

On successful completion of the course the students should be able to CO 1:

acquire knowledge on the systematic analysis of Mixture of salts.

**CO 2:** identify the cations and anions in the unknown substance.

**CO 3:** identify the cations and anions in the soil and water and to test the quality of water.

CO4: assess the role of common ion effect and solubility product

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М

#### **CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)**

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	12	12	12	12	12
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

# SCHEME OF VALUATION INORGANIC QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS

Internal assessment: 25 Marks External assessment: 75 Marks Total: 100 marks Record: 15 Marks Analysis: 40 Marks. Each radical with procedure: 20 Marks (Spotting for each radical - 5 Marks; Fixing the group - 5 Marks)

Title of the Course			(	GENERA	L CH	EMISTRY-IV				
Paper No.	Core VII									
Category	Core	Year	II	Credits	4	Course Code				
		Semester	I V							
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lal	b Practice		Total				
hours per week	4	-	-			4				
Prerequisites	General Ch	nemistry III								
course	<ul> <li>thermodynamic concepts on chemical processes and applied aspects.</li> <li>thermo chemical calculations</li> <li>transition elements with reference to periodic properties and group study of transition metals.</li> <li>the organic chemistry of ethers, aldehydes and ketones</li> <li>the organic chemistry of carboxylic acids</li> </ul>									
Course Outline	and open irreversible and signifi of q, w, E isothermal Joule Thor standard st (Kirchhoff application determinat	gy – Intensi systems; isc processes; cance of hea and H for r and adiaba nson effect- ates; types o 's equations s; determin ion of calori	otherr First at (q) evers tic c inve f hea b) and ation fic va	nal, adiab law of the , work (w) bible, irrev onditions; ersion tem ts of react d pressure of bond lue of foo	atic, rmod , inte ersibl relat peratu ions a on e ener d and	isobaric, isochor ynamics – Conce rnal energy (E), e expansion of i ion between her ure Thermochem nd their applicat enthalpy of reac gy; Measuremen	enthalpy (H); calculations ideal and real gases under at capacities (Cp & Cv); histry - heats of reactions, ions; effect of temperature tions; Hess's law and its nt of heat of reaction –			

# Unit II

# **Thermodynamics II**

Second Law of thermodynamics - Limitations of first law, spontaneity and randomness; Carnot's cycle; Concept of entropy, entropy change for reversible and irreversible processes, entropy of mixing, calculation of entropy changes of an ideal gas and a van der Waals gas with changes in temperature, volume and pressure, entropy and disorder.

Free energy and work functions - Need for free energy functions, Gibbs free energy, Helmholtz free energy - their variation with temperature, pressure and volume, criteria for spontaneity; Gibbs-Helmholtz equation – derivations and applications; Maxwell

relationships, thermodynamic equations of state; Thermodynamics of mixing of ideal gases, Ellingham Diagram-application. Third law of thermodynamics - Nernst heat theorem; Applications of third law - evaluation of absolute entropies from heat capacity measurements, exceptions to third law.

## **UNIT III**

#### **General Characteristics of d-block elements**

**Transition Elements**- Electronic configuration - General periodic trend variable valency, oxidation states, stability of oxidation states, colour, magnetic properties, catalytic properties and tendency to form complexes. Comparative study of transition elements and non transition elements – comparison of II and III transition series with I transition series. Group study of Titanium, Vanadium, Chromium, Manganese, Iron, Cobalt, Nickel and Zinc groups

### UNIT IV

#### **Ethers, Thio ethers and Epoxides**

Nomenclature, isomerism, general methods of preparations, reactions involving cleavage of C-O linkages, alkyl group and ethereal oxygen. Zeisel's method of estimation of methoxy group. Reactions of epoxides with alcohols, ammonia derivatives and  $LiAH_4$  Thioethers - nomenclature, structure, preparation, properties and uses.

#### **Aldehydes and Ketones**

Nomenclatue, structure and reactivity of aliphatic and aromatic aldehydes and ketones; general methods of preparation and physical properties. Nucleophilic addition reactions, base catalysed reactions with mechanism- Aldol, Cannizzaro's reaction, Perkin reaction, Benzoin condensation, Haloform reaction, Knoevenagel reaction. Oxidation of aldehydes. Baeyer - Villiger oxidation of ketones. Reduction: Clemmensen reduction, Wolf - Kishner reduction, Meerwein – Pondorf Verley reduction, reduction with LiAlH<sub>4</sub> and NaBH<sub>4</sub>.

Addition reactions of unsaturated carbonyl compounds: Michael addition.

## UNIT V

**Carboxylic Acids**: Nomenclature, structure, preparation and reactions of aliphatic and aromatic monocarboxylic acids. Physical properties, acidic nature, effect of substituent on acidic strength. HVZ reaction, Claisen ester condensation, Bouveault Blanc reduction, decarboxylation,

Hunsdieckerreaction.Formic acid-reducing property.

Reactions of dicarboxylic acids, hydroxy acids and unsaturated acids.

**Carboxylic acid Derivatives:** Preparations of aliphatic and aromatic acid chlorides, esters, amides and anhydrides. Nucleophilic substitution reaction at the acyl carbon of acyl halide, anhydride, ester, amide. Schottan- Baumann reaction. Claisen condensation, Dieckmann and Reformatsky reactions, Hofmann bromamide

degradation and Curtius rearrangement.
Active methylene compounds: Keto – enol tautomerism. Preparation and synthetic applications of diethyl malonate and ethyl acetoacetate
<b>Halogen substituted acids</b> – nomenclature; preparation by direct halogenation iodination from unsaturated acids, alkyl malonic acids
<b>Hydroxy acids</b> – nomenclature; preparation from halo, amino, aldehydic and ketonic acids, ethylene glycol, aldol acetaldehyde; reactions – action of heat on $\Box$ , $\Box$ and $\Box$ hydroxy acids.

Extended	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive							
Professional								
	examinations UPSC/JAM /TNPSC others to be solved							
Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)							
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.							
Recommended Text	1. B.R. Puri and L.R. Sharma, <i>Principles of Physical Chemistry</i> , Shoban Lal Nagin Chand and Co., thirty three edition, 1992.							
	2. K. L. Kapoor, <i>A Textbook of Physical chemistry</i> , (volume-2 and 3), Macmillan, India Ltd, third edition, 2009.							
	3. P.L. Soni and Mohan Katyal, <i>Textbook of Inorganic Chemistry</i> , Sultan Chand & Sons, twentieth edition, 2006.							
	4. M. K. Jain, S. C. Sharma, <i>Modern Organic Chemistry</i> , Vishal Publishing, fourth reprint, 2003.							
	5. S.M. Mukherji, and S.P. Singh, <i>Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry</i> , Macmillan India Ltd., third edition, 1994.							
Reference Books	1. Maron, S. H. and Prutton C. P. <i>Principles of Physical Chemistry</i> ,4 <sup>th</sup> ed.; The Macmillan Company: Newyork,1972.							
	2. Lee, J. D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 4th ed.; ELBS William Heinemann: London, 1991.							
	3. Gurudeep Raj, <i>Advanced Inorganic Chemistry</i> , 26 <sup>th</sup> ed.; Goel Publishing House: Meerut, 2001.							
	4. Atkins, P.W. & Paula, J. <i>Physical Chemistry</i> , 10th ed.; Oxford University Press:New York, 2014.							
	<ol> <li>Huheey, J. E. Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity, 4<sup>th</sup>ed; Addison Wesley Publishing Company: India,1993.</li> </ol>							

Website and e- learning source	MOOC components <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112102255</u> Thermodynamics <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104101136</u> Advanced transition metal chemistry					
<b>Course Learning</b>	Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)					
On completion of	the course the students should be able to					
1	terms and processes in thermodynamics; discuss the various laws of thermodynamics chemical calculations.					
	second law of thermodynamics and its application to heat engine; discuss third law and on on heat capacity measurement.					
e	<b>O3:</b> investigate the chemistry of transition elements with respect to various periodic properties and group wise discussions.					
	scuss the fundamental organic chemistry of ethers, epoxides and carbonyl compounds including med organic reactions.					

**CO5:** discuss the chemistry and named reactions related to carboxylic acids and their derivatives; discuss chemistry of active methylene compounds, halogen substituted acids and hydroxyl acids.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

# **CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)**

CO/PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

#### GENERAL CHEMISTRY-IV

# Model Question Paper

## SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

#### Answer ALL questions

- 1. What is mean by exothermic and endothermic reactions.
- 2. State and explain first law of thermodynamics.
- 3. Write the Maxwell's equation.
- 4. Write Nernst heat theorem.
- 5. Write the electronic configuration of Co, Ni.
- 6. Write the uses of Uranium hexafluoride.
- 7. Write the reaction of Perkin reaction.
- 8. What is the structures of thio ethers and how it is prepared?
- 9. How are carboxylic acids are classified.
- 10. Explain the action of heat on Glutaric acid

SECTION B  $-(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

# Answer ALL questions

5

11. A) Derive the relationship between Cp and Cv.(or)

B) What are intensive and extensive properties.

12. A) State and explain all the statements of second law of thermodynamics.

(or)

B) Derive Gibbs Helmholtz equation.

13. A)Write down the various possible oxidation state of chromium group elements.

(or)

B) write preparation, property and use of Ammonium Molybdate

14. A) Discuss the mechanism of Knoevenagel reaction.

(or)

B) Write a note on reaction of Michael addition reaction.

15. A) Discuss Curtius rearrangement

(or)

B) Explain and detail about HVZ reaction.

SECTION C –  $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Answer any THREE questions

16. Derive the kirchoffs equation. Mention it's significance.

17. Write a short note on a) Carnot cycle

b) Entropy of mixing of ideal gas

18. Comparative study of Ti group elements.

19. Discuss the mechanism of a) Wolf – kishner reduction b) MP verley reduction

20. Write down the synthetic application of Ethylacetoacetate..

//

Title of the Course	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL – I										
Paper No.	Core VII	Core VIII									
Category	Core										
		Semester	IV	1							
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total					
hours per week	-	-	3			3					
Prerequisites	General Chemistry										
Objectives of the course	• th pl • th	<ul> <li>the fatorial of y experiments in order to understand the concepts of physical changes in chemistry</li> <li>the rates of chemical reactions</li> </ul>									
Course Outline		UNIT-I Chemical kinetics 1. Determination of rate constant of acid catalysed hydrolysis of an ester									

<ul> <li>(methyl acetate).</li> <li>2. Determination of order of reaction between iodide and persulphate (initial rate method).</li> <li>3. Polarimetry: Determination of rate constant of acid catalysed</li> </ul>
inversion of cane sugar Thermochemistry
4. Determination of heat of neutralisation of a strong acid by a strong base.
5. Determination of heat of hydration of copper sulphate.

	UNIT II
	Electrochemistry – Conductance measurements
	6. Determination of cell constant
	7. Determination of molar conductance of strong electrolyte
	8. Determination of dissociation constant of acetic acid
	Colorimetry
	9. Determination of concentration of copper sulphate solution
	UNIT III Colligative property
	10. Determination of molecular weight of an organic compound by Rast method using naphthalene or diphenyl as solvent
	Adsorption
	11. Construction of Freundlich isotherm for the adsorption of acetic acid on activated charcoal
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Reference Books	1. Sindhu, P.S. <i>Practicals in Physical Chemistry</i> , Macmillan India : New Delhi, 2005.
	2. Khosla, B. D.Garg, V. C.; Gulati, A.; <i>Senior Practical Physical Chemistry</i> , R.Chand : New Delhi, 2011.
	<ol> <li>Gupta, Renu, <i>Practical Physical Chemistry</i>, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed.; New Age International: New Delhi, 2017.</li> </ol>
Website and e- learning source	https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences
8	atcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
	e course the students should be able to inciples and methodology for the practical work
CO2: explain the pro	cedure, data and methodology for the practical work.
CO3: apply the princ	iples of electrochemistry, kinetics for carrying out the practical work.
CO4: demonstrate lab	boratory skills for safe handling of the equipment and chemicals

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
C01	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	12	12	12	12	12
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

## SCHEME OF VALUATION

9

Internal assessment: 25 Marks

External assessment: 75 Marks

Total: 100 Marks

Record: 15 Marks

Experiment: 45 Marks

Manipulation, Tabulation and Calculation: 15 Marks

# 1) Kinetics

Graph	: 10 Marks
Below a factor of 10	: 35
By a factor of 10	: 25
More than a factor of 10	: 15

# 2) Molecular weight

Error upto 10 %: 45

20 %: 35 30 %: 25 > 30 %: 15

# 3) Effect of electrolyte on CST

Graph: 10 Error upto 10 %: 35 20 %: 25 30 %: 15 > 30: 10

# 4) ConductanceEquivalent conductance: 25 marks

Error upto 10 % : 25 Upto 15 % : 15 >15 % : 10

# **Cell constant : 20 marks**

Error upto 10 % : 20 Upto 15 % : 15 >15 % : 10

# 5) Conductometric titration

Graph: 10 Upto 2 % : 35 2.1 to 3 % : 30 3.1 to 4 % : 25 4.1 to 5 % : 20 > 5% : 15

Title of the Course	INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS									
Paper No.	SEC VI (	EC VI (Discipline specific)								
Category	Skill	Skill Year II Credits 2 Co				Course Code				
	Enhanc ement Course	Semester	IV							
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total				
hours per week	2	-	-			2				
Prerequisites	General C	Chemistry								
Objectives of the course	<ul> <li>The course aims at providing an overall view of the</li> <li>operation and troubleshooting of chemical instruments</li> <li>fundamentals of analytical techniques and its application in the characterization of compounds</li> <li>theory of chromatographic separation and</li> </ul>									

	<ul> <li>theory of thermo / electro analytical techniques</li> <li>stoichiometry and the related concentration terms</li> </ul>
Course Outline	UNIT-I Qualitative and Quantitative Aspects of Analysis Sampling, evaluation of analytical data, Errors – Types of Errors, Accuracy, Precision, Minimization of Errors. Significant Figures. Methods of
	Expressing Precision: Mean, Median, Average Deviation, Standard Deviation, Coefficient of Variation, Confidence Limits, Q- test, F-test, T- test. The Least Square Method for Deriving Calibration plots.
	Principles of gravimetric analysis-characteristics of precipitating agents-choice of precipitants-conditions of precipitation-specific and selective precipitants-DMG, cupferron, salicylaldehyde, ethylene diamine-use of sequestering agent-co-precipitation, Post precipitation difference-reduction of errors-peptisation-precipitation from homogeneous solution-calculation in gravimetric methods-use of

### UNIT II

Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy: Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator, detector, choice of flame and Burner designs. Techniques of atomization and sample introduction; Method of background correction, sources of chemical interferences and their method of removal. Techniques for the quantitative estimation of trace level of metal ions from water samples.

#### **UNIT III**

#### UV-Visible and IR Spectroscopy

Origin of spectra, interaction of radiation with matter, fundamental laws of spetroscopy and selection rules, validity of Beer-Lambert's law.

**UV-Visible Spectrometry:** Basic principles, instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator and detector) for single and double beam instrument; Basic principles of quantitative analysis: estimation of metal ions from aqueous solution, geometrical isomers, keto-enol tautomers. **Infrared Spectroscopy:** Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator& detector) for single and double beam instrument; sampling techniques.

## UNIT IV

#### Thermal and Electro-analytical Methods of Analysis

TGA and DTA- Principle, Instrumentation, methods of obtaining Thermograms, factors affecting TGA/DTA, Thermal analysis of silver nitrate, calcium oxalate and calcium acetate DSC- Principle, Instrumentation and applications.

Electroanalytical methods: polarography - principle, instrumentation and applications. Derivative polarography- Cyclic Voltammetry - principle.

## UNIT V

#### Separation and purification techniques

Classification, principle, Factors affecting - Solvent Extraction – Liquid -
Liquid Extraction,
Chromatography: Column, TLC, Paper, Gas, HPLC and Electrophoresis,
Principle, Classification, Choice of Adsorbents, Solvents, Preparation of
Column, Elution Mechanism of separation: adsorption, partition & ion
exchange. Development of chromatograms and Rf value.

Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive
examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved

question paper)	
Skills from this courseAnalytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.Recommended Text1. Vogel, Arthur I: A Test book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis by G.H. Jeffery and others) 5th Ed., The English Language Society of Longman.2. P. Constan, P. S. Subramanian, and K. Bangarajan, Elamat	Book
<ol> <li>R. Gopalan, P. S. Subramanian and K. Rengarajan, Elemen Analytical Chemistry, Sultan Chand, New Delhi, 2007</li> <li>Skoog, Holler and Crouch, Principles of Instrumental Ana Cengage Learning, 6th Indian Reprint (2017).</li> <li>R. Speyer, Thermal Analysis of Materials, CRC Press, 1993.</li> <li>R.A. Day and A.L. Underwood, Quantitative Analysis, 6th Prentice Hall of India Private Ltd., New Delhi, 1993</li> </ol>	alysis,
<ul> <li>Reference Books</li> <li>1. D. A. Skoog, D. M. West and F. J. Holler, Analytical Chemistr Introduction, 5thedn., Saunders college publishing, Philade 1998.</li> <li>2. Dash U N, Analytical Chemistry; Theory and Practice, Sultan C and sons Educational Publishers, New Delhi, 2011.</li> <li>3. Christian, Gary D; Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed., John Wil Sons, New York, 2004.</li> <li>4. Mikes, O. &amp;Chalmes, R.A. Laboratory Hand of Chromatographic &amp; Allied Methods, Elles Harwood Ltd. Londor 5. G.H. Jeffery, J. Bassett, J. Mendham and R.C. Denney, W Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, sixth edition Pe Education, 2000</li> </ul>	Iphia, Chand ey & Ibook m ogel's
Website and e- learning sources1. http://www.epa.gov/rpdweb00/docs/marlap/402-b-04-001b-14- final.pdf2. http://eric.ed.gov/?id=EJ3862873. http://www.sjsu.edu/faculty/watkins/diamag.htm4. http://www.britannica.com/EBchecked/topic/108875/separation- and-purification5. http://www.chemistry.co.nz/stoichiometry.htm	

Extended

## **Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) On completion of the course the students should be able to**

4

**CO1:** apply error analysis in the calibration and use of analytical instruments, explain theory, instrumentation and application of flame photometry and Atomic Absorption spectrometry

CO2: explain theory, instrumentation and application of UV visible and Infrared spectroscopy.

- **CO3:** able to discuss instrumentation, theory and applications of thermal and electrochemical techniques
- **CO4:** explain the use of chromatographic techniques in the separation and identification of mixtures

CO5: explain preparation of solutions, stoichiometric calculations

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
C01	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
C01	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

Title of the Course	FORENSIC SCIENCE						
Paper No.	SEC-VII (	Discipline S	Specifi	<b>c</b> )			
Category	Skill	Year	Π	Credits	2	Course	
	Enhance ment CourseSemesterIV		Code				
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total	
hours per week	2	-	-			2	
Prerequisites	General Ch	nemistry					
Objectives of the	This course	e aims at giv	ing an	overall vie	w of		
course	• crime d	letection thro	ough a	nalytical in	strur	nents	
	• forgery	and its dete	ction				
	• medica	l aspects inv	volved				
Course Outline	UNIT I						
	dead -clin contaminat detecting a	nical symp ion (Hg, Pb,	toms , Cd) c uman	- postmo of seafoods hair. Treati	orten - use	n appearance of neutron ac	n the living and the es. Heavy metal ctivation analysis in poisoning – use of

### Unit-II **Crime Detection**

Accidental explosion during manufacture of matches and fireworks (as in

1

Sivakasi). Human bombs - possible explosives (gelatin sticks and RDX) metal detector devices andother security measures for VVIP-composition of bullets and detecting powder burns.

# UNIT-III

## **Forgery and Counterfeiting**

Documents - different types of forged signatures - simulated and traced forgeries -inherent signs of forgery methods - writing deliberately modified uses of ultraviolet rays -comparison of type written letters - checking silver line water mark in currency notes - alloy analysis using AAS to detect counterfeit coins - detection of gold purity in 22 carat ornaments - detecting gold plated jewels -authenticity of diamond.

# **UNIT-IV**

## **Tracks and Traces**

Tracks and traces - small tracks and police dogs - foot prints - costing of

foot prints -residue prints, walking pattern or tyre marks - miscellaneous traces and tracks - glass fracture - tool marks - paints - fibres - Analysis of biological substances - blood, semen, saliva, urine and hair - Cranial analysis (head and teeth) DNA Finger printing for tissue identification in dismembered bodies - detecting steroid consumption in athletes and racehorses.

# **UNIT-V**

# **Medical Aspects**

Aids - causes and prevention - misuse of scheduled drugs - burns and their treatment by plastic surgery. Metabolite analysis using mass spectrum - Gas chromatography-Arson -natural fires and arson - burning characteristics and chemistry of combustible materials -nature of combustion. Ballistics classification - internal and terminal ballistics - small arms -laboratory examination of barrel washing and detection of powder residue by chemical tests.

Recommended	1. SA Iqbal, M Liviu, Textbook of forensic chemistry, Discovery
Text	publishing house private limited, 2011.
	2. Kelly M. Elkins, Introduction to Forensic Chemistry, CRC Press, Taylor
	& Francis Group, 2019.
	3. Javed I. Khan, Thomas J. Kennedy, Donnell R. Christian, Jr., Basic principles of Forensic chemistry, Humana Press, first edition, 2012.
	4. Bapuly AK, (2006) Forensic Science – Its application in crime investigation, Paras Medical Publisher, Hyderabad.
	5. Sharma B.R., (2006) Scientific Criminal Investigation, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
Reference Books	1. Richard Saferst in and Criminalistics-An Introduction to Forensic Science
	(College Version), Sopfestein, Printice hall, eighth edition,2003
	2. Suzanne Bell, Forensic Chemistry, Pearson, second international edition
	2014.
	3. Jay Siegel, Forensic chemistry: Fundamentals and applications, Wiley Blackwell, first edition, 2015.
	4. Max M. Houck & Jay A. Segal, (2006) Fundamentals of Forensic Science Elsevier Academic press.
	5. Henry C. Lee, Timothy Palmbach, Marilyn T. Miller, (2006) Henry
	Lee's Crime Scene Book Elsevier Academic press.
Website and e-	
learning source	1. http://www.library.ucsb.edu/ist/03-spring/internet.html
	2. http://www.wonder howto.com/topic/forensic-science/

## On completion of the course the students should be able to

- **CO 1:** learn about the Poisons types and classification of poisons in the living and the dead organisms and also get information about Postmortem.
- **CO 2:** get awareness on Human bombs, possible explosives (gelatin sticks and RDX) and metal defector devices and other security measures for VVIP composition of bullets and detecting powder burns
- **CO 3:** detect the forgery documents, different types of forged signatures
- **CO4:** have an idea about how to tracks and trace using police dogs, foot prints identification and gain the knowledge in analyzing biological substances blood, semen, saliva, urine and hair DNA Finger printing for tissue identification in dismembered bodies
- **CO 5:** get the awareness on Aids causes and prevention and also have an exposure on handling fire explodes.

PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10

CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

# **CO-PO** Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

Title of the Course	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - I						
Paper No.	Core IX						
Category	Core	Year	III	Credits	4	Course Code	
		Semester	V				
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total	
hours per week	4	1	-			5	
Prerequisites	General Chemistry I,II, III and IV						
Objectives of the course	<ul> <li>stacco</li> <li>pr</li> <li>cc</li> <li>pr</li> <li>pr</li> <li>pr</li> <li>pr</li> <li>pr</li> <li>py</li> <li>pr</li> </ul>	onformations reparation a ompounds ar reparation of reparation a yrrole, furan	sm in s of etl and p ad ami d ami d ami d ami d ffer and pr and th and pr	chirals and hane and b properties nes rent dyes, f operties o hiophene roperties c	nd g utan of cood f fi <sup>v</sup>	geometric isomerism in olefins, ne aromatic and aliphatic nitro colour and additives ve membered heterocycles like ix membered heterocycles like	

Course Outline	UNIT I Stereochemistry
	Fischer Projection, Newmann and Sawhorse Projection formulae and their interconversions;
	Geometrical isomerism:cis-trans, syn-anti isomerism, E/Z notations.
	<b>Optical Isomerism:</b> Optical activity, specific rotation, asymmetry, enantiomers, distereoisomers, meso structures - molecules with one and two chiral centres, racemisation- methods of racemisation; resolution- methods of resolution. C.I.P rules. R and S notations for one and two chirality (stereogenic) centres.
	Molecules with no asymmetric carbon atoms – allenes and biphenyls. Conformational analysis of ethane and butane.
	UNIT II
	Chemistry of Nitrogen Compounds – I
	Nitroalkanes
	Nomenclature, isomerism, preparation from alkyl halides, halo acids, alkanes; physical properties; reactions – reduction, halogenations, Grignard reagent, Pseudo acid character. Nitro - aci nitro tautomerism.
	Aromatic nitro compounds Nomenclature, preparation – nitration, from diazonium salts, physical properties; reactions - reduction of nitrobenzene in different medium, Electrophilic substitution reactions, TNT.
<b>[</b>	

Amines: Aliphatic amines Nomenclature, isomerism, preparation – Hofmanns' degradation reaction, Gabriel's phthalimide synthesis, Curtius Schmidt rearrangement.
Physical properties, reactions – alkylation, acylation, carbylamine reaction, Mannich reaction, oxidation, basicity of amines.

UNIT III Chemistry of Nitrogen Compounds – II
<b>Aromatic amines</b> – Nomenclature, preparation – from nitro compounds, Hofmann's method; Schmidt reaction, properties - basic nature, ortho effect; reactions – alkylation, acylation, carbylamine reaction, reaction with nitrous acid, aldehydes, oxidation, Electrophilic substitution reactions, diazotization and coupling reactions; sulphanilic acid - zwitter ion formation.
Distinction between primary, secondary and tertiary amines - aliphatic and aromatic Diazonium compounds
Diazomethane, Benzene diazonium chloride - preparations and synthetic applications.
<b>Dyes</b> Theory of colour and constitution; classification based on structure and application; preparation –Martius yellow, aniline yellow, methyl orange, alizarin, indigo, malachite green. Industry oriented content
Dyes Industry, Food colour and additives
UNIT IV Heterocyclic compounds Nomenclature and classification. General characteristics - aromatic character and reactivity. Five-membered heterocyclic compounds
Pyrrole – preparation - from succinimide, Paal Knorr synthesis; reactions – reduction, basic character, acidic character, electrophilic substitution reactions, ring opening.
Furan – preparation from mucic acid and pentosan; reactions – hydrogenation, reaction with oxygen, Diels Alder reactions, formation of thiophene and pyrrole; Electrophilic substitution reaction.
Thiophene synthesis - from acetylene; reactions -reduction; oxidation;

electrophilic substitution reactions.

Six-membered heterocyclic compounds         Pyridine – synthesis - from acetylene, Physical properties; reactions - basic character, oxidation, reduction, electrophilic substitution reactions; nucleophilic substitution- uses Condensed ring systems         Quinoline – preparation - Skraup synthesis and Friedlander's synthesis; reactions – basic nature, reduction, oxidation; electrophilic substitutions; nucleophilic substitutions – Chichibabin reaction         Isoquinoline – preparation by the Bischler – Napieralski reaction reduction, oxidation; electrophilic substitution.         Extended         Professional         Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)         Skills acquired from this course         Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Computer, Professional Computing and Transferable skills.         Recommended Text         1.M.K. Jain, S.C.Sharma, Modern Organic Chemistry, Vishal Publishing fourth reprint, 2009.         2.S.M. Mukherji, and S.P. Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Macmillan India Ltd., third edition, 2009.         3.ArunBahl and B.S. Bahl, Advanced organic chemistry, New Delhi S.Chand& Company Pvt. Ltd., Multicolour edition, 2012.         4.P. L.Soni and H. M. Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.	1	
basic character, oxidation, reduction, electrophilic substitution reactions:         nucleophilic substitution- uses Condensed ring systems         Quinoline – preparation - Skraup synthesis and Friedlander's synthesis;         reactions – basic nature, reduction, oxidation; electrophilic substitutions;         nucleophilic substitutions – Chichibabin reaction         Isoquinoline – preparation by the Bischler – Napieralski reaction         reduction, oxidation; electrophilic substitution.         Professional         Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination upers)         Skills acquired from this course         Recommended         Text         1.M.K. Jain, S.C.Sharma, Modern Organic Chemistry, Vishal Publishing fourth reprint, 2009.         2.S.M. Mukherji, and S.P. Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, New Delhi S.Chand& Company Pvt. Ltd., Multicolour edition, 2009.         3.ArunBahl and B.S. Bahl, Advanced organic chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.         5.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.         5.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education Asia, sixth edition, 2012.         2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,		UNIT V Six-membered heterocyclic compounds
reactions – basic nature, reduction, oxidation; electrophilic substitutions; nucleophilic substitutions – Chichibabin reaction         Isoquinoline – preparation by the Bischler – Napieralski reaction reduction, oxidation; electrophilic substitution.         Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)         Skills acquired from this course       Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Competency, Professional Competency, Professional Competency, Professional Competency, Professional Competency, Professional Computer Organic Chemistry, Vishal Publishing fourth reprint, 2009.         2.S.M. Mukherji, and S.P. Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Macmillan India Ltd., third edition, 2009.         3.ArunBahl and B.S. Bahl, Advanced organic chemistry, New Delhi S.Chand& Company Pvt. Ltd., Multicolour edition, 2012.         4.P. L.Soni and H. M. Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.         5.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education Asia, sixth edition, 2012.         2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,		Pyridine – synthesis - from acetylene, Physical properties; reactions - basic character, oxidation, reduction, electrophilic substitution reactions; nucleophilic substitution- uses Condensed ring systems
Extended       reduction, oxidation; electrophilic substitution.         Extended       Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)         Not to be included in the external examination question paper)       Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.         Recommended       1.M.K. Jain, S.C.Sharma, Modern Organic Chemistry, Vishal Publishing fourth reprint, 2009.         2.S.M. Mukherji, and S.P. Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Macmillan India Ltd., third edition, 2009.         3.ArunBahl and B.S. Bahl, Advanced organic chemistry, New Delhi S.Chand& Company Pvt. Ltd., Multicolour edition, 2012.         4.P. L.Soni and H. M. Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.         5.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education Asia, sixth edition, 2012.         Reference Books       1.R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education Asia, sixth edition, 2012.		Quinoline – preparation - Skraup synthesis and Friedlander's synthesis; reactions – basic nature, reduction, oxidation; electrophilic substitutions; nucleophilic substitutions – Chichibabin reaction
Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)Skillsacquired from this courseKnowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.Recommended Text1.M.K. Jain, S.C.Sharma, Modern Organic Chemistry, Vishal Publishing fourth reprint, 2009.2.S.M. Mukherji, and S.P. Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Macmillan India Ltd., third edition, 2009. 3.ArunBahl and B.S. Bahl, Advanced organic chemistry, New Delhi S.Chand& Company Pvt. Ltd., Multicolour edition, 2012.4.P. L.Soni and H. M. Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan 		Isoquinoline – preparation by the Bischler – Napieralski reaction, reduction, oxidation; electrophilic substitution.
from this courseCompetency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.Recommended Text1.M.K. Jain, S.C.Sharma, Modern Organic Chemistry, Vishal Publishing fourth reprint, 2009. 2.S.M. Mukherji, and S.P. Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Macmillan India Ltd., third edition, 2009. 3.ArunBahl and B.S. Bahl, Advanced organic chemistry, New Delhi S.Chand& Company Pvt. Ltd., Multicolour edition, 2012. 4.P. L.Soni and H. M. Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007. 5.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Universities Press (India) Private Ltd., 2009.Reference Books1.R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education Asia, sixth edition, 2012. 2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,	Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination	examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved
Textfourth reprint, 2009.2.S.M. Mukherji, and S.P. Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Macmillan India Ltd., third edition, 2009.3.ArunBahl and B.S. Bahl, Advanced organic chemistry, New Delhi S.Chand& Company Pvt. Ltd., Multicolour edition, 2012.4.P. L.Soni and H. M. Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.5.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Universities Press (India) Private Ltd., 2009.Reference Books1.R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education Asia, sixth edition, 2012.2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,		
rourth reprint, 2009.         2.S.M. Mukherji, and S.P. Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Macmillan India Ltd., third edition, 2009.         3.ArunBahl and B.S. Bahl, Advanced organic chemistry, New Delhi S.Chand& Company Pvt. Ltd., Multicolour edition, 2012.         4.P. L.Soni and H. M. Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.         5.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Universities Press (India) Private Ltd., 2009. <b>Reference Books</b> 1.R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education Asia, sixth edition, 2012.         2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,	Recommended	1.M.K. Jain, S.C.Sharma, Modern Organic Chemistry, Vishal Publishing,
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3.ArunBahl and B.S. Bahl, Advanced organic chemistry, New Delhi         S.Chand& Company Pvt. Ltd., Multicolour edition, 2012.         4.P. L.Soni and H. M. Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan         Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.         5.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Universities Press (India)         Private Ltd., 2009. <b>Reference Books</b> 1.R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education         Asia, sixth edition, 2012.         2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,		2.S.M. Mukherji, and S.P. Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic
S.Chand& Company Pvt. Ltd., Multicolour edition, 2012.4.P. L.Soni and H. M. Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.5.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Universities Press (India) Private Ltd., 2009.Reference Books1.R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education Asia, sixth edition, 2012. 2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,		Chemistry, Macmillan India Ltd., third edition, 2009.
4.P. L.Soni and H. M. Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.         5.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Universities Press (India) Private Ltd., 2009.         Reference Books       1.R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education Asia, sixth edition, 2012.         2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,		3.ArunBahl and B.S. Bahl, Advanced organic chemistry, New Delhi,
Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.         5.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Universities Press (India)         Private Ltd., 2009.         Reference Books         1.R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education         Asia, sixth edition, 2012.         2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,		S.Chand& Company Pvt. Ltd., Multicolour edition, 2012.
S.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Universities Press (India)         Private Ltd., 2009.         Reference Books         1.R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education         Asia, sixth edition, 2012.         2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,		4.P. L.Soni and H. M. Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan
Private Ltd., 2009.         Reference Books         1.R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education         Asia, sixth edition, 2012.         2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,		Chand & Sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.
Asia, sixth edition, 2012. 2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,		5.C.N.Pillai, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Universities Press (India) Private Ltd., 2009.
Asia, sixth edition, 2012. 2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,		
2.T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,	<b>Reference Books</b>	
		Asia, sixth edition, 2012.

	3. A. Carey Francis, Organic Chemistry, Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt.
	Ltd., New Delhi, seventh edition,2009.
	4. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry, Vol. (1& 2), England, Wesley Longman
	Ltd, sixth edition, 2006.
	5. J. A. Joule, and G. F. Smith, Heterocyclic Chemistry, Wiley, Fifth Edition, 2010.
Website and e-	1. www.epgpathshala.nic.in
learning sources	2. www.nptel.ac.in
	3. http:/swayam.gov.in
	4. Virtual Textbook of Organic Chemistry

## **Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)**

On completion of the course the students should be able to

- **CO1:** assign RS notations to chirals and EZ notations to olefins and explain conformations of ethane and butane.
- CO2: explain preparation and properties of aromatic and aliphatic nitro compounds and amines
- CO3: explain colour and constitution of dyes and food additives
- **CO4:** discuss preparation and properties of five membered heterocycles like pyrrole, furan and thiophene
- **CO5:** discuss preparation and properties of six membered heterocycles like pyridine, quinoline and isoquinoline

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
C01	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15

			-		
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

## ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I

## Model Question Paper

# SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

# Answer ALL questions

- 1. What are enantiomers? Give an example
- 2. Draw most stable conformer of ethane.
- 3. What is TNT? Draw the structure of it.
- 4. Write Mannich reaction.
- 5. Write Schmidt reaction.
- 6. Mention the name of any two food colours.

- 7. How will you prepare Pyrrole from succinimide?
- 8. Give Diels Alder reaction of furan.
- 9. Write Chichibabin reaction.
- 10. Write the oxidation reaction of quinoline using KMnO4.

SECTION B  $-(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

### Answer ALL questions

11. (a) Write the methods of racemization.

# Or

- (b) Explain the optical activity of allenes with suitable examples.
- 12. (a) Write the preparation and properties of nitroalkanes.

#### Or

- (b) Explain Hofmanns' degradation reaction and Gabriel's phthalimide synthesis.
- 13. (a) Distinguish primary, secondary and tertiary amines.

## Or

- (b) Write the classification of dyes based on applications.
- 14. (a) Discuss the acidic and basic characters of pyrrole.

#### Or

- (b) Give Electrophilic substitution reactions of furan.
- 15. (a) How will you prepare Isoquinoline by the Bischler Napieralski reaction.

Or

(b) Write the preparation of Quinoline by Skraup synthesis

### SECTION C – $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

#### Answer any THREE questions

- 16. Explain the conformational analysis of n-butane.
- 17. Discuss the preparation and properties of aromatic nitro compounds.
- 18. Write the preparation and synthetic applications of Diazomethane.

- 19. Explain the preparation and properties of thiophene.
- 20. Discuss the preparation, electrophilic and nucleophilic substitution reactions of pyridine.

Title of the Course		<b>INORGANIC CHEMISTRY -I</b>									
Paper No.	Core X										
Category	Core	Year	III	Credits	4	Course Code					
		Semester	V								
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lał	) Practice		Total					
hours per week	4	-	-			4					
Prerequisites	General Cl	hemistry I , I	I, III	and IV							
Objectives of the	The course	e aims to pro	vide	knowledge	e on						
course	cor • cry Tel • pre • Lat	ler effect paration and nthanoids an	d che cory, 1 l prop d act	late compl magnetic p perties of n inoids	netal	rties, stability of complexes a					

Course Outline	UNIT I
	Co-ordination Chemistry - I
	IUPAC Nomenclature of coordination compounds, Isomerism in coordination compounds. Werner's coordination theory – effective atomic number –interpretation of geometry and magnetic properties by Pauling's theory – geometry of coordination compounds with co-ordination number 4 &6.
	Chelates – types of ligands forming chelates – stability of chelates, applications of chelates in qualitative and quantitative analysis– application of DMG and oxine in gravimetric analysis –estimation of hardness of water using EDTA, metal ion indicators.
	Role of metal chelates in living systems – haemoglobin and chlorophyll
	note of metal enclates in nying systems - methogroom and emotophyn
	Unit II Co-ordination Chemistry - II
	Crystal field theory –Crystal field splitting of energy levels in octahedral and tetrahedral complexes, Crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE), spectrochemical series - calculation of CFSE in octahedral and tetrahedral complexes - factors influencing the magnitude of crystal field splitting, crystal field effect on ionic radii, lattice energies, heats of ligation with water as a ligand (heat of hydration), interpretation of magnetic properties, spectra of $[Ti(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$ - Jahn – Teller effect. Stability of complexes in aqueous solution, stability constants- factors affecting the stability of a complex ion, thermodynamic and kinetic stability (elementary idea). Comparison of VBT and CFT.

# UNIT III

# **Organometallic compounds**

# Metal Carbonyls

Mono and polynuclear carbonyls, General methods of preparation of carbonyls – general properties of binary carbonyls – bonding in carbonyls – structure and bonding in carbonyls of Ni, Fe, Cr, Co, Mn, Ru and Os. EAN rule as applied to metal carbonyls.

Ferrocene-Methods of preparation, physical and chemical properties

	UNIT IV Inner transition elements (Lanthanoids and Actinoids)
	General characteristics of f-block elements - Comparative account of lanthanoids and actinoids - Occurrence, Oxidation states, Magnetic properties, Colour and spectra - Lanthanoids and Actinoids, Separation by ion-Exchange and Solvent extraction methods - Lanthanoids contraction- Chemistry of thorium and Uranium-Occurrence, Ores, Extraction, properties and uses - Preparation, Properties and uses of ceric ammonium sulphate, thorium dioxide and uranyl acetate.
	UNIT V Inorganic polymers General properties – classification of inorganic polymers based on element in the backbone (Si, S, B and P) - preparation and properties of silicones (polydimethylsiloxane and polymethylhydrosiloxane) phosphorous based polymer (polyphosphazines and polyphophonitrilic chloride), sulphur based polymer (polysulfide and polymeric sulphur nitride), boron based polymers (borazine polymers) – industrial applications of inorganic polymers.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course Recommended Text	<ul> <li>Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</li> <li>1. Puri B R, Sharma L R, Kalia K C (2011), Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, 31<sup>th</sup>Edition, Milestone Publishers &amp; Distributors, Delhi.</li> <li>2. Satya Prakash, Tuli G. D., Basu S. K., Madan R. D. (2009),</li> </ul>
	<ol> <li>Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 18<sup>th</sup> Edition, S. Chand &amp; Co., New Delhi</li> <li>Lee J D, (1991), Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, ELBS William Heinemann, London.</li> <li>W V Malik, G D Tuli, R D Madan, (2000), Selected Topics in Inorganic Chemistry, S. Chand and Company Ltd.</li> <li>A. K. De, Text book of Inorganic Chemistry, Wiley East Ltd, seventh edition, 1992.</li> </ol>
<b>Reference Books</b>	<ol> <li>Madan R D, Sathya Prakash, (2003), Modern Inorganic Chemistry, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed ., S.Chand and Company, New Delhi.</li> </ol>

	<ol> <li>Gopalan R, (2009) <u>Inorganic Chemistry for Undergraduates</u>, Ist Edition, University Press (India) Private Limited,Hyderabad</li> <li>Sivasankar B, (2013) <u>Inorganic Chemistry</u>.Ist Edition, Pearson, Chennai</li> <li>Alan G. Sharp (1992), <u>Inorganic Chemistry</u>, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Addition- Wesley, England</li> <li>Peter Atkins, Tina Overton, Jonathan Rourke and Mark Weller, Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford University Press, sixth edition, 2014.</li> </ol>
Website and e- learning source	<ol> <li>www.epgpathshala.nic.in</li> <li>www.nptel.ac.in</li> <li>http:/swayam.gov.in</li> </ol>
On completion of the CO1: explain isome CO2: discuss crystate CO3: explain prepare CO4: give a compare CO4	Dutcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) he course the students should be able to erism, Werner's Theory and stability of chelate complexes I field theory, magnetic properties and spectral properties of complexes. ration and properties of metal carbonyls rative account of the characteristics of lanthanoids and actinoids ties and uses of inorganic polymers of silicon, sulphur, boron and phosphorous

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
C01	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
C01	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15

Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
	DCOL I	001			

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

#### **INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I**

### Model Question Paper

## SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

# Answer ALL questions

- 1. What is EAN rule? Give two examples in which this rule is not obeyed
- Name the following according to IUPAC rules (i) [Co(NCS)(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>5</sub>]Cl<sub>3</sub> (ii) [Co(en)<sub>2</sub>Br(ONO)]<sup>+</sup>
- 3. How does spin orbit coupling affect the paramagnetism of the complexes?

5. In metallic carbonyls the M-C bond is shorter than calculated single bond length - Explain

3

- 6. Explain the structure of  $Ni(CO)_4$  and its nature.
- 7. Why are lanthanons called inner transition elements
- 8. Actinides have greater tendency to complex formation than lanthanides Explain
- 9. Why silicones are called Inorganic polymer?
- 10. Give the preparation and properties of polydimethylsiloxane

SECTION B  $-(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

### Answer ALL questions

11. a) Discuss the chelation with respect to stability of complexes

#### Or

b) Suggest the possible isomeric structures for dichlorobis(ethylene diamine)rhodium (III) ion.

12. a) Discuss in detail the splitting of d-orbitals in the case of tetrahedral complexes

#### Or

b) Write short notes on Jahn-Teller distortion.

13. a) How are carbonyls prepared? Discuss the structure of Fe(CO)<sub>5</sub>.

### Or

b) How are mononuclear carbonyls are distinguished from polynuclear carbonyls?

14. a) Explain why lanthanide ions show a very sharp absorption bands in their electronic

spectra.

#### Or

b) Describe the extraction of thorium from monazite and mention some of its properties and uses.

15. a) What is polyphosphazine? How it is prepared? Give its properties.

#### Or

## b) Mention the industrial applications of Inorganic polymers

# SECTION C – $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

3

### Answer any THREE questions

16. Explain the role of Haemoglobin and chlorophyll in living systems.

17. What do you understand by the terms Thermodynamic and kinetic stability of a complex? On what factors do they depend? How does VB theory account for the kinetic stability of the complexes.

18. Explain the synthesis and properties of Ferrocene.

19. What is lanthanide contraction? What effects does it have on the chemistry of later elements?

20. Mention the preparation, properties and Isoelectronic nature of borazine.

Title of the Course	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY -I										
Paper No.	Core XI	Core XI									
Category	Core	Year	III	Credits	4	Course Code					
		Semester	V								
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lal	• Practice		Total					
hours per week	4	1	-			5					
Prerequisites	General C	Chemistry I,I	I,III	and IV							

Course Outline	<ul> <li>chemical kinetics and different types of chemical reactions</li> <li>adsorption, homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis</li> <li>colloids and macromolecules</li> <li>photochemistry, fluorescence and phosphorescence</li> </ul>
f F G I I F	UNIT I Thermodynamics - III Free energy and work functions - Need for free energy functions, Gibbs free energy, Helmholtz free energy - their variation with temperature, pressure and volume, criteria for spontaneity; Gibbs-Helmholtz equation – derivations and applications; Maxwell relationships, thermodynamic equations of state; Thermodynamics of mixing of ideal gases, Ellingham Diagram-application. Partial molar properties – chemical potential, Gibbs Duhem equation, variation of chemical potential with temperature and pressure, chemical potential of a system of ideal gases, Gibbs- Duhem-Margules equation.

UNIT II Chemical Kinetics
<ul> <li>Rate of reaction - Average and instantaneous rates, factors influencing rate of reaction - molecularity of a reaction - rate equation - order of reaction. order and molecularity of simple and complex reactions, Rate laws - Rate constants – derivation of rate constants and characteristics for zero, first order, second and third order (equal initial concentration)</li> <li>Derivation of time for half change with examples. Methods of determination of order of Volumetry, manometry and polarimetry.</li> </ul>
Effect of temperature on reaction rate – temperature coefficient - concept of activation energy - Arrhenius equation. Theories of reaction rates – Collision theory – derivation of rate constant of bimolecular gaseous reaction – Failure of collision theory. Lindemann's theory of unimolecular reaction. Theory of absolute reaction rates – Derivation of rate constant for a bimolecular reaction – significance of entropy and free energy of activation. Comparison of collision theory and ARRT.
Complex reactions – reversible and parallel reactions (no derivation and only examples) kinetics of consecutive reactions – steady state approximation.

#### UNIT III

Adsorption – Chemical and physical adsorption and their general characteristics- distinction between them Different types of isotherms – Freundlich and Langmuir. Adsorption isotherms and their limitations – BET theory, kinetics of enzyme catalysed reaction –Michaelis- Menten and Briggs- Haldene equation – Lineweaver- Burk plot – inhibition – reversible – competitive, noncompetitive and uncompetitive (no derivation of rate equations)

- Catalysis – general characteristics of catalytic reactions, auto catalysis, promoters, negative catalysis, poisoning of a catalyst – theories of homogenous and heterogeneous catalysis – Kinetics of Acid – base and enzyme catalysis. Heterogenous catalysis

### UNIT IV Colloids and Surface Chemistry

**Colloids:** Types of Colloids, Characteristics Colloids (Lyophilic and Lyophobic sols),

Preparation of Sols- Dispersion methods, aggregation methods, Properties of Sols- Optical properties, Electrical properties - Electrical double layer, Electro Kinetic properties- Electro-osmosis, Electrophoresis,

Coagulation or precipitation, Stability of sols, associated colloids, Emulsions, Gels-preparation of Gels, Applications of colloids

Macromolecules: Molecular weight of Macromolecules-Number average molecular weight- average molecular weight, Determination of Molecular weight of molecules

	UNIT V Photochemistry
	Laws of photo chemistry – Lambert – Beer, Grotthus – Draper and Stark – Einstein. Quantum efficiency. Photochemical reactions – rate law – Kinetics of H <sub>2</sub> -Cl <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> -Br <sub>2</sub> and H <sub>2</sub> -I <sub>2</sub> reactions, comparison between thermal and photochemical reactions. Fluorescence – applications including fluorimetry – sensitised fluorescence, phosphorescence – applications - chemiluminescence and
	photosensitisation – examples Chemistry of Vision – 11 cis retinal – vitamin A as a precursor - colour perception of vision
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol> <li>B.R. Puri and L.R. Sharma, Principles of Physical Chemistry, Shoban Lal Nagin Chand and Co., forty eighth edition, 2021.</li> <li>Peter Atkins, and Julio de Paula, James Keeler, Physical Chemistry, Oxford University press, International eleventh edition, 2018.</li> <li>ArunBahl, B.S. Bahl, G. D. Tuli Essentials of physical chemistry, 28<sup>th</sup> edition 2019, S, Chand &amp; Co.</li> <li>S. K. Dogra and S. Dogra, Physical Chemistry through Problems: New Age International, fourth edition, 1996.</li> </ol>
Deference Deeks	ShobanLalNagin Chand and CO., 1986.
Reference Books	<ol> <li>J. Rajaram and J.C. Kuriacose, Chemical Thermodynamics, Pearson, 1<sup>st</sup> edition, 2013.</li> <li>Keith J. Laidler, Chemical kinetics, third edition, Pearson, 2003.</li> <li>P. W. Atkins, and Julio de Paula, Physical Chemistry, Oxford University press, seventh edition, 2002.</li> </ol>
	4. K. L. Kapoor, A Textbook of Physical Chemistry, Macmillan

		India Ltd, third edition, 2009.
	5.	B.R. Puri, L.R. Sharma and M.S. Pathania, Principles of
		Physical Chemistry, Shobanlal Nagin Chand and Co. Jalendhar,
		forty first, edition, 2001
Website and		https://nptel.ac.in
learning source		https://swayam.gov.in
	3.	www.epgpathshala.nic.in
<b>Course Learning</b>	g Outcome	s (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
	C 41	
-		e the students should be able to
-		mholtz free energy functions, partial molar quantities and
Ellinghams		
* * *	-	chemical kinetics to predict the rate of the reaction and order of
		rate the effect of temperature on reaction rate, and the significance
	•••	tropy of activation.
<b>^</b>		and physical adsorption, Freundlich and Langmuir adsorption entiate between homogenous and heterogeneous catalysis.
		s and characteristics of colloids, preparation of sols and emulsions,
	• •	
		lecular weights of macromolecules.
	-	photochemistry in fluorescence, phosphorescence,
cnemilumi	nescence ar	nd color perception of vision.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
C01	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
C01	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3

Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

# PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I

Model Question Paper

SECTION A –  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

## Answer ALL questions

- 1. What are partial Molar properties?
- 2. Give a criteria for a spontaneity of a reaction.
- 3. List out the factors influencing rate of a reaction.
- 4. Compare molecularity and order of a reaction.
- 5. Give an example for auto catalysis.
- 6. Differentiate between physical and chemical adsorption.
- 7. What are colloids?

7

- 8. What is an electrical double layer?
- 9. Define quantum efficiency.
- 10. State photochemical laws.

SECTION B – 
$$(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$$

## Answer ALL questions

11. a) Derive Gibb's Helmholtz equation.

## Or

b) Write a Short note on Ellingham Diagram.

12. a) Compare collision theory and ARRT.

# Or

b) Derive the rate constant of second order reaction.

13. a) Discuss about Langmuir adsorption.

Or

b) Discuss acid-base catalysis.

14. a) Write about preparation methods of Sols.

Or

b) Write short note on electrophoresis.

15. a) Write the difference between phosphorescence and fluorescence.Discuss the MO of benzene.

Or

b) Discuss the chemistry of Vitamin A as a precursor.

## SECTION C – $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

## Answer any THREE questions

16. Describe how chemical potential varies with respect to T and P. Also derive Gibb's-Duhem-Margules equation.

17. Discuss the methods of determining order of a reaction.

18. Derive the kinetics of an enzyme catalyzed reaction.

19. Explain the methods of determination of molecular weight of a macromolecule.

20. Derive the rate equation of photochemical reaction between hydrogen-Chlorine

Title of the Course		INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY				
Paper No.	EC VI					
Category	Elective	Year	III	Credits	3	Course Code
		Semester	V			
Instructional hours	Lecture	Tutorial	Lal	• Practice		Total

per week	4	-	-	4		
Prerequisites	General Chemistry I,II, III and IV					
Objectives of the course	<ul> <li>This course is designed to provide knowledge on</li> <li>classifications and characteristics of fuels</li> <li>preparation of cosmetics</li> <li>manufacture of sugar, paper, cement and leather and food processing</li> <li>applications of abrasives, lubricants and other industrial products</li> <li>intellectual property rights</li> </ul>					
Course Outline	Fuels: Cl classificatio calorific va Liquid fuel in internal	assification, on; analysis lue-determir s: Petroleum	of coal- proximate nation, carbonisation - characteristics; Ga engines, antiknock	fuels. Solid fuels: coal - analysis and ultimate analysis;		
	gas, carbure Natural ga	etted water g as: LPG-co composition	as - preparations - us	quid fuels; water gas, producer es. ges, application; gobar gas- ation. Propellants – rocket fuels		
	all purpose Dental care	shaving crea	am, sunscreen; make s – ingredients.	d lotion-cleansing, moisturising, up preparations. litioners-types, ingredients.		
	Hair care: s	hampoos-ty	pes, ingredients; conc	ditioners-types, ingredients. ant used, chief constituents;		

ivetone and musk; synthetic-classification- citronellol; terpeneols-gereniol and nerol; dehydes-vanilin.
e of soap-batch process; types-transparent and liquid soap – ingredients.
ies-cleansing action; soapless detergents- c (general idea only); uses of detergents as f soaps and detergents.
recovery of sugar from molasses; testing and
preservation - methods – high temperature, ion; Food additives – preservatives, flavours, ing agents; hazards of using food additives; Codex alimentarius.
es-natural and synthetic; natural abrasives – arnet, quartz – composition, uses; synthetic ninium carbide, boron carbide, boron nitride, on and uses.
skin, hide; Manufacture of leather – pre- ing, beating, pickling; methods of tanning- wo bath process; finishing.
nical, chemical processes; sulphate pulp, rag beating, refining, filling, sizing, colouring,
sification-liquid, semi-solid, solid and index, flash point, cloud point, pour point, eases-properties, types; cutting fluids,

	selection of lubricants.
	Cement Industry
	Cement – types, raw materials; manufacture-wet process, constituent of cement, setting of cement; properties of cement-quality, setting time, soundness, strength; mortar, concrete, RCC; curing and decay of concrete.
	<b>Intellectual Property Rights</b> Introduction to Intellectual Property Rights – Patents - Factors for patentability - Novelty, Non obviousness, Industrial applications - Paten offices in India: Trademark - Types of trademarks- Certification marks logos, brand names, signatures, symbols and service marks
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Sharma, B.K. <i>Industrial Chemistry</i> , 9 <sup>th</sup> ed.; Goel Publishing House Meerut, 1998.
	2. Wilkinson, J.B.E. Moore, R.J. <i>Harry's Cosmeticology</i> , 7 <sup>th</sup> ed.; Chemica Publishers : New York, 1982.
	<ol> <li>Alex V. Ramani, <i>Food Chemistry</i>, MJP publishers: Chennai, 2009.</li> <li>Jayashree Ghosh, <i>Applied Chemsitry</i>, S. Chand : New Delhi, 2006.</li> <li>Srilakshmi, B. <i>Food Science</i>, 4<sup>th</sup> ed.; New Age International Publication 2005.</li> </ol>
Reference Books	1. Jain, P.C.; Jain, M. Engineering Chemistry, 16 <sup>th</sup> ed.; Dhanapet Ra Delhi, 1992
	2. George Howard, <i>Principles and Practice of Perfumes and Cosmetice</i> Stanley Therones, Cheltenham: UK, 1987.
	3. Thankamma Jacob, <i>Foods</i> , <i>Drugs and Cosmetics - A Consumer Guide</i> Macmillan : London, 1997.
	4. ShankuntalaManay, N.; Shadaksharaswamy, M. <i>Food Facts an Principles</i> , 3 <sup>rd</sup> ed.; New Age Publication, 2008.

	<ol> <li>Neeraj Pandey, KhushdeepDharni, Intellectual Property Rights, PHI Learning, 2014.</li> </ol>
Website and	e-1. http://www.sciencecases.org/irradiation/irradiation_notes.asp
learning source	2. http://discovery.kcpc.usyd.edu.au//9.5.5/
	3. https://www.wipo.int/about-ip/en/
	4. www.nptel.ac.in
	5. http:/swayam.gov.in
Course Learning C	Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
	he course the students should be able to e properties of fuels which include petroleum, water gas, natural gas and

CO2: evaluate cosmetic products, soaps, detergents. CO3: explain manufacture of sugar, food spoilages and food additives CO4: explain properties of abrasives, manufacture of leather and paper

CO5: explain properties and manufacture of lubricants and cement, and intellectual property rights

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

## INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY

4

#### Model Question Paper

### SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

#### Answer ALL questions

- 1. 1. Define octane value of gasoline.
- 2. Write the composition of producer gas.
- 3. Difference between soap and detergents.
- 4. What are the ingredients for conditioners.
- 5. Write the composition of sugarcane.
- 6. What is sweetening agent? Give some examples.
- 7. What is Rag pulp?
- 8. Name some natural abrasives.
- 9. What is flash add fire point.
- 10. What is White port land cement?

SECTION B –  $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

### Answer ALL questions

11. A. Give an account of gobar gas and compare the properties of gobar gas with LPG

### (or)

B. How is proximate analysis determined? What are its importance.

12. A. Explain the manufacturing of soap.

### (or)

B. discuss the classification of esters in hair care.

13. A. Write notes on I) Sugarcane II) Sugar beat

(or)

B. Explain the sulphonation process with neat diagram

14. A. Name the hardest artificially prepared abrasive. What is the hardness on Mohr's scale?

Or

### B. Express the various steps involved in mechanical process of manufacture of pulp.

## 15. A. Write briefly on the additive used in lubricants and their functions.

### Or

B. Explain setting and hardening of cement. Write the raw materials used for cement.

## SECTION C – $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

### Answer any THREE questions

16. Write with the neat diagram, the manufacture of synthetic gasoline.

17. Explain the manufacturing of leather.

18. Explain the various steps involved in the manufacture of cane sugar.

19. What are the different types of paper pulp? How are they produced.

20. With the neat sketch, the manufacture of Portland cement.

Title of the Course	BIOCHEMISTRY									
Paper No.	EC V	CC V								
Category	Elective	Year Semester	III V	Credits	4	Course Code				
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total				
hours per week	4	1	-			5				
Prerequisites	Organic C	hemistry - I				÷				
Objectives of the	The course	The course aims at providing knowledge on								
course	blc • str and • bic • bic	<ul> <li>relationship between biochemistry and medicine, composition of blood</li> <li>structure and properties of amino acids, peptides, enzyme, vitamins and proteins</li> <li>biological functions of proteins, enzymes, vitamins and hormones</li> <li>biochemistry of nucleic acids and lipids</li> <li>metabolism of lipids</li> </ul>								
	Relationsh Blood - Co Hemophili Maintenan <b>UNIT II</b> <b>Peptides a</b> <b>Amino ac</b> essential; ion and isc <b>Peptides</b> - solution a terminal a	Logic of Living Organisms Relationship of Biochemistry and Medicine Blood - Composition of Blood, Blood Coagulation – Mechanism. Hemophilia and Sickle Cell Anaemia Maintenance of pH of Blood – Bicarbonate Buffer, Acidosis, Alkalosis. UNIT II Peptides and Proteins Amino acids – nomenclature, classification – essential and Non- essential; Synthesis - Gabriel Phthalimide, Strecker; properties – zwitter ion and isoelectric point, electrophoresis and reactions. Peptides – peptide bond – nomenclature – synthesis of simple peptides – solution and solid phase. Determination of structure of peptides, N- terminal analysis – Sanger's & Edmann method; C terminal analysis –								
	properties oxidation, proteins –	- classificat: and reacti denaturation primary, sec m of Amin	sification based on composition, functions and structure; reactions – colloidal nature, coagulation, hydrolysis, suration, renaturation; colour tests for proteins; structure of ary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary. Amino acids – general aspects of metabolism (a brief							

## UNIT III

## **Enzymes and Vitamins**

Nomenclature and classification, characteristics, factors influencing enzyme activity – mechanism of enzyme action – Lock and key hypothesis, Koshland's induced fit model.

Proenzymes, antienzymes, coenzymes and isoenzymes; allosteric enzyme regulation.

Vitamins as coenzymes – functions of TPP, lipoic acid, NAD, NADP, FMN, FAD, pyridoxal phosphate, CoA, folic acid, biotin, cyanocobalamin.

### UNIT IV Amino acids

Components of nucleic acids - nitrogenous bases and pentose sugars, structure of nucleosides and nucleotides, DNA- structure & functions;

	RNA –types– structure - functions; biosynthesis of proteins
	Hormones
	Adrenalin and thyroxine — chemistry, structure and functions (No structure
	elucidation).
	UNIT V
	Lipids
	Occurrence, biological significance of fats, classification of lipids.
	Simple lipids - Oils and fats, chemical composition, properties, reactions -
	hydrolysis, hydrogenation, trans-esterification, saponification, rancidity; analysis
	of oils and fats – saponification number, iodine number, acid value, R.M. value.
	Distinction between animal and vegetable fats.
	<b>Compound lipids</b> – Lipoproteins - VLDL, LDL, HDL, chylomicrons –
	biological significance.
	Cholesterol – occurrence, structure, test, physiological activity.
Extended	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive
Professional	examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved
Component (is	(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
a part of	_
internal	
component	
only, Not to be	
included in the	
external	
examination	
question paper)	
-	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional
from this	Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
course	

Recommended Text	1. Bahl, B. S.; Bhal, A. Advanced Organic Chemistry, 3 <sup>rd</sup> ed.; S. Chand: New Delhi, 2003.							
	<ol> <li>Jain, M.K.; Sharma, S.C. Modern Organic Chemistry, Vishal Publications: New Delhi, 2017.</li> </ol>							
	3. Shanmugam, A. <i>Fundamentals of Biochemistry for Medical Students</i> , 6 <sup>th</sup> ed.; Published by the author, 1999.							
	4. Veerakumari, L. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1 <sup>st</sup> ed.; MJP Publications: Chennai, 2004.							
	5. Jain, J. L.; <i>Fundamentals of Biochemistry</i> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> ed.; S.Chand: New Delhi, 1983.							
Reference Books	<ol> <li>Conn, E. E.; Stumpf, P. K. <i>Outline of Biochemistry</i>, 5<sup>th</sup> ed.; Wiley Eastern: New Delhi, 2002.</li> </ol>							
	<ol> <li>West, E. S.; Todd, W. R.; Mason, H. S.; Van Bruggen, J. T. <i>Text Book of Biochemistry</i>, 4<sup>th</sup>ed.; Macmillan: New York, 1970.</li> </ol>							
	3. Lehninger, A. L. <i>Principles of Biochemistry</i> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> ed.; CBS Publisher: Delhi, 1993.							
	4. Rastogi, S. C. Biochemistry, 2nd ed.; Tata McGraw-Hill: New Delhi,							
	2003.							
	<ol> <li>Chatterjea, M. N.; Shinde, R. <i>Textbook of Medical Biochemistry</i>, 5<sup>th</sup> ed.; Jaypee Brothers: New Delhi, 2002.</li> </ol>							
Website and e-	1)http://library.med.utah.edu/NetBiochem/nucacids.html							
learning	2) <u>http://users.rcn.com/jkimball.ma.ultranet/BiologyPages/E/EnzymeKinetics.html</u>							
source	3) https://swayam.gov.in/courses/4384-biochemistry Biochemistry							
	4) https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_cy07/preview Experimental							
	Biochemistry							
	ing Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) n of the course the students should be able to							
On completion	of the course the students should be able to							
CO1: explain m	blecular logic of living organisms, composition of blood and blood coagulation							
<b>CO2:</b> explain s proteins	ynthesis and properties of amino acids, determination of structure of peptides and							
-	actors influencing enzyme activity and vitamins as coenzymes							
	NA and DNA structure and functions							

**CO5:** explain biological significance of simple and compound lipids

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3

Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to PSOs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

## Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

СО /РО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PO's and CO's

### BIOCHEMISTRY

4

#### Model Question Paper

## SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

#### Answer ALL questions

- 1. What is Hemophilia?
- 2. Write the symptoms of Acidosis.
- 3. What are essential amino acids? Give an example.
- 4. Define denaturation.
- 5. What are coenzymes?
- 6. Write any two functions of TPP.
- 7. What are nucleotides?
- 8. Give any two functions of Adrenalin.
- 9. What is iodine number?
- 10. What is R.M. value?

SECTION B  $-(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

### Answer ALL questions

11. (a) Discuss the mechanism of blood coagulation.

Or

- (b) Write a note on Sickle Cell Anaemia.
- 12. (a) How will you prepare amino acids by Gabriel Phthalimide method?

#### Or

- (b) How will you determine N-terminals of peptides by Sanger's and Edmann's methods?
- 13. (a) Explain the lock and key mechanism.

Or

(b) Explain the functions of folic acid and biotin.

14. (a) Write the differences between DNA and RNA.

Or

- (b) Write notes on biosynthesis of proteins.
- 15. (a) Write the classification of lipids.

Or

(b) Discuss about the biological functions of lipids.

SECTION C – 
$$(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$$

## Answer any THREE questions

16. Discuss about the composition of Blood in detail.

17. Explain the primary and secondary structures of proteins.

18. Write the classification of enzymes and discuss the factors influencing the enzyme activity.

19. Explain the structure of DNA in detail.

20. Write the structure of cholesterol. Discuss the physiological activity of it.

Title of the	ORGANIC CHEM	ISTRY - II						
Course		101101 - 11						
Paper No.	Core XIII							
Category	Core	Year	III	Credits	3	<b>Course Code</b>		
gJ		Semester	VI					
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total		
hours per week	1	4	-			5		
Prerequisites	Organic Chemistry -	- I						
<b>Objectives of the</b>	This course aims at p	providing kn	owled	ge on				
course	<ul> <li>classifica</li> </ul>	• classification, isolation and discussing the properties of alkaloids and terpenes						
		on and prop					1	
	<ul> <li>biomolec</li> </ul>			. Succharla				
		molecular re	arran	rement				
					tall	ic compounds		
Course Outline	UNIT I Alkaloids	on and prop			tan	ie compounds		
Course Ouullie		tion	ol <i>mu</i> -	nortion II-	free	onn Exhaustin	Mothulation. Standton	
	elucidation – Coniin				oima	ann Exhaustive	Methylation; Structure	
		e, piperine, i	ncoun	с.				
	Tornonos, Classifia	ation Isonr	200 F11	la isolation	0.7	d structural alu	cidation of Citral, alpha	
	terpineol, Menthol, (				an	u suucturai eiu	ciuation of Ciual, alpha	
	*		Camp	/101.				
	UNIT II							
	Carbohydrates							
				•		-	elative configuration of	
			•	-			nition of enantiomers,	
	diastereomers, epime	ers and anon	ners w	ith suitable o	exai	mples.		
	Monosaccharides-	configuratio	n – D	and L hexos	es -	- aldohexoses ar	nd ketohexoses.	
							uctural elucidation, uses.	
							tose and ketose to aldose.	
		agui series	usee					
	Disaaaharidas	arasa lasta	60 m	ltoso pro	2010	tion proportion	and uses (no structure)	
	Disaccharides – sucrose, lactose, maltose - preparation, properties and uses (no structural							
	elucidation).							
	Polysaccharides	– Source	·	onstituents		nd biological	1	
	homopolysaccharides- starch and cellulose, heteropolysaccharides - hyaluronic acid,							
	heparin.							

UNIT III
Molecular rearrangements:
Molecular Rearrangement: Type of rearrangements, Mechanism for
Benzidine, Favorskii, Clasien, Fries, Hofmann, Curtius, Schmidt and Beckmann, Pinacol-
pinacolone rearrangement

	UNIT IV Special reagents in organic synthesis AIBN, 9BBN, BINAP/BINOL, BOC, DABCO, DCC, DIBAL, DMAP, NBS/NCS, NMP, PCC,
	TBHP, TEMPO Organometallic compounds in Organic Synthesis Preparation, Properties and
	applications:
	Grignard Reagents, Organo Lithium Compounds, Ziegler – Natta, Wilkinson, Metal Carbonyl, Zeiss's Salt
	<b>UNIT V</b> <b>Green Chemistry:</b> Principles, chemistry behind each principle and applications in chemical synthesis. Green reaction media – green solvents, green reagents and catalysts; tools used like microwave and ultra-sound in chemical synthesis.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
question paper) Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended	1. M.K.Jain, S. C.Sharma, Modern Organic Chemistry, Vishal Publishing, 4 <sup>th</sup> reprint,2009.
Text	2. S.M. Mukherji, and S.P. Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Macmillan
	IndiaLtd., 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition,2009
	3. Arun Bahl and B.S. Bahl, Advanced organic chemistry, New
	Delhi, S.Chand& Company Pvt. Ltd., Multicolour edition,2012.
	<ol> <li>P. L.Soni and H. M. Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Sultan Chand &amp; Sons, New Delhi, 29<sup>th</sup> edition, 2007.</li> <li>C. Bandvopadhva: An Insight into Green Chemistry: Published on 2020</li> </ol>
	New Delhi, 29 <sup>th</sup> edition, 2007. 5. C Bandyopadhya; An Insight into Green Chemistry; Published on 2020

Reference	1. R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education, Asia,6 <sup>th</sup> edition,
Books	2012.
	2. T.W.Graham Solomons, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons,11 <sup>th</sup> edition, 2012.
	3. A. Carey Francis, Organic Chemistry, Tata McGraw-Hill
	Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,7 <sup>th</sup> edition,2009.
	4. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry, Vol. (1& 2), England, Wesley Longman Ltd, 6 <sup>th</sup> edition,
	2006.
	5. J. A. Joule, and G. F. Smith, Heterocyclic Chemistry, Wiley, 5 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
Website and e-	1.www.epgpathshala.nic.in
learning source	
8	2.www.nptel.ac.in
	3.http:/swayam.gov.in
	4. Virtual Textbook of Organic Chemistry
	5. https://vlab.amrita.edu/
<b>Course Learning</b>	Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
On completion of	f the course the students should be able to
CO2: explain prep	ation and properties of alkaloids and terpenes paration and reactions of mono and disaccharides molecules and natural products based on their structure, properties, reactions and uses.
•	lecular rearrangements like benzidine, Hoffmann etc.,
1	and properties of organolithium compounds
r r r and	

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
C01	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

## ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II

5

#### Model Question Paper

## SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

### Answer ALL questions

- 1. What are alkaloids? Give an example.
- 2. Write isoprene rule.
- 3. What are epimers?
- 4. What are carbohydrates?
- 5. Define anionotropic rearrangement.
- 6. What is Curtius rearrangement?
- 7. What is Grignard reagent?
- 8. What is Zeiss's Salt? Give the structure of it.
- 9. Mention any two green solvents.
- 10. Give any two principles of green chemistry.

SECTION B  $-(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

## Answer ALL questions

11. (a) Explain Hofmann Exhaustive Methylation with suitable example.

Or

- (b) Elucidate the structure of menthol.
- 12. (a) How will you convert glucose into fructose?

Or

(b) Discuss the properties of sucrose.

13. (a) Write the mechanism of Claisen rearrangement.

Or

- (b) What is Hofmann rearrangement? Write the mechanism of it.
- 14. (a) Account on the structure and properties of Zeiss's salt.

Or

- (b) Give an Account on DIBAL and 9BBN.
- 15. (a) Explain about microwave assisted synthesis with one example.

Or

(b) Explain about ultra-sound assisted synthesis with one example

SECTION C –  $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

## Answer any THREE questions

- 16. Elucidate the structure of piperine.
- 17. Elucidate open chain and ring structures of glucose.
- 18. Discuss the mechanism of Beckmann and Pinacol-pinacolone rearrangements.
- 19. Explain the role of green chemistry in chemical synthesis.
- 20. Explain the preparation, properties and applications of organo lithium compounds.

Title of the Course	INORGANIC CHEMISTRY –II							
Paper No.	Core XIV	V						
Category	Core	Year	III	Credits	3	Course Code		
		Semester	VI					
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total		
hours per week	4		-			4		
Prerequisites	Inorganic (	Chemistry –	Ι					
Objectives of the	The cours	se aims to pr	ovide	knowledge	e on			
course	• tracer	elements ar	nd thei	r role in th	e bio	ological system.		
		ransport and						
		lo enzymes,	-		t.			
		tes and their		-				
						alloys, paints and	d nigments	
	muus	unai applicai	10115 0	I Terractori	105, 0	anoys, pantis and	d pigments	
Course Outline	UNIT I							
Course Outline		anic Chemi	strv					
	Essential	and trace e	lemen	ts: Role of	f Na	<sup>+</sup> , K <sup>+</sup> , Mg <sup>2+</sup> , Ca	$h^{2+}, Fe^{3+}, Cu^{2+}$ and	
	Zn <sup>2+</sup> in bi	ological sys	tems.	Effect of e	xces	s intake (Toxici	ty) of Metal ions	
	– trace ele	ements - As,	Cd, P	b, Hg.				
	UNIT II		_					
	Metal ior	n transport	and st	orage				
	Iron – sto	rage transn	ort - Ti	ransferrin :	and	Ferretin; Iron-po	orphyrins –	
	myoglobi					ygen transport	-	
			•			oump, calcium p	ump; transport	
	and storag	ge - copper a	and zir	ic				

UNIT III Metallo enzymes
Isomerase and synthetases, structure of cyanocobalamin (Vitamin B12), nature of Co-C bond; Metalloenzymes - functions of carboxy peptidase A, zinc metalloenzyme – mechanism and uses, Zn-Cu enzyme - structure and function, carbonic anhydrase, Vitamin B-12 as transferase and isomerase - Iron-sulphur proteins - 2Fe-2S – rubredoxin, 4Fe-2S – ferridoxin, Iron sulphur cluster enzymes. Invivo and Invitro nitrogen fixation – biological functions of nitrogenase and molybdo enzymes.

	UNIT IV Silicates Introduction – general properties of silicates, structure – types of silicates – ortho silicates(zircon), pyrosilicates (thortveitite), chain silicates(pyroxenes), ring silicates(beryl), sheet silicates(talc, mica, asbestos), silicates having three dimensional structure (feldspars, zeolites, ultramarines) UNIT V Industrial Applications of Inorganic Compounds
	Refractories, pyrochemical, explosives. Alloys, Paints and pigments - requirements of a good paint; classification, constituents of paints – pigments, vehicles, thinners, driers, extenders, anti-knocking agents, antiskinning agents, plasticizers, binders-application; varnishes- oils, spirit; enamels. Nanocomposite Hydrogels: synthesis, characterization and uses. Industrial visits and internship mandatory.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours) Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Skills acquired from this course	1 Duri P. P. Sharma I. P. Kalia K. C. (2011). Dringiples of Increasion
Recommended Text	1. Puri B R, Sharma L R, Kalia K C (2011), Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, 31 <sup>th</sup> ed., Milestone Publishers & Distributors, Delhi.

2	. Satya Prakash, Tuli G. D., Basu S. K., Madan R. D. (2009), Advancd Inorganic Chemistry, 18 <sup>th</sup> Edition, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi
3	. Lee J D, (1991), Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 4 <sup>th</sup> ed., ELBS William Heinemann, London.
4	. W V Malik, G D Tuli, R D Madan, (2000), Selected Topics in Inorganic Chemistry, Schand and Company Ltd.
5	. A. K. De, Text book of Inorganic Chemistry, Wiley East Ltd, seventh edition, 1992

Reference	ce Books		1. Madan R D, Sathya Prakash, (2003), Modern Inorganic Chemistry, 2 <sup>nd</sup> ed., S.Chand and Company, New Delhi.							
			2. Gopalan R, (2009) <u>Inorganic Chemistry for Undergraduates</u> , Ist Edition, University Press (India) Private Limited, Hyderabad							
			<ol> <li>Sivasankar B, (2013) <u>Inorganic Chemistry.</u> Ist Edition, Pearson, Chennai</li> </ol>							
			<ol> <li>Alan G. Sharp (1992), <u>Inorganic Chemistry</u>, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Addition- Wesley, England</li> </ol>							
			<ol> <li>Peter Atkins, Tina Overton, Jonathan Rourke and Mark Weller, Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford University Press, sixth edition, 2014.</li> </ol>							
Website	and	e- 1.	www.ep	anathche	la nic in					
learning			-		ua.mc.m					
C			www.np		•					
		3.	http:/sw	ayam.go	v.1n					
Course I	Learning	Outcon	nes (for I	Mapping	g with PO	<b>Ds and P</b>	SOs)			
On com	pletion of	the cou	rse the s	tudents	should b	e able to	)			
<b>CO1:</b> ab	ility to ex	plain the	e importa	nce of tra	acer elen	nents on	biologica	l system		
<b>CO2:</b> ex	plain the	metal io	n transpo	rt, Bohr	effect, N	a, K, Ca	pump.			
<b>CO3:</b> ex	plain the	function	of Vitan	$nin B_{12}, Z$	Zn-Cu enz	zyme, fei	redoxin,	cluster e	nzymes.	
CO4: cla	ssificatio	n and st	ructure o	f silicates	5.	-			-	
CO5: exp	plain the	manufac	ture of re	efractorie	es, explos	sives, pai	nts and p	oigments		
	DO1	DO1	DO2	DO4	DO5	DOC	DO7	DOP	DOA	<b>DO10</b>
act	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	<b>PO9</b>	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
<b>CO4</b>	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
C01	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3

CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

## INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II

6

#### Model Question Paper

### SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

#### Answer ALL questions

- 1. Mention the importance of macrominerals.
- 2. Mention the effect of excess intake of heavy metals in body.
- 3. What is the role of Transferrin and ferretin?
- 4. What drives the calcium pump in muscle cells?
- 5. What is the biological function of nitrogenase?
- 6. What is the activity of carboxypeptidase?
- 7. Write the general formula of zeolites.
- 8. Write the general properties of silicates.
- 9. What are the prerequisties of a good paint?
- 10. What is used as anti knocking agent? Mention its role

SECTION B –  $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

## Answer ALL questions

11. a) Write the toxicity of metal ions lead, Arsenic and mercury.

#### Or

- b) Mention the role of Zinc and Magnesium in biological systems
- 12. a) What is known as the Bohr effect?

### Or

- b) What is the function of sodium-potassium pump?
- 13. a) Explain the structure of cyanocobalamin.

### Or

- b) What is the enzyme form of vitamin  $B_{12}$ ? Explain
- 14. a) Discuss the structure of pyro and chain silicates.

### Or

- b) Write the properties of sheet silicates. Explain with an example.
- 15. a) What is the definition of a hydrogel? Explain the synthesis and uses of it.

Or

b) What is the principle of plasticizers and binders? Give its application.

## SECTION C – $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

### Answer any THREE questions

16. What is the biological function of calcium, iron, copper, potassium and sodium?

17. Explain the structure and function of myoglobin and Haemoglobin.

18. What are the structural features and function of Rubredoxin and Ferridoxin?

19. Write notes on Feldspars and Ultramarines.

20. Write a note on refractory, explosives and pyrochemicals?

Title of the Course		PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-II						
Paper No.	Core - XV							
Category	Core	Year	III	Credits	3	Course		
		Semester	VI			Code		
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total		
hours per week	4	1	-			5		
Prerequisites	Physical	Chemistry -	I					
course	<ul> <li>The course aims at providing an overall view of the</li> <li>phase diagram of one and two component systems</li> <li>chemical equilibrium,</li> <li>separation techniques for binary liquid mixtures.</li> <li>electrical conductance and transport number.</li> <li>galvanic cells, EMF and significance of electrochemical series.</li> </ul>							
Course Outline	component component and bism compoun	n of terms; nt systems – nt systems – uth - cadm d formation	water solid ium), with	and sulphu liquid equi freezing n - congrue	ur - su ilibria nixture ent 1	per cooling, s - simple eutec		

change (sodium - potassium), solid solution (gold-silver); coppe
sulphate – water system.
UNIT II
Chemical equilibrium
Law of mass action – thermodynamic derivation – relationship between
$K_{p}$ and $K_{c}$ _application to the homogeneous equilibria – dissociation of
PCl <sub>5</sub> gas,N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> gas –equilibrium constant and degree of dissociation -
formation of HI, NH <sub>3</sub> and SO <sub>3</sub> -heterogeneous equilibrium -
decomposition of solid calcium carbonate -Lechatelier principle - van't
Hoff reaction isotherm – temperature dependence of equilibrium
constant – van't Hoff reaction isochore – Clayperon equation -
ClausiusClayperon equation and its applications
UNIT III
Binary liquid mixtures
Ideal liquid mixtures – non ideal solutions – azeotropic mixtures –
fractional distillation - partially miscible mixtures - phenol-water,
triethylamine-water, nicotine-water - effect of impurities on critical
solution temperature; immiscible liquids- steam distillation; Nernst
distribution law – applications.

#### **UNIT IV**

#### **Electrical Conductance and Transference**

Arrhenius theory of electrolytic dissociation – Ostwald's dilution law, limitations of Arrhenius theory; behavior of strong electrolytes – interionic effects – Debye Huckel theory –Onsager equation (no derivation), significance of Onsager equation, Debye Falkenhagen effect, Wien effect. Ionic mobility – Discharge of ions on electrolysis (Hittorf's theoretical device), transport number –determination –

Hittorf's method, moving boundary method – factors affecting transport number – determination of ionic mobility; Kohlrausch's law- applications; molar ionic conductance and viscosity (Walden's rule); applications of conductance measurements – determination of - degree of dissociation of weak electrolyte, dissociation constant of weak acid and weak base, ionic product of water, solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts - conductometric titrations – acid base titrations.

### UNIT V

#### **Galvanic Cells and Applications**

Galvanic cell, representation, reversible and irreversible cells, EMF and its measurement – standard cell; relationship between electrical energy and chemical energy; sign of EMF and spontaneity of a reaction,

thermodynamics and EMF – calculation of  $\Delta G$ ,  $\Delta H$ , and  $\Delta S$  from EMF data; reversible electrodes, electrode potential, standard electrode potential, primary and secondary reference electrodes, Nernst equation for electrode potential and cell EMF; types of electrodes – metal/metal ion, metal amalgam/metal ion, metal, insoluble salt/anion, gas electrode, redox electrode; electrochemical series – applications of electrochemical series. Chemical cells with and without transport, concentration cells with and without transport; **Applications of EMF measurements** 

applications of EMF measurements - determination of activity

coefficient of electrolytes, transport number, valency of ions, solubility product,
pH using hydrogen gas electrode, quinhydrone electrode and glass electrode,
potentiometric titrations – acid base titrations, redox titrations, precipitation
titrations, ionic product of water and degree of hydrolysis; redox indicators - use
of diphenylamine indicator in the titration of ferrous iron against dichromate.
Industrial component
Galvanic cells- lead storage, Ni-Cd, Li and Zn-air, Al-air batteries Fuel cells –
$H_2$ - $O_2$ cell – efficiency of fuel cells.
corrosion – mechanism, types and methods of prevention.

Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper) Skills	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
acquired from	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
this course	competency, Professional Communication and Pransferable skins.
Recommende d Text	<ol> <li>B.R. Puri and L.R. Sharma, Principles of Physical Chemistry, ShobanLalNagin Chand and Co., forty eighth edition, 2021.</li> <li>Peter Atkins, and Julio de Paula, James Keeler, Physical Chemistry, Oxford University press, International eleventh edition, 2018.</li> <li>ArunBahl, B.S. Bahl, G. D. Tuli Essentials of physical chemistry, 28<sup>th</sup> edition 2019, S, Chand &amp; Co.</li> <li>S. K. Dogra and S. Dogra, Physical Chemistry through Problems: New Age International, fourth edition, 1996.</li> </ol>
Deferre	<ol> <li>J. Rajaram and J.C. Kuriacose, Thermodynamics, ShobanLalNagin Chand and CO., 1986.</li> <li>L. K. L. Kenseer, A. Tertheele of Physical Chamistry, Magnillan India Ltd.</li> </ol>
Reference Books	<ol> <li>K. L. Kapoor, A Textbook of Physical Chemistry, Macmillan India Ltd, third edition,2009.</li> <li>Gilbert. W. Castellen, Physical Chemistry, Narosa Publishing House, third edition, 1985.</li> <li>P. W. Atkins, and Julio de Paula, Physical Chemistry, Oxford University press, seventh edition, 2002.</li> <li>B.R. Puri, L.R. Sharma and M.S. Pathania, Principles of Physical Chemistry, Shobanlal Nagin Chand and Co. Jalendhar, forty first, edition, 2001</li> <li>D.N.Bajpai, Advanced Physical Chemistry, S.Chand&amp;Co., 2001</li> </ol>
Website and e-learning source	https://nptel.ac.inhttps://swayam.gov.in https://archive.nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/112108150/pdf/PPTs/MTS_07_ m.pdf Thermodynamics - NPTEL https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f0udxGcoztE Introduction to chemical equilibrium – MIT opencourse ware

# Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

# On completion of the course the students should be able to

6

- **CO1:** construct the phase diagram for one component and two component systems, explain the properties of freezing mixture, component with congruent melting points and solid solutions.
- **CO2:** apply the concepts of chemical equilibrium in dissociation of  $PCl_5$ ,  $N_2O_4$  and formation of HI,  $NH_3$ ,  $SO_3$  and decomposition of calcium carbonate. Demonstrate important principles such as Le chatelier principle, van't Hoff reaction isotherm and Clausius-Clayperon equation.
- **CO3:** Identify an appropriate distillation method for the separation of binary liquid mixtures such as azeotropic mixtures, partially miscible mixtures and immiscible liquids.
- **CO4:** Explain the significance of Arrhenius theory, Debye-Huckel theory, Onsager equation and Kohlrausch's law in conductance.
- **CO5:** Construct electrochemical cell with the help of electrochemical series and calculate cell EMF. Demonstrate the applications of EMF and significance of potentiometric titrations.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

#### Model Question Paper

## SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

### Answer ALL questions

- 1. Define each term in phase rule.
- 2. What is reduced phase rule?
- 3. Give the relation between Kp and Kc
- 4. State Lechatelier principle.
- 5. Why alcohol and water can't be separated completely?
- 6. What is an advantage of partial immiscible liquids?
- 7. Define Kohlrausch's law.
- 8. What is wien effect?
- 9. Define standard electrode potential.
- 10. Give the applications of electrochemical series.

SECTION B –  $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

## Answer ALL questions

11. a) Derive phase rule equation.

Or

- b) Write a Short note on freezing mixtures
- 12. a) Derive Clayperon-Clausius equation.

Or

b) Discuss about heterogeneous equilibrium.

13. a) Discuss about fractional distillation.

### Or

b) Discuss the effect of impurity on phenol-water system.

14. a) Discuss the determination of transport number by Hittorf's method.

## Or

b) Derive Ostwald dilution law.

15. a) Derive Nernst equation for electrode potential.

### Or

b) Discuss about concentration cell with transference.

## SECTION C – $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

### Answer any THREE questions

- 16. Explain the phase diagram of Bismuth-Cadmium system.
- 17. Derive Van't Hoff reaction isochore.
- 18. Discuss the applications of Nernst distribution law.
- 19. Explain the applications of conductance measurements.
- 20. How acid-base titration be carried out by potentiometric method.

Title of the Course		PH	YSIC	AL CHE	MIS	TRY PRACTICA	AL – II
Paper No.	Core XV	I					
Category	Core	Year	III	Credi	2	Course Code	
		Semester	VI	ts			
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total	
hours per week	-	-	3			3	
Prerequisites	Theoretic	al knowledg	e on p	hysical c	hemis	stry	
Objectives of the	This cou	rse aims at p	rovidi	ng			
course	• ha					stry experiments at the experiments	
Course Outline	naphthale 2. De 3. De 4. Ef	mple eutecti one- dipheny etermination etermination fect of an ele etermination	l amin of trai of upp ectroly	e or naph nsition te per critica te on mis	thale mpera al solu scibili	ne-diphenyl system ature of a salt hydr ation temperature ity temperature of	
	Unit II						
	I2 + 8. Detern above UNIT III Electroch 9. Cc 10. Po quinhydro	I mination of mination of equilibrium memistry onductometric onde electroe	vater. equilib I <sub>3</sub> concer consta ic titra titrati de.	ntration of hyon of ferm	of the droc	of the reaction given potassium hloric acid against on against potassin	iodine between carbon iodide solution using the t sodium hydroxide um dichromate using
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	examinati		JAM /	TNPSC o	others	n various competit to be solved )	tive

r	
Skills acquired	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional
from this course	Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Reference Books	<ol> <li>Sindhu, P.S. <i>Practicals in Physical Chemistry</i>, Macmillan India : New Delhi, 2005.</li> <li>Khosla, B. D. Garg, V. C.; Gulati, A. <i>Senior Practical Physical Chemistry</i>, R. Chand : New Delhi, 2011.</li> <li>Gupta, Renu, <i>Practical Physical Chemistry</i>, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed.; New Age International : New Delhi, 2017.</li> </ol>
Website and e- learning source	https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences
<b>Course Learning O</b>	utcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
On completion of th	ne course the students should be able to
CO1: Describe the p	principles and methodology for the practical work.
CO2: Explain the pr	ocedure, data and methodology for the practical work
CO3: Apply the prin	ciples of phase rule and electrochemistry for carrying out the practical work
CO4: Demonstrate 1	aboratory skills for safe handling of the equipment and chemicals

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	12	12	12	12	12
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to PSOs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

СО /РО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	12	12	12	12	12
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PO's and CO's

#### SCHEME OF VALUATION

7

Internal assessment: 25 Marks External assessment: 75 Marks Total: 100 Marks Record: 15 Marks Experiment: 45 Marks Manipulation, Tabulation and Calculation: 15 Marks

# 1) Effect of electrolyte on CST

Graph: 10 Error upto 10 %: 35 20 %: 25 30 %: 15 > 30: 10

## 2) Conductance

>15 % : 10

Equivalent conductance: 25 marks	Cell constant : 20 marks
Error upto 10 % : 25	Error upto 10 % : 20
Upto 15 % : 15	Upto 15 % : 15

## 3) Conductometric titration

Graph: 10 Upto 2 % : 35 2.1 to 3 % : 30 3.1 to 4 % : 25 4.1 to 5 % : 20 > 5% : 15

## 6) Transition temperature

Graph: 10 Error upto 2°C difference: 35 7°C difference: 25 > 7°C difference: 15 >15 % : 10

Title of the		FUNDA	MEN	FALS OF	SPE	CTROSCO	PY
Course	DOUT						
Paper No.	EC VII		L		-		
Category	Elective	Year	III	Credits	3	Course	
	Course	Semester	VI			Code	
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total	
hours per week	4	1	-			5	
Prerequisites	General Ch	nemistry I,II,	III and	1 IV			
Objectives of the	This course	e is designed	to pro	ovide know	ledg	e on	
course	• elec	ctrical and m	agneti	ic propertie	es of	organic and	inorganic
	con	npounds					
	• bas	ic principles	of mi	crowave, U	JV-V	isible, infrar	ed, Raman, NMR
	and	Mass spect	rometr	·v			
	<ul> <li>inst</li> </ul>	rumentation	of mi	crowave. I	J <b>V-V</b>	isible, infrar	ed, Raman, NMR
		Mass spect					, ,
		olications		-	spec	ral te	echniques in
		ctural elucio		ious	spee	iiui ti	eeninques in
		ving combin		ctral probl	ems		
Course Outline	501	ving comon	eu spe		CIIIS		
Course Outline	UNIT I						
		and Magnet	tic pro	nerties of	mol	ecules	
		0	-	-			polarisability of
	-	-		-			y of organic and
	inorganic n			-poie mon			) of organic and
	0		volu	ime susce	ntihi	litv mass s	usceptibility and
					-	-	determination of
		· ·	-	-		•	magnetism, anti
	ferromagne	-	.y usi	ing Guoy	Uu.	lunce, leno	inagnetisin, anti
	U	e spectrosco	nv				
				nolecules	rigia	l rotator app	roximation)
	selection r		minat	ion of bor	nd le	ngth, effect	

### UNIT II Ultraviolet and Visible spectroscopy

Electronic spectra of diatomic molecules (Born Oppenheimer approximation) - vibrational coarse structure – rotational fine structure of electronic vibration transitions – Frank Condon principle – dissociation in electronic transitions – BirgeSponer method of evaluation of dissociation energy – pre-dissociation transition -  $\sigma$  - $\sigma$  \*,  $\pi$ - $\pi$ \*, n- $\sigma$ \*, n- $\pi$ \* transitions. Applications of UV-Woodward – Fieser rules as applied to conjugated dienes and  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  - unsaturated ketones. Elementary Problems. Colorimetry - principle and applications (estimation of Fe<sup>3+</sup>)

## UNIT III

	Infrared spectroscopy
	Vibration spectra -diatomic molecules - harmonic oscillator and
	anharmonic oscillator; Vibration - rotation spectra - diatomic molecule
	as rigid rotator and anharmonic oscillator (Born-Oppenheimer
	approximation oscillator) - selection rules, vibrations of polyatomic
	molecules - stretching and bending vibrations - applications -
	determination of force constant, moment of inertia and internuclear
	distance - isotopic shift - application of IR spectra to simple organic and
	inorganic molecules – (group frequencies)
	Raman Spectroscopy
	Rayleigh scattering and Raman scattering of light - Raman shift -
	classical theory of Raman effect - quantum theory of Raman effect -
	Vibrational Raman spectrum – selection rules – mutual exclusion
	principle – instrumentation (block diagram) – applications.
-	TINITO TT/
	UNIT IV
	Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy:
	PMR – theory of PMR – instrumentation - number of signals – chemical
	shift – peak areas and proton counting – spin-spin coupling – applications. Problems related to shielding and deshielding of protons,
	chemical shifts of protons in hydrocarbons, and in simple monofunctional
	organic compounds; spin-spin splitting of neighbouring protons in vinyl
	and allyl systems.
I L	

1		

	UNIT V Mass spectrometry Principle – different kinds of ionisation – instrumentation – the mass spectrum – types of ions – determination of molecular formula-
	fragmentation and structural elucidation – McLafferty rearrangement; Retro Diels Alder reaction - illustrations with simple organic molecules.
	Solving structure elucidation problems using multiple spectroscopic data (NMR, MS, IR and UV-Vis).
Extended	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive
Professional	examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved
Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	
from uns course	Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.

Recomm ended Text	<ol> <li>Gopalan, R.; Subramaniam, P. S.; Rengarajan, K. <i>Elements of Analytical Chemistry</i>; S Chand: New Delhi, 2003.</li> <li>Usharani, S. <i>Analytical Chemistry</i>, 1<sup>st</sup>ed.; Macmillan: India, 2002.</li> <li>Banwell, C.N.; Mc Cash, E. M. <i>Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy</i>, 4<sup>th</sup> ed.;</li> </ol>							
	<ul> <li>Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2017.</li> <li>4. U.N.Dash, Analytical Chemistry Theory and Practice, Sultan Chand &amp;Sons,2<sup>nd</sup> Ed.</li> </ul>							
	2005 5. B.K.Sharma, Spectroscopy,22 <sup>nd</sup> ed., Goel Publishing House, 2011.							
Referenc	1. Srivastava, A. K.; Jain, P. C. Chemical Analysis an Instrumental Approach, 3rded.;							
e Books	S.Chand, New Delhi, 1997.							
	2. Robert D Braun. <i>Introduction to Instrumental Analysis</i> ; Mc.Graw Hill: New York, 1987.							
	3. Skoog, D. A.; Crouch, S. R.; Holler, F.J.; West, D. M. <i>Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry</i> , 9 <sup>th</sup> ed.; Harcourt college Publishers: USA, 2013.							
	4. Madan, R. L.; Tuli, G. D. <i>Physical Chemistry</i> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> ed.; S.Chand: New Delhi, 2005.							
	5. Puri, B. R.; Sharma, L. R.; Pathania, M.S. <i>Principles of Physical Chemistry</i> , 43 <sup>rd</sup> ed.; Vishal Publishing: Delhi, 2008.							

Website	1.http://vallance.chem.ox.ac.uk/pdfs/SymmetryLectureNotes2004.pdf2.http://chemistry						
and e-	.rutgers.edu/undergrad/chem207/SymmetryGroupTheory.html						
learning	3. www.epgpathshala.nic.in						
source	4. www.nptel.ac.in						
	5 http:/swayam.gov.in						

## **Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)**

On completion of the course the students should be able to

**CO1:** explain electrical and magnetic properties of materials and microwave spectroscopy **CO2:** explain theory, instrumentation and applications of Infrared and Raman spectroscopy **CO3:** apply selection rules to understand spectral transitions, explain Woodward – Fieser's rule for the calculation of wavelength maximum of conjugated dienes **CO4:** explain theory, instrumentation and applications of NMR spectroscopy

**CO5:** explain theory, instrumentation and applications of Mass spectrometry

	n	n	DO2	DO4	DO5	DOC	D07	DOQ	DOO	<b>DO10</b>
	P	P	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
	0	0								
	1	2								
С	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	Μ	S	М
0										
1										
С	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
Õ		2	5	2	1.1	5	5			
2										
	S	C	S	М	C	S	C	М	C	М
C	3	S	2	М	S	5	S	М	S	М
0										
3										
С	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
0										
4										
С	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S
0										
5										

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15

Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
	DCO!	001			

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

### FUNDAMENTALS OF SPECTROSCOPY

#### Model Question Paper

## SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

### Answer ALL questions

- 1. Define ferromagnetism and antiferromagnetism
- 2. What is mass susceptibility and molar susceptibility?
- 3. What is transition probability?
- 4. Write a note on symmetry restrictions in electronic transitions
- 5. What is the necessary condition for a molecule to absorb IR radiation?
- 6. Why strong bands in IR corresponds to weak bands in Raman and vice versa?
- 7. Calculate the number of multiplets in CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>.
- 8. Why  $C^{12}$ ,  $O^{16}$ ,  $S^{32}$  do not exhibit NMR spectra?
- 9. State basic principles of mass spectrometry
- 10. What is metastable ions or peaks?

### SECTION B – $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

### Answer ALL questions

11. a) How will you determine magnetic susceptibility using guoy balance?

### Or

b) Mention the application of dipole moments in the study of organic and inorganic molecules.

12. a) What is Frank codon principle? On the basis of woodward rules, calculate the  $\lambda_{max}$  for

#### Or

7

b) Explain the principle and application of colorimetry.

13. a) How many fundamental vibrational frequencies would you expect to observe in the IR spectrum of CO<sub>2</sub>?

### Or

b) Explain Rayleigh scattering and Raman scattering.

14. a) What are the factors affecting the chemical shift?

### Or

b) Explain splitting in 1,1 difluoro-1,2-dichloroethane.

15. a) Explain McLafferty rearrangement with suitable example

Or

b) Explain Retro-Diels Alder reaction in cyclohexene.

SECTION C –  $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

### Answer any THREE questions

16. How isotopic substitution in a molecule can affect the reaction rate? How do you find the bond length in rotational spectra?

17. What are the selection rules for electronic transitions? Explain the terms auxochrome,

chromophore, Bathochromic shift and Hypsochromic shift.

18. Write the applications of IR spectroscopy.

19. How will you explain the following with suitable examples using NMR spectra (i) distinguish cis-trans isomers, (ii) keto-enol tautomerism (iii) detection of Hydrogen bonding.

20. Illustrate the general rules for predicting prominent peaks in mass spectrum.

Title of the Course	PROFESSIONAL COMPETENCY SKILL						
Paper No.	SEVIII						
Category	Skill	Year	III	Credits	2	Course	
	Enhanc ement Course	Semester	VI	_		Code	
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total	
hours per week	2	-				2	
Prerequisites	General C	Chemistry					
Objectives of the course	<ul> <li>The course aims at providing training to</li> <li>develop professional skills in students</li> <li>to provide hands on experience to prepare and develop products</li> </ul>						
Course Outline	<ul> <li>UNIT I</li> <li>General lab safety rules</li> <li>Common rules that relate to almost every laboratory - Safety policies - First aid - Use of fire safety - Use of laboratory hood.</li> <li>Safe Handling of Hazardous Chemicals</li> <li>Introduction of hazardous chemicals - Rules for handling chemicals - Essential practices for handling hazardous chemicals - Laboratory waste management.</li> <li>UNIT II</li> <li>Applications of computers in chemistry basics</li> <li>Constants, variables, bits, bytes, binary and ASCII formats, arithmetic expressions, hierarchy of operations, inbuilt functions - Elements of the BASIC language - BASIC keywords and commands- Logical and relative operators.</li> </ul>						

UNIT	III

	Principles of Qualitative and Quantitative Analysis
	Concentration and it's expression (molality, molarity, normality Percentage and their calculations)- Standard solution – definition and examples for primary and secondary standard calculation of molecular weight and equivalent weight of acid, base, oxidation agent and salt
	UNIT IV
	Chromotography
	Introduction – classification – partition, adsorption, ion exchange and exclusions – principles, types – working and application – column, Thin layer, paper, HPLC,GLC chromotography – principle, techniques and applications
	UNIT V
	Professional skills
	Soft skills – communication skills, Teamwork skills, Time management, Problem solving, Decision making, Leadership skills, stress management, organization skills Hard skills – Basic computer skills, Customer service skills – presentation, marketing, team management, project design – Data analysis skills
Skills acquired from this course	Professionalskills.
Recommended Text	<ol> <li>Robert H. Hill Jr., David C. Finster, Laboratory safety for chemistry students (2016).</li> <li>Harris, D. C. Quantitative Chemical Analysis. 6th Ed., Freeman (2007) Chapters 3-5.</li> </ol>
Reference Books	Levie, R. de, how to use <i>Excel in analytical chemistry and in general scientific data analysis, Cambridge Univ. Press (2001)</i> 487 pages.
Website and e- learning source	https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences
Course Learning C	Dutcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
CO 1: identify adult CO 2: prepare clear	<b>he course the students should be able to</b> terated food items by doing simple chemical tests. ning products and become entrepreneurs rs about adulteration and motivate them to become entrepreneurs.

|--|

CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	6	6	6	6	6
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

# ALLIED CHEMISTRY FOR PHYSICAL SCIENCES

Title of the Course	r	CHEMISTRY FOR PHYSICAL SCIENCES I (FOR MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS STUDENTS)					
Paper No.	Generic F	Generic Elective I					
Category	Generic	eneric Year I Credits 3 Course Code					
	Elective	Semester	Ι				
Instructional	Lecture	Lecture Tutorial Lab Practice Total					
hours per week	4	4 - 4					
Prerequisites	Higher secondary chemistry						
Objectives of the course	bas     cos     cos     im	<ul> <li>This course aims to provide knowledge on the</li> <li>basics of atomic orbitals, chemical bonds, hybridization</li> <li>concepts of thermodynamics and its applications.</li> <li>concepts of nuclear chemistry</li> <li>importance of chemical industries</li> <li>Qualitative and analytical methods.</li> </ul>					
Course Outline		UNIT I Chemical Bonding and Nuclear Chemistry Chemical Bonding: Molecular Orbital Theory-bonding, antibonding					

and non-bonding orbitals. Molecular orbital diagrams for Hydrogen, Helium, Nitrogen; discussion of bond order and magnetic properties.

Nuclear Chemistry: Fundamental particles - Isotopes, Isobars,

Isotones and Isomers-Differences between chemical reactions and nuclear reactions - group displacement law. Nuclear binding energy - mass defect - calculations. Nuclear fission and nuclear fusion - differences – Stellar energy. Applications of radioisotopes - carbon dating, rock dating and medicinal applications.

## Unit II

1

## **Industrial Chemistry**

Fuels: Fuel gases: Natural gas, water gas, semi water gas, carbureted

water gas, producer gas, CNG, LPG and oil gas (manufacturing details

not required). Silicones: Synthesis, properties and uses of silicones.

Fertilizers: Urea, ammonium sulphate, potassium nitrate, NPK fertilizer, superphosphate, triple superphosphate.

## **UNIT III**

#### **Fundamental Concepts in Organic Chemistry**

Hybridization: Orbital overlap, hybridization and geometry of

CH4, C2H4, C2H2 and C6H6. Electronic effects: Inductive effect and

consequences on Ka and Kb of organic acids and bases, electromeric,

mesomeric, hyper conjugation and steric- examples.

Reaction mechanisms: Types of reactions-aromaticity (Huckel's rule)

- aromatic electrophilic substitution; nitration, halogenation, Friedel-Craft's alkylation and acylation. Heterocyclic compounds: Preparation, properties of pyrrole and pyridine.

#### UNIT IV

#### Thermodynamics and Phase Equilibria

Thermodynamics: Types of systems, reversible and irreversible processes, isothermal and adiabatic processes and spontaneous processes. Statements of first law and second law of thermodynamics. Carnot's cycle and efficiency of heat engine. Entropy and its

P	
	significance. Free energy change and its importance (no derivation).
	Conditions for spontaneity in terms of entropy and Gibbs free energy.
	Relationship between Gibbs free energy and entropy.
	Phase Equilibria: Phase rule - definition of terms in it. Applications of phase rule to water system. Two component system - Reduced phase rule and its application to a simple eutectic system (Pb-Ag).
	UNIT V
	Analytical Chemistry
	Introduction to qualitative and quantitative analysis. Principles of
	volumetric analysis. Separation and purification techniques – extraction,
	distillation and crystallization.
	Chromatography: principle and application of column, paper and thin layer chromatography.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional
from this course	Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. V.Veeraiyan, Text book of Ancillary Chemistry; High mount publishing house, Chennai, first edition, 2009.
	<ol> <li>S.Vaithyanathan, Text book of Ancillary Chemistry; Priya Publications, Karur,2006.</li> </ol>
	3. S.ArunBahl, B.S.Bahl, Advanced Organic Chemistry; S.Chand and
	<ul> <li>Company, NewDelhi, twenty third edition, 2012.</li> <li>4. P.L.Soni, H.M.Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry; Sultan</li> </ul>
	Chand & sons, New Delhi, twenty ninthedition, 2007.
Reference Books	5. P.L.Soni, Mohan Katyal, Textbook of Inorganic chemistry; Sultan Chan
	dandCompany,New Delhi, twentieth edition, 2007.
	6. B.R.Puri,L.R.Sharma,M.S.Pathania,TextbookPhysicalChemistry;V ishalPublishingCo., New Delhi, fortyfortyseventh edition, 2018.
	<ol> <li>B.K,Sharma,IndustrialChemistry;GOELpublishinghouse,Meerut,si</li> </ol>
	xteenthedition, 2014.

- CO 1: gain in-depth knowledge about the theories of chemical bonding, nuclear reactions and its applications.
- CO 2: evaluate the efficiencies and uses of various fuels and fertilizers
- CO 3: explain the type of hybridization, electronic effect and mechanism involved in the organic reactions.
- CO 4: apply various thermodynamic principles, systems and phase rule.
- CO 5: explain various methods to identify an appropriate method for the separation of chemical components

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

СО /РО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PO's and CO's

## CHEMISTRYFORPHYSICALSCIENCESI (FORMATHEMATICS&PHYSICSSTUDENTS)

## **Time: 3 Hours**

## Max. Marks: 75

## SECTION - A (10 X 2 = 20)

Answer ALL the questions.

- 1. What are isotopes? Give an example.
- 2. What is the bond order of nitrogen?
- 3. What is LPG?
- 4. Write any two application of NPK fertilizer.
- 5. Chloroacetic acid is stronger than acetic acid. Why?
- 6. State Huckel's rule.
- 7. Write the mathematical statement of first law of thermodynamics.
- 8. What is phase rule?
- 9. What is Rf value?
- 10. Define crystallization.

Answer ALL the questions.

SECTION - B (5 X 5 = 25)

11. (a) Using MO diagram calculate the bond order of Helium.

Or

(b) Write notes on nuclear fission using suitable example.

12. (a) Write notes on Naturalgas andwatergas.

Or

- (b) Write the preparation and uses of superphosphate and Urea.
- 13. (a) Explain the geometry of ethylene on the basis of hybridization.

Or

- (b) Write the mechanism of Friedel-Craft'salkylation.
- 14. (a) Write the statements of second law of thermodynamics.

Or

(b) Explain the phase diagram ofwatersystem.15. (a) Write notes on distillation.

Or

(b) Explain the principle and working of column chromatography.

SECTION - B (3 X 10 = 30)

Answer any THREE of the following questions.

- 16. Write the applications of radioisotopes.
- 17. Give Synthesis, properties and uses of silicones.
- 18. Explain hyperconjugation and steric effect with suitable example.
- 19. Explain the applications of asimpleeutecticsystem using the phase diagram of Pb-Ag system.
- 20. Explain the principle, working and applications of Thin layerchromatography.

Title of the Course	CHEMISTRY FOR PHYSICAL SCIENCES II (FOR MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS STUDENTS)					
Paper No.	Generic E	lective II				
Category	Generic	Year	Ι	Credits	3	Course
	Elective	Semester	Π			Code
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	La	b Practice		Total
hours per week	4	-	-			4

Prerequisites	Chemistry for physical sciences -I
Objectives of the course	<ul><li>This course aims at providing knowledge on the</li><li>Co-ordination Chemistry and Water Technology</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Carbohydrates and Amino acids</li><li>basics and applications of electrochemistry</li></ul>
	basics and applications of kinetics and catalysis
	Various photochemical phenomenon

Course Outline	UNIT I Co-ordination Chemistry and Water Technology Co-ordination Chemistry: Definition of terms-IUPAC Nomenclature -
	Werner'stheory - EAN rule - Pauling's theory - Postulates - Applications
	to [Ni(CO)4], [Ni(CN)4] <sup>2-</sup> ,[Co(CN)6] <sup>3-</sup> Chelation - Biological role of
	Haemoglobin and Chlorophyll (elementary idea) - Applications in
	qualitative and quantitative analysis.
	Water Technology: Hardness of water, determination of hardness of water using EDTA method, zeolite method-Purification techniques- BOD, COD.
	Unit II
	Carbohydrates and Amino acids
	Carbohydrates: Classification, preparation and properties of glucose,
	fructose and sucrose. Discussion of open chain ring structures of
	glucose and fructose. Glucose -fructose interconversion. Properties of
	starch and cellulose.
	Amino acids: Classification - preparation and properties of alanine, preparation of dipeptides using Bergmann method. RNA and DNA (elementary idea only).
	UNIT III
	Electrochemistry
	Galvanic cells - Standard hydrogen electrode - calomel electrode - standard electrode potentials -electrochemical series. Strong and weak electrolytes - ionic product of water -pH, pKa, pKb. Conductometric titrations - pH determination by colorimetric method – buffer solutions and its biological applications - electroplating - Nickel and chrome plating – Types of cells -fuel cells-corrosion and its prevention.

	UNIT IV Kinetics and Catalysis Order and molecularity. Integrated rate expression for I and II (2A <sup>II</sup> Products) order reactions. Pseudo first order reaction, methods of determining order of a reaction – Half-life period – Catalysis - homogeneous and heterogeneous, catalyst used in Contact and Haber's processes. Concept of energy of activation and Arrhenius equation.
	UNIT V Photochemistry
	Grothus-Draper's law and Stark-Einstein's law of photochemical equivalence, Quantum yield - Hydrogen-chloride reaction. Phosphorescence, fluorescence, chemiluminescence and photosensitization and photosynthesis (definition with examples).
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skillsacquiredfrom this courseRecommended	<ul> <li>Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional</li> <li>Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</li> <li>1. V.Veeraiyan, Textbook of Ancillary Chemistry; High mount</li> </ul>
Text	<ul> <li>publishing house, Chennai, first edition,2009.</li> <li>2. S.Vaithyanathan, Text book of Ancillary Chemistry; Priya Publications, Karur,2006.</li> <li>3. Arun Bahl, B.S.Bahl, Advanced Organic Chemistry; S.Chand and Company, New Delhi, twenty third edition, 2012.</li> <li>4. P.L.Soni, H.M.Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry; Sultan Chand &amp; sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.</li> </ul>
Reference Books	<ol> <li>P.L.Soni, Mohan Katyal, Text book of Inorganic chemistry; Sultan Chand and Company, New Delhi, twentieth edition, 2007.</li> <li>R.Puri, L.R.Sharma, M.S.Pathania, Text book Physical Chemistry; Vishal Publishing Co., New Delhi, forty seventh edition, 2018.</li> </ol>

	3. B.K,Sharma, Industrial Chemistry; GOEL publishing house, Meerut, sixteenth edition, 2014.
Website and e-	
learning source	
Course Learning O	utcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
On completion of th	ne course the students should be able to
	UPAC name for complex, different theories to explain the bonding in compounds and water technology
	eparation and property of carbohydrate, amino acids and nucleic acids.
1 1	strate the electrochemistry principles in corrosion, electroplating and fuel
CO 4: identify the re	eaction rate, order for chemical reaction and explain the purpose of a catalyst.
CO 5: outline the va	rious type of photochemical process.

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
C01	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
C05	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to PSOs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

СО /РО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
C05	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PO's and CO's

## CHEMISTRYFORPHYSICALSCIENCESII (FORMATHEMATICS&PHYSICSSTUDENTS)

SECTION - A (10 X 2 = 20)

8

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer ALL the questions.

- 1. Give EANrule.
- 2. What is BOD?
- 3. What are Carbohydrates? Give an example.
- 4. Write the preparation of alanine.
- 5. What are buffer solutions?
- 6. What is pH?
- 7. Define Half-lifeperiod.

- 0
- 8. Define Catalysis.
- 9. State Grothus-Draper'slaw
- 10. How will you calculate Quantumyield?

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SECTION - B (5 X 5 = 25)
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Answer ALL the questions.

- 11. (a) Explain the determination of hardness of water using EDTA method Or
  - (b) Write the BiologicalroleofHaemoglobin.
- 12. (a) Discuss aboutopenchainringstructureofglucose.

Or

(b) Write the differences between RNA andDNA.13. (a) Explain the determination of pH by colorimetric method

Or

(b) Elaborate about Nickelandchromeplating.

14. (a) Derive rate expression for first order kinetics. Or

(b) Explain the conceptofenergyofactivation.

15. (a) Write the differences between Phosphorescence and fluorescence.

Or

(b) How will you calculate quantum yield for Hydrogen-Chlorinereaction.

#### SECTION – B (3 X 10 = 30)

Answer any THREE of the following questions.

- 16. Write Postulates of Pauling's theory and apply it  $for[Ni(CN)4]^{2-1}$
- 17. Write the preparation of dipeptides using Bergmann method.
- 18. Write notes on Conductometric titrations.
- 19. Give any two methodsofdeterminingorderofareaction.
- 20. Explain about photosensitization and photosynthesis.

## ALLIED CHEMISTRY FOR BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

Title of the Course		CHEMISTR BOTANY A				L SCIENCES I (FOR DENTS)
Paper No.	Generic H	Elective III				
Category	Generic	Year	II	Credits	3	Course
	Elective	Semester	III			Code
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice	Tot	tal
hours per week	4	-	-		4	
Prerequisites	Higher see	ccondary chen	nistry			

Objectives of the	This course aims at providing knowledge on
course	• basics of atomic orbitals, chemical bonds, hybridization and
	fundamentals of organic chemistry
	nuclear chemistry and industrial chemistry
	• importance of speciality drugs and
	• separation and purification techniques.
Course Outline	UNIT I Chemical Bonding and Nuclear Chemistry
	Chemical Bonding: Molecular Orbital Theory-bonding, antibonding and non-bonding orbitals. M. O diagrams for Hydrogen, Helium, Nitrogen; discussion of bond order and magnetic properties.
	Nuclear Chemistry: Fundamental particles - Isotopes, Isobars, Isotones and Isomers-Differences between chemical reactions and nuclear reactions- group displacement law. Nuclear binding energy - mass defect - calculations. Nuclear fission and nuclear fusion - differences – Stellar energy. Applications of radioisotopes - carbon dating, rock dating and medicinal applications.
	Unit II Industrial Chemistry
	Fuels: Fuel gases: Natural gas, water gas, semi water gas, carbureted
	water gas, producer gas, CNG, LPG and oil gas (manufacturing details
	not required).
	Silicones: Synthesis, properties and uses of silicones.
	Fertilizers: Urea, ammonium sulphate, potassium nitrate NPK fertilizer, superphosphate, triple superphosphate.
	UNIT III Fundamental Concepts in Organic Chemistry Hybridization: Orbital overlap hybridization and geometry of CH4,
	C2H4, C2H2 and C6H6. Polar effects: Inductive effect and

	consequences on Ka and $K_{\text{b}}$ of organic acids and bases, electromeric,
	mesomeric, hyper conjugation and steric-examples and explanation.
	Reaction mechanisms: Types of reactions- aromaticity-aromatic
	electrophilic substitution; nitration, halogenation, Friedel-Craft's
	alkylation and acylation.
	Heterocyclic compounds: Preparation, properties of pyrrole and pyridine.
	UNIT IV Drugs and Speciality Chemicals
	Definition, structure and uses: Antibiotics viz.,
	Penicillin, Chloramphenicol and Streptomycin; Anaesthetics viz.,
	Chloroform and ether; Antipyretics viz., aspirin, paracetamol and
	ibuprofen;
	Artificial Sweeteners viz., saccharin, Aspartame and cyclamate; Organic Halogen compounds viz., Freon, Teflon. <b>UNIT V:</b>
	<b>ONIT V:</b> <b>Analytical Chemistry</b> Introduction qualitative and quantitative analysis. Principles of volumetric analysis. Separation and purification techniques: extraction, distillation and crystallization. Chromatography: principle and application of column, paper and thin layer chromatography.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired	
from this course	Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.

<b>Recommended</b> 1. V.Veeraiyan, Textbook of Ancillary Chemistry; High mount
Text publishing house, Chennai, first edition,2009.
<ol> <li>S.Vaithyanathan, Text book of Ancillary Chemistry; Priy Publications, Karur, 2006.</li> </ol>
3. ArunBahl, B.S.Bahl, Advanced Organic Chemistry; S.Chand an
Company, New Delhi, twenty third edition,2012.
4. P.L.Soni, H.M.Chawla, Text Book of Inorganic Chemistry;
Sultan Chand & sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.
Reference Books         1. P.L.Soni, Mohan Katyal, Text book of Inorganic chemistry;
Sultan Chand and Company, New Delhi, twentieth edition, 2007.
2. B.K,Sharma, Industrial Chemistry; GOEL publishing house, Meer
sixteenth edition, 2014.
<ol> <li>Jayashree gosh, Fundamental Concepts of Applied Chemistry; Sult &amp; Chand, Edition 2006.</li> </ol>
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
On completion of the course the students should be able to CO1: state the theories of chemical bonding, nuclear reactions and its applications.
CO 2: evaluate the efficiencies and uses of various fuels and fertilizers.
CO 3: explain the type of hybridization, electronic effect and mechanism involved in t
organic reactions.
CO 4: demonstrate the structure and uses of antibiotics, anaesthetics, antipyretics and artific

sugars.

**CO 5:** analyse various methods to identify an appropriate method for the separation of chemical components.

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to PSOs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

СО /РО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
C01	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

Level of Correlation between PO's and CO's

## Allied Chemistry Model Question paper

9

## (For Bot. and Zoo)

## Second Year III Semester

## SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

### Answer ALL questions

- 1. What are isotopes?
- 2. What is carbon dating?
- 3. Write two uses of silicones.
- 4. Write the composition of oil gas.
- 5. Write an inductive effect and its consequences on the dissociation constant of organic acids.
- 6. Give an example for electrophile.
- 7. Write the structure of Penicillin.
- 8. What are Antipyretics?
- 9. Which indicator is used in the titration of strong acid vs weak base?
- 10. Write a stationery phase in paper chromatography.

#### SECTION B – $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

## Answer ALL questions

11. a. Differentiate between Nuclear fusion and fission.

## (or)

- b. Write a note on applications of radioisotopes.
- 12. a. Write about NPK fertilizers.

#### (or)

b. Write a short note on water and producer gas.

13. a. Discuss the mechanism of Nitration of benzene.

### (or)

b. Explain the preparation and properties of pyrrole.

14. a. W rite about artificial sweetener.

#### (or)

b. Write about Teflon and Freon.

15. a. Write principle and applications of columnchromatography.

(or)

b. Write about any two separation technique.

## SECTION C – $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

## Answer any THREE questions

- 16. Explain MO diagram of Nitrogen.
- 17. Discuss the preparation and properties of silicones.
- 18. Explain the mechanism of Friedel-Craft alkylation and acylation.
- 19. Explain the structure and uses of Chloramphenicol.
- 20. Explain the principle, technique and application ofthinlayerchromatography.

a

Title of the Course	CHEMISTRY FOR BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES II (FOR BOTANY AND ZOOLOGY STUDENTS)									
Paper No.	Generic F	Clective IV				JOI STODEN	15)			
Category	Generic									
	Elective	Semester	IV							
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab	Practice		Total	•			
hours per week	4	-	-			4				
Prerequisites	Chemist	ry for Biolog	gical S	ciences I						
Objectives of the course	<ul> <li>This course aims to provide knowledge on</li> <li>nomenclature of coordination compounds and carbohydrates.</li> <li>Amino Acids and Essential elements of biosystem</li> <li>understand the concepts of kinetics and catalysis</li> <li>provide fundamentals of electrochemistry and photochemistry</li> </ul>									
Course Outline	UNIT I         Co-ordination Chemistry and Water Technology         Co-ordination Chemistry: Definition of terms - IUPAC Nomenclar         - Werner'stheory - EAN rule - Pauling's theory – Postulates -         Applications to [Ni(CO)4], [Ni(CN)4] <sup>2-</sup> , [Co(CN)6] <sup>3-</sup> Chelation -         Biological role of Hemoglobin and Chlorophyll (elementary         Applications in qualitative and quantitative analysis.         Water Technology: Hardness of water, determination of hardness         BOD and COD.						es - ation - mentary idea) of hardness of			
	fructose. fructose.	Classification, Discussion	of of ctose	pen chain interconve	rin	properties of g structures of n. Preparation	glucose and			

UNIT III	
Amino Acids and Essential elements of biosystem	

Classification - preparation and properties of alanine, preparation of dipeptides using Bergmann method - Proteinsclassification – structure - Colour reactions – Biological functions – nucleosides nucleotides – RNA and DNA – structure. Essentials of trace metals in biological system-Na, Cu, K, Zn, Fe, Mg.

	UNIT IV Electrochemistry Galvanic cells - Standard hydrogen electrode - calomel electrode - standard electrode potentials -electrochemical series. Strong and weak electrolytes - ionic product of water -pH, pKa, pKb. Conductometric titrations - pH determination by colorimetric method – buffer solutions and its biological applications - electroplating - Nickel and chrome plating – Types of cells -fuel cells-corrosion and its prevention.
	UNIT V Photochemistry Grothus - Drapper's law and Stark-Einstein's law of photochemical equivalence, Quantum yield - Hydrogen -chloride reaction. Phosphorescence, fluorescence, chemiluminescence and photosensitization and photosynthesis (definition with examples).
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.

Recommended	1. V.Veeraiyan, Textbook of Ancillary Chemistry; High mount
Text	publishing house, Chennai, first edition, 2009.
	2. S.Vaithyanathan, Text book of Ancillary Chemistry; Priya Publications, Karur, 2006.
	3. Arun Bahl, B.S.Bahl, Advanced Organic Chemistry; S.Chand and
	Company, New Delhi, twenty third edition, 2012.
	4. P.L.Soni, H.M.Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry; Sultan
	Chand & sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.
Reference Books	1. Arun Bahl, B.S.Bahl, Advanced Organic Chemistry; S.Chand and
	Company, New Delhi, twenty third edition, 2012.
	2. P.L.Soni, H.M.Chawla, Text Book of Organic Chemistry;
	Sultan Chand & sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.
	3. P.L.Soni, Mohan Katyal, Text book of Inorganic chemistry;
	Sultan Chand and Company, New Delhi, twentieth edition, 2007.
	4. B.R.Puri, L.R.Sharma, M.S.Pathania, Text book Physical
	Chemistry; Vishal Publishing Co., New Delhi, forty seventh
	edition, 2018.
	5. B.K,Sharma, Industrial Chemistry; GOEL publishing house, Meerut, sixteenth edition, 2014.
	Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
-	he course the students should be able to
	IUPAC name for complex, different theories to explain the bonding in on compounds and water technology.
	preparation and property of carbohydrate.
	biological role of transition metals, amino acids and nucleic acids.
	onstrate the electrochemistry principles in corrosion, electroplating and fuel
cells.	various type of photochemical process

**CO 5:** outline the various type of photochemical process.

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3

Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to PSOs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

СО /РО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
C01	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PO's and CO's

## Allied Chemistry Model Question paper

(For Bot. and Zoo)

Second Year IV Semester

## SECTION A – $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

## Answer ALL questions

1. Give the IUPAC names of  $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2+}$  and  $[Ni(CO)_4]$ .

2. Writeanytwodisadvantagesofhardwater.

3. Writetheringstructuresofglucoseandfructose.

4. How carbohydrates are classified?

5. Giveonemethodofpreparationofalanine.

6. Write one biological role of Copper.

- 7. Define standard Electrode potential.
- 8. What are fuel cells?
- 9. Define Quantum yield.
- 10. State Stark-Einstein's Law.

#### SECTION B – $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

### Answer ALL questions

11. a. Write an account on the biological role of hemoglobin and chlorophyll.

(or)

- b. Write a note on BOD and COD.
- 12. a. Discuss inter-conversion of glucose into fructose and vice versa.

(or)

b. Write a short note on properties of Sucrose.

13. a. Differentiate between DNA and RNA.

(or)

- b. Discussthe biological role of trace elements Zn and Fe.
- 14. a. Elaborate the preventive methods of corrosion.

#### (or)

### b. How ionic product of water is determined by conductometric method?

## 15. a. Discuss and differentiate between phosphorescence and fluorescence.

#### (or)

b. Write short note on photosensitization and photosynthesis.

## SECTION C – $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

### Answer any THREE questions

### 16. Explain in detail how hardness of water is determined using EDTA method?

- 17. Discuss the preparation and properties of Cellulose.
- 18. Explain Bergmann method of synthesis of peptides.
- 19. What are buffer solutions and discuss its biological applications.
- 20. Explain the mechanism and kinetics of photochemical reaction between hydrogen and chloride.

Title of the									
Course	CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL FOR PHYSICAL AND BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES								
	(for Mathematics and Physics – I Year/I Semester; for								
	Botany and Zoology II Year/III Semester)								
Paper No.	Generic l	Elective V	v	01			,		
Category	Generic	Year	I/ II	Credits	1	Cours			
	Elective	Semeste r	I/III						
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab F	Practice		Total			
hours per week	-	-	2			2			
Prerequisites									
Objectives of the	This	course aims	s to prov	vide knowl	edge o	on the			
course	• ba	isics of prep	aration	of solution	IS.				
	• pr	inciples and	l practic	al experier	nce of	volume	etric analysis	5	
Course Outline	VOLUM	ETRIC AN	ALYSI	S					
	1	. Estimatio	n of soc	dium hydro	oxide u	ising st	andard sodiu	ım	
		carbonate		-		U			
	2	. Estimatio	n of hy	drochloric	acid us	sing sta	andard oxali	c acid.	
	3	. Estimatio	n of fer	rous sulpha	ate usi	ng stan	dard Mohr's	salt.	
	4	. Estimatio	n of ox	alic acid us	sing sta	andard	ferrous sulp	hate.	
	5	. Estimatio hydroxida	-	tassium per	rmanga	anate u	sing standar	d sodium	
	6	. Estimatio	n of ma	ignesium u	sing E	DTA.			
	7	. Estimatio	n of fer	rous ion us	sing di	phenyl	amine as in	dicator.	
Reference Books							elu, Basic ad edition, 19	-	
Course Learning C On completion of t CO 1: gain an under CO 2: design, carry CO 3: apply their sk CO4: analyze the ch	the course t rstanding of out, record kill in the an	he students the use of s and interpre alysis of wa	s <b>should</b> tandard et the re tter/harc	be able to flask and sults of vol lness.	o volum lumetri			te.	
CO /PSO		PSO1		PSO2	PS	<b>SO3</b>	PSO4	PSO5	
CO1		3		3		3	3	3	
CO2		3		3		3	3	3	
CO3		3		3		3	3	3	
CO4		3		3		3	3	3	

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

СО /РО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
C01	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	12	12	12	12	12
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PO's and CO's

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# SCHEME OF VALUATION CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL FOR PHYSICAL AND BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

1

(for Mathematics and Physics – I Year/I Semester; for Botany and Zoology II Year/III Semester)

Internal assessment: 25 Marks External assessment: 75 marks Total: 100 marks Max. Marks: 75 Record: 15 Marks Volumetric Analysis: 60 Marks

## Volumetric Analysis : 60 Marks (Maximum)

Short Procedure : 10 Marks Error upto 2 % : 50 Marks 2 to 3 % : 40 Marks 3 to 4 % : 30 Marks 4 to 5 % : 20 Marks > 5 % : 10 Marks Arithmetic error : Deduct 1 mark Wrong calculation : Deduct 20 % of marks scored No calculation : Deduct 40 % of marks scored

Title of the Course		CHEMIST	FRV PR	RACTICA	LFO	DR PHYSICAL	AND	
	CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL FOR PHYSICAL AND BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES							
		(For Mathe				I year/II semest	er: For	
		•		·		ar/IV semester)		
Paper No.	Generic	Elective VI					-	
Category	Generi	Year	I/ II	Credits	1	Course Code		
	c Electiv	Semester	II/IV					
Instructional	e Lecture	Tutorial	Lah F	Practice		Total		
hours per week	-		2	Tactice		2		
Prerequisites			2			2		
Objectives of the	This	course aims	s to prov	vide know	ledge	on		
course			-					
		entification						
	• di	fferent types	s of orga	anic comp	ound	s with respect to	their properties.	
	• de	etermination	of elen	nents in or	ganic	compounds		
	SYSTEMATIC ANALYSIS OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
	The analy	sis must be	carried	out as foll	ows:			
			•	•	-	ol, acids (mono		
		-	-			no & di), aldehyd	le and glucose].	
						Halogens).		
			-		-	natic and aromati	-	
		(d) To dis	stinguis	h – Satura	ted a	nd unsaturated co	ompounds.	
Reference Books	V Venka	iteswaran,	R.Veera	asamy A	RK	ulandaivelu, B	asic Principles	
NCICICIUC DUUKS		,				is, Second edition	1	
			- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				,	
Course Learning O			0			)		
<b>On completion of t</b> CO 1: gain an under						natric ninattas h	uratta	
CO 1: gain an under CO 2: design, carry	•							
CO 2: design, carry CO 3: apply their sk					iunic	une unauon.		
CO4: analyze the ch					oduct	S		
				L				

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
C01	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	12	12	12	12	12
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to PSOs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

СО /РО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
C01	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	12	12	12	12	12
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Level of Correlation between PO's and CO's

# SCHEME OF VALUATION CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL FOR PHYSICAL AND BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

1

(For Mathematics and Physics – I year/II semester; For Botany and Zoology II year/IV semester)

Internal assessment: 25 Marks External assessment: 75 marks Total: 100 marks Max. Marks: 75 Record: 15 Marks Organic Analysis: 60 Marks

Organic Analysis: 60 Marks Preliminary Test: 8 Marks Aliphatic or Aromatic: 7 Marks Saturated or unsaturated: 7 Marks Tests for elements: 9 Marks Confirmation Tests: 12 Marks Functional groups: 10 Marks

Derivative/Coloured reaction: 7 Marks.

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#### DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

1

## **PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES**

#### On successful completion of the programme the students will be able to

- **PSO1**: acquire in-depth knowledge of the fundamental concepts in all disciplines of chemistry.
- **PSO2**: disseminate the basics of chemistry and advanced topics and analytical skills in organic, inorganic and physical chemistry.
- PSO3: uphold ethical values in personal life, research and career.
- **PSO4:** demonstrate laboratory skills, analytical acumen, creatively in academics and research.
- **PSO5:** apply digital tools to collect, analyze and interpret data and presents cientific findings.
- **PSO6:** gain competence to pursue higher education and career opportunities in chemistry and allied fields.
- **PSO7:** exhibit leadership qualities to work individually and within a team in organizing curricular, co-curricular and extracurricular activities.
- **PSO8:** apply the concepts of chemistry to solve problems in the community, entrepreneurial and research pursuits.
- **PSO9:** exhibit competence in educational, industrial and research pursuits that contribute towards the holistic development of self and community.
- **PSO10:** display proactive approach towards sustainable environment through green laboratory practices.

PSOs	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
POs										
PO1	X									
PO2		X								
PO3			X							
PO4				X						
PO5					X					
PO6						X				
PO7							X			
PO8								X		
PO9									X	
PO10										X

**PO-PSO MAPPING MATRIX:** 

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